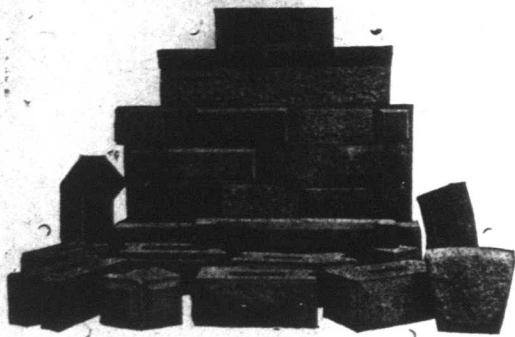


THE NAPANEE

Vol. L No 44 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA



JOY'S Brick and Block Yard.

Now is the time to build and make your repairs, while material is cheap and plentiful. JOY & SON have a large stock on hand, and are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice, for Brick, Concrete Blocks, and all kinds of Ornamental Stone for verandah construction.

A Full Line of Sewer and Drain Tile on Hand.

Well Curbing for all size wells. - We build a fireproof and indestructible Chimney which any handy man can put in place. - We wholesale and retail Portland Cement. Special prices in car lots. - Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings. Give us a call. Office and factory near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

THE NEW SANITARY MEAT MARKET

opposite Town Hall.

Everything spotless and clean.
Choice western beef always in stock.
Beef all government inspected.
Choice spring lamb and mutton; veal and pork and home-made lard.
Choice line of cooked meat, jellied beef, jellied pork, veal, ham and tongue, veal and tongue, roasted ham, boiled ham, and English corn beef - all government inspected.
Fearman's hams and bacon.
Davies hams and bacon.
Fowler's hams and bacon.

Prompt delivery.

A. KELLY.

Phone 135. 15th

Grass and Clover Seed Wanted

ALSO APPLES

Wholesale and retail - foot of West Street.

Prices from 20c to 60c per cwt.

Thos. Symington.

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-Law was passed by the Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on the fourth day of September, A. D., 1911, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of \$3500.00 for the purpose of purchasing for Public School Section No. 6, of the said Township of Sheffield, a new school site and erecting thereon a new school house and furnishing the same according to law, and that such By-Law was registered in the Registry Office of the County of Lennox and Addington, on the fifth day of September, A. D., 1911.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same, or any part thereof, must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the sixth day of September, A. D., 1911, and first published in the Napanee Express newspaper, (published at Napanee) on Friday, 8th September, 1911.

39 c m

JAS. AYLSWORTH,

Clerk of the said Township of Sheffield.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Alice Augusta Baxter, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 120, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Alice Augusta Baxter, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, who died on or about the 28th day of July, A. D. 1911, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Esq., Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the Administrator of the estate of the said Alice Augusta Baxter, deceased, on or before the 15th day of October, A. D. 1911, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he has not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the said Administrator.

Dated the 20th day of September, 1911. 41d

MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Members of the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, Meet to Report the Work of the past year and deliberate and plan for the future success of this Organization.

The 17th annual convention of the Napanee District was held at Hawley Church, Wednesday, Oct. 4th, 1911, and was attended by delegates from nearly every auxiliary in the District, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather in the morning.

The devotional exercises were conducted by the Hawley Auxiliary. The organizer, Mrs. Vallean, of Morven, then took the chair and addressed a few words of greeting to all assembled. Then followed the appointment of committees: For Secretary, Mrs. J. B. Miller, Morven; Press Reporters, Mrs. Joe Hawley, Hawley, for the Beaver, and Miss Charters, Sillsville, for the Express, and for the Courtesy Committee, Mrs. D. Rikley, Sillsville, and Mrs. Kaylor, Morven.

Reports of Auxiliaries, circles, and bands, since the first of May, were in many respects encouraging.

Miss A. Garrison followed with a solo, and Miss Louise Creighton a recitation. Mrs. E. Kaylor was appointed to convey Greetings of the Convention to the Epworth League Missionary Banquet in Napanee Western Church that evening.

The Provincial Sunday School Convention to be held in Brockville this week was alluded to (as it meets one hundred years since the first Sunday School was organized in that town) by the chairman and Miss Hawley, of Belleville, and Mrs. Vallean reminded us that our society's history should be preserved for reporting if required in years to come, and how could it be when we only have a Secretary appointed for the day of convention. This led to the appointment of Miss Hawley, Belleville, to gather up the threads of history for the 17 years past of the Napanee District.

Mrs. Robertson, of Sillsville, read the address of welcome which was prepared by her sister, Mrs. C. B. Huffman, Hawley, and who was ill in Kingston hospital, which was as follows:

It is an annual privilege for some one of our auxiliaries to entertain the

\$10.00 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid by the Hay Bay Game Protective Association to any party giving information that will lead to the conviction of any party or parties guilty of violating the game laws of the Province, or the rules and regulations of the Association. This also applies to non-members shooting in the preserve without a permit. We also want persons shooting within prohibited hours.

41d

BY ORDER

WANTED

A live representative for Napanee and surrounding district to sell high class stock for

The Fonthill Nurseries

More fruit trees will be planted in this fall of 1911 and spring of 1912 than ever before in the history of Ontario.

officers, representatives and visitors in attendance at our District Convention. This year it is Hawley Auxiliary that says to you in all sincerity, how glad we are to have you with us, especially glad as this celebrates the twentieth anniversary of our organization. At that time there were only four charter members, viz; Mrs. P. Z. Detlor, Mrs. C. B. Huffman, Mrs. C. Hawley, and later Mrs. C. Asselstine. We have now attained a membership of twenty-eight. Again we are glad because it is good to see your happy faces and to be privileged to meet with you and talk over the work, spiritual good and coming possibilities of this grand organization. We want you to feel that this is not a formal address of welcome for formality and coldness is not a part, holds not a share in the work of evangelizing the world for Christ. But we feel it a pleasure to be drawn together because we are doing things, we get them done, finish up, start something else and do it, but keep things going. This, we believe, is the main purpose and object of our Conventions, Branch Meetings, Board Meetings, etc. We come together to learn something of our sister societies, their progress and encouragements, also their failures and discouragements. To fairly speak we believe the foremost discouragements in all our Auxiliaries are the uninterested members, the one who pays merely her dollar membership and the small attendance. It is these points that require our prayerful attention. Another is the number of women in our churches and localities who are not members or in any way identified with the work, but we must look at it like Anne of Green Gables when repeatedly chastised by Marilla for her numerous mistakes, and she told her to think of all the mistakes she hadn't made. So we must think of the number of women we have as members and workers. It is really enticing to take part or listen to the ways and means discussed to make our auxiliaries successful and interesting, to develop us spiritually, to enlighten us on many points of giving, and to gain knowledge and needs of the various phases of the work. If the W. M. S. organization had only for its labor the raising our heathen sisters' standard of moral living, humanity, woman for woman, it would be a worthy cause and noble work; but beyond all this and undermining all comes the spiritual life, the great command 'Go ye,' or 'send' to teach Christ crucified to all nations, and to this end we meet together, plan together, labor together and pray together. You have come among us expecting a profitable day and to carry back to your auxiliaries something that may serve as an impetus to greater zeal and effort in the work. Then again the additional pleasure, we bid you welcome along with unstinted measure of 'The cup that is full to overflowing,' with success in your auxiliaries, circles and bands represented here and we trust when you go away it will be with pleasant and profitable memories of the District Convention, held at Hawley, Oct. 4th, 1911.

In the absence of Mrs. (Dr.) Maybee, Odessa, who was to reply, the organizer made a few remarks. It was moved, seconded and carried that a letter of sympathy be written by the Secretary and forwarded to Mrs. Huffman. The convention then adjourned for the noon recess. Refreshments abundantly and of the first quality were served by the entertaining auxiliary. At 2 o'clock the afternoon session

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LSU APPLES
 of this reg- foot of West Street.
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Prices from 20c to 60c per cwt.

Thos. Symington.

Lanterns for Dark Nights.

There is always a chance for improvements in lanterns. This year's lantern is far in advance of any year. See the new ones at

BOYLE & SON'S.

day of October 14, 1911, the said administrator will proceed to distribute the claims and demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he has not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the said Administrator.

Dated the 20th day of September, 1911. 41d

Good Pickling Spices.

All kinds of pickle spices at Wallace's Drug Store. Fruit Vinegar, 30c gallon, proof vinegar, 40c gallon, pickle bottle corks, all sizes. Jar rings 5c dozen, the thick red perfect ring, 10c doz. Preserving powder, 10c package. Everything fresh and good at Wallace's.

A live representative for Napanee and surrounding district to sell high class stock for

The Fonhill Nurseries

More fruit trees will be planted in this fall of 1911 and spring of 1912 than ever before in the history of Ontario.

The orchard of the future will be the best paying part of the farm.

We teach our men salesmanship, tree culture and how big profits in fruit growing can be made.

Pay weekly, permanent employment, exclusive territory.

Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

Toronto, Ont.

Odessa, who was to reply, the organizer made a few remarks.

It was moved, seconded and carried that a letter of sympathy be written by the Secretary and forwarded to Mrs. Huffman.

The convention then adjourned for the noon recess. Refreshments abundantly and of the first quality were served by the entertaining auxiliary.

At 2 o'clock the afternoon session opened with a memorial and consecration service, led by Mrs. E. Kaylor in the absence of Mrs. (Rev.) Garrett.

The Secretary read the minutes of the morning session and Mrs. I. Asselstine gave a solo.

Mrs. Geo. I. Perry then read an illustration on Systematic Giving. (A true story) of how a wage-earner, on an income of \$8.00 per week and kept a wife and family, which clearly proved that God intended everybody to honor Him with our tithes and offerings. Miss Hawley, Belleville, led in a discussion on the subject, giving some of her experiences and of others whom she had come in contact with since she began tithing. Miss Hawley also expressed her joy at seeing so many children in attendance and of the fact of the public school being closed for the day and the teacher and scholars present.

An exercise by the Little Light Bearers, of Hawley, was very pleasing, the boys and girls did credit to themselves and instructors.

A duet by Mr. and Mrs. S. Smith, and an invitation to hold our next convention at Odessa was accepted and the report of the Courtesy Committee and the repeating of the Lord's Prayer in concert, brought to a close one of the best, and in some respects the best convention in our District Society.

Special mention must be made of the music. The solos and duets were sweetly rendered and from very suitable selections and recitations, also the collections that totalled \$35.00.

MR. BORDEN'S OBLIGATIONS

Or Ten Commandments.

To establish separate schools in Manitoba for support given him by the Roman Catholics of that province.

To acknowledge the French Roman Catholic party of Ontario, by endorsing the Whitney protection.

To please the Navy Bill. Quebec Nationalists, who co-operated with the Roman Church of that Province, to sacrifice Sir Wilfrid Laurier, because he placed State above church—demand it.

To protect the Farmers' Bank stockholders by making the people at large pay the amount of the double liability.

To place a bonus on steel rods for the benefit of the Iron Companies of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Sault Ste. Marie—his backers in late election.

To increase duties for benefit of all industrials—iron, steel, cement, packers, cannery, and others.

To protect all special privileges pertaining to telegraph, telephone, and express companies, and fortify and extend same.

To not introduce any parcel post legislation to affect the express companies present monopoly at expense of the people. Railways all own their own express companies.

To try and coerce the mother country by further scheme of preference into taxing their people on food products for the benefit of this Canada and to further assure our loyalty and to put our people for refusing to extend markets for our agriculturalists.

To hands off Ne Temere decree. This is for the Premiers of each province to handle and ignore. Oh, Farmers! Oh, Orangemen!

Hair Dye.

We have the "old fashioned hair restorer" that restores the hair to its natural color. It is not a nitrate of silver dye that shows on the hair so everybody can see that the hair has been dyed, but a "color restorer". It is put up in \$1.00 bottles, and can be procured in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store—The Rexall Agency.

If purchase proves Unsatisfactory in any way at any time we make it RIGHT

SNAPS

SAT. OCT. 14

WATCH FOR THE STUPENDOUS SILK UNDERSKIRT SALE

WOOL SOCKS

Another 20 dozen Penman's Heavy Wool Socks Last chance **12 1-2**

FLEECE UNDERWEAR

Women's White Fleece, best grades, only, worth 50c. Snap... **39**

BENGALINE SILK TIES

In 14 shades. Most popular wear. Sold everywhere for 50c..... **29**

WHITE FLANNEL

ETTE

300 YARDS ONLY 36 INCHES WIDE

8

CENTS THE YARD

WHITE FLANNELETTE

3 pieces only best grade 12 1/2c. White Flannelette Saturday, only **10**

BRAND NEW RAIN COATS

For women and men. Guaranteed Splendid Assortment Reduced... **15 Cent**

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

Broadway, T & D, Sanford, and all best makes. On every one we save you **\$5**

WHIRLWIND STORE, Napanee

T. & D. Clothes for Men.

Better Grades Only.

from that Y In this well comes. It is our ac which by a st ity and accom We you wi and fit shape. We to pay and, to be e Hopi with u

W. J.

See c Paul's

R. L.

The new Cs follows day :

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W. J

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Hon.

Robe

T. W

Hon.

Marine

S. H

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F. E

Works.

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Railway

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THE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY
finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.
M. S. MADOLE

NADA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1911

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

Medium Weight Underwear

It's time to change to medium weight underwear. These mornings and evenings you awake to the fact that your Underwear is a little thin. Change to a medium weight Underwear of Heavy Weight Cotton, Merino, or Light Wool.

All Sizes for Men of all proportions 50c to \$1.50

Our Underwear is bought from the most reliable manufacturers in Canada and you will find it just as represented.

Light Grey Merino, in all sizes, at 50c.

Cotton fleece lined in a good wearing cover at 50c.

Light weight natural wool at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Combination Suits in light and medium weight wool, at \$1.50 and \$2.50.

Our space here will not allow a full description of our different lines, but if there's anything in Underwear that you want "we have it."

J. L. BOYES,

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Contract at Once and Get Better Prices.

We are offering to make contracts at once for all kinds of produce for the season of 1912, and as an inducement for present contracts we will give, on Tomatoes, a special price of 30 cents per bushel, Corn, Peas, and Beans the same price as paid this season.

We are anxious to close all our contracts as soon as possible which will be decidedly better for the growers as you can then make a selection of the land you will use and have same well fitted up and put in shape this fall, which is very necessary for good results. It will also enable the Company by knowing the amount of seed required to secure same early and thus get a better quality which is always our aim.

We would also advise putting inside from the hot bed soil for the hot beds so that you can get same started early. In this way you will have your plants well advanced when setting time comes.

It is our intention to largely increase our acreage in all lines for next year, which we will be able to take care of by a still larger increase in our capacity and buildings and by furnishing

COURT OF ASSIZE.

Opened in the Court House, on Monday, His Lordship, Mr. Justice Clute, presiding.

GRAND JURY REPORT.

To His Lordship, Mr. Justice Clute:

We, the grand jurors of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the present assizes beg leave to report as follows:

We have visited the gaol and found therein four prisoners.

The premises appear to be well kept and clean and in a sanitary condition.

We congratulate your Lordship upon your apparent good health and trust you may be spared many years to occupy your high position.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. J. COOK, Foreman.
GRAND JURY.

J. A. Brown
J. W. Courtney
R. A. Gilmore
W. A. Hutchins
S. Mackinaw
A. C. Parks
S. J. Cook, Foreman.

Oscar Chatson
Chas. Forward
Z. A. Grooms
Geo. E. Huffman
J. P. Mellow
J. N. Wagar

PETIT JURY.

C. A. Anderson
Harry Ballard
Chas. Black
H. W. Brown
John Cassidy
Frank Collins
W. A. Daly
John Dickson
Alf. Filson
Thos. Foster
Ebenezer Fretts
Robt. D. Glenn
Jas. J. Graham
Geo. Ham
Jno. M. Hambly
Thos. Huff
Thos. W. Jackson
Oray Lee
Jas. R. Miller
J. H. McCormick
Milton Parrott
Jno. D. Sharp
D. L. Snider
Sam Wainsley

Harry Ames
Martin Benn
Jas. Breckenridge
H. F. Card
A. F. Chinneck
Wm. Covert
Amos Denison
G. H. Fenwick
Simeon Fortin
Schuyler French
J. W. Galbraith
Wm. Goodman
Menzo Grooms
Jno. Hambly
Robt. Hawkins
Geo. W. Jackson
Reuben Keller
Edmon. Marquardt
Geo. W. McCabe
Jas. McIlwaine
D. H. Robinson
Murray Sherman
Geo. A. Stinson
G. A. Wartman.

The action brought by John W. Freeman against the Bank of Montreal, was postponed until the non jury sittings in November.

Slater vs Slater—An action for alimony brought by Hannah A. Slater against her husband, W. J. Slater, both of the Township of Denbigh. The plaintiff, Mrs. Slater, got judgment for \$1000 with interest at 5%, to be secured by a mortgage on the home-stand farm.

Withers vs Town of Napanee and J. W. Lytton—An action for damages sustained by Mrs. Withers in tripping over a pipe on the crossing on Dundas street and east of Centre street. Judgment for plaintiff for \$500 damages and county court costs without set off.

The only criminal case was that of **The King vs Peter Sherman Wagar**. The grand jury brought in a verdict against the prisoner and the following jury were impanelled to try the case: Thos. Foster, Simeon Fortin, Robt. A. Gunn, J. M. Hanley, Alf. Filson, H. F. Card, C. A. Anderson, Reuben Keller, John Dickson, G. A. Wartman, Thos. W. Jackson, Geo. W. Jackson.

The prisoner was accused of having on the 24th day of May, committed rape on the person of Margaret Doyle, spinster, of Camden, and of having abused her in a particularly brutal manner. The jury brought in a ver-

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Posts, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. 'Phone 14

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.
Money to loan.
Telephones—Office 91, Residence 132.

100 GIRLS WANTED.

\$5.00 Per Week

to commence with for girls eighteen and over. Apply at once

D. S. PERRIN & CO., Limited,
44-m London, Ont.

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable houses on Bridge street east. Apply to G. B. JOY.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—Store occupied by the undersigned. Apply to F. CHINNECK.

WANTED—Good six or seven room house, modern conveniences. Address P. O. BOX 376, DESERONTO. (No children).

APPRENTICE WANTED—Good smart, quiet boy to learn the barber trade. Apply to J. A. FERGUSON, King Edward Barber Shop.

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE.

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Elevator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont.

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 21, electric light, hard and soft water, a splendid property at low price. Apply to M. PIZZARELLO.

FOR SALE—The Willett Arms Forest Mills, 60 acres, part of 100, in the 8th concession of Richmond Township, building and both land, and more. Will sell right as owner has moved to the Northwest. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 526, Grange Block, Napanee.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN.

Veteran Land Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated
MULHOLLAND & CO.,
8-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

DOXSEE & CO.

Arriving Daily--

New Hats, New
New Plumes, New
Trimmings, New
Ribbons,

in all the popular designs and shades.

Golf Jackets, in plain and fancy color and styles, for ladies.

Ladies' and Children's Wool Toppies, all shades.

Aviation Caps in all the leading
Ladies' Underwear in wool
in high neck and long sleeves

Capital Paid up
Reserve Fund
Profits
Total Deposits by the
Total Assets
Travellers and Commercial
Credit issued available through

We would also advise putting inside from the soil for the hot beds so that you get same started early. In this way you will have your plants well advanced when setting time comes.

It is our intention to largely increase our acreage in all lines for next year, which we will be able to take care of by a still larger increase in our capacity and buildings and by furnishing accommodation for the workers which we will bring in from outside.

We ask you to decide how much you will grow for the coming year and fit your land in the best possible shape this fall.

We also are ready at any time now to pay you for this season's produce, and, when doing so, we would also like to be prepared to close a contract.

Hoping to have all our old growers with us again and as many new ones.

We remain,

Yours truly,

NAPANEE CANNING CO.,

W. A. CARSON, Manager.

44.b.

See our beautiful pianos at A. E. Paul's book and music store, Napanee.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

R. L. BORDEN'S CABINET.

The selection of the material for the new Cabinet is completed, and is as follows. They were sworn in on Tuesday:

R. L. Borden, Premier and President of the Council.

Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture.

Dr. J. D. Reid, Minister of Customs.

W. T. White, Minister of Finance.

W. B. Nantel, Minister of Inland Revenues.

Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice.

Robert Rogers, Minister of Interior.

T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

S. Hughes, Minister of Militia.

L. P. Pelletier, Postmaster-General.

F. D. Monk, Minister of Public Works.

Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Railways and Canals.

Dr. W. J. Roche, Secretary of State.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce.

A. E. Kemp, Geo. Perley, and Senator J. A. Lougheed, Ministers without portfolio.



EDNA MARSHALL

Leading Woman with "The Squaw Man" which will be seen at the Brisco opera house on Tuesday night, October 17th.

Simon Foster
Thos. Forster
Robt. A. Gunn
A. J. Wilson
C. A. Anderson
John Dickson
Thos. W. Jackson
Geo. W. Jackson.
The prisoner was accused of having on the 24th day of May, committed rape on the person of Margaret Doyle, spinster, of Camden, and of having abused her in a particularly brutal manner. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty and His Lordship sentenced the prisoner to penitentiary for life. This is Wagar's second conviction on a similar charge, he having served a term in penitentiary for a previous offense.

THE OUTGOING LEGISLATURE

The Provincial House, which will be dissolved in the course of about a week, has been in existence since June 8, 1908. On that day the Administration of Sir James Whitney was returned to power with a following of 87, Hon. A. G. MacKay, the Opposition leader, having but 18 supporters. One Labor representative made up a House of 106 members.

At the present time the standing of the parties is:—Conservatives 78, Liberals 17, Labor 1. Eight Conservatives and one Liberal resigned to contest Federal constituencies. Hon. Frank Cochrane resigned to accept a portfolio under Premier Borden, and one supporter of the Government, Mr. S. J. Fox of West Victoria, was called by death.

BELL ROCK.

The weather is fine here this week and the "fall work" on the farms is progressing rapidly.

There is joy in the house of Wm. Moir; another boy.

W. Brooks is laid up with a lame arm.

Peter Tallon an aged resident of this place is very ill with very little hope of recovery.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Yorke, Marlbank, and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Amey, Moscow, at J. Yorke's; Mr. and Mrs. W. Drew, Long Lake, at G. M. Sanborn's; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Yorke, Verona at J. Pomeroy's.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Rural Dean Jones, Tamworth, has been appointed district chaplain of No. 14, Frontenac district, A. F. & A. M.

The religious standing of the new Conservative cabinet at Ottawa is as follows: Anglicans, Borden, Hazen, Perley, Rogers, Roche, Burrell and Lougheed. Methodists are Cochrane, Crothers, Kemp, White, Hughes and Reid. Roman Catholics are Monk, Pelletier, Nantel, and Doherty. Foster is a Baptist.

Fifty agricultural societies throughout the province already have applied for insurance under the new provincial regulations by which fall fairs are insured against rain. At the last session of the legislature, \$70,000 was voted, and the government contributed \$5,000 a year to provide for insurance. By paying a premium each year, the fall fair associations are entitled to receive fifty per cent of the average receipts for three years in case rain reduces or prevents attendance at the fairs.

Horse Blankets.

Your horse should now have a blanket and it pays to buy good. We have them at reasonable prices.

B65

Forest Mills, 50 acres, part of the 8th concession of Richmond, Ontario, and 100 acres of land, will sell right as owner has no more. The North-west. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 516, Grange Block, Napanee. 171f

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A square 200 acre farm of first-class clay loam, 190 acres of which is work land and ten acres of timber. This farm is well watered, well fenced, clear of foul weeds, free of stone, and under good cultivation. Good orchard, Post office, blacksmith shop, and general store in corner of farm. Quarter mile from Marysville station, close to school and churches. Good brick house, and three frame barns and drive house. Apply to BERNARD MCGUINNIS, Marysville, Ont. 37dp-t-f

MARYSVILLE.

Quite a snow storm visited this place on Friday night but it failed to stay long enough for one to have a sleighride.

A number are suffering from severe colds.

Miss M. Black, Shannonville, spent Sunday with Mrs. McGurn and son.

Misses Marie Traynor and N. Mullin spent Saturday in two of our nearby towns.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Murphy, Lonsdale spent Sunday at her father's, Mr. B. McGuinness.

Mr. S. Campbell and men have completed their work on the road for this year.

Capital Paid up

Reserve Fund and

Profits.....

Total Deposits by the

Total Assets.....

Travellers and Commercial

Credit issued available throughout the world.

G. P. REIFFENSTEIN,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,900,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Yarker F. W. CLARKE, Mgr.

Branch.

Napanee Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

"For old acquaintance sake," is all right sometimes BUT NOT IN BUSINESS.

Ask your dealer for the

DOMINION MATCH.



The Dominion Match Co. Limited

NORTHERN

HEAD OFF

Capital (authorized) \$6,000

President

Vice President

Jas. H. Asplund

Hon. J.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Recent events in Great Britain have shown that the municipal ownership of street railways does not prevent labor disputes. In Glasgow, that shining example of the beauties of municipal ownership, there was a serious strike of the car men, attended by destructive rioting. There was a similar strike in Liverpool which lasted long after other disputes had been settled.

All which, says the London Spectator, shows that municipalization provides a special provocation to labor disturbances. It argues that as long as an enterprise is privately managed, the employees know that there is a limit to the extent to which wages can be raised. But where an industry is "nationalized" or municipalized the question of profit practically disappears. The employees argue that no matter how much they may demand the money will be forthcoming from the public purse. And as most of them are voters they can bring electoral pressure to bear to back up their demands.

Herein the Spectator finds what it considers the most conclusive argument against extending the sphere of government activity by nationalizing the railways. It admits that state owned railways are a success in Prussia and India, but in both cases the democratic elements which the Spectator regards as fatal to successful state management are absent.

An anonymous autobiography appears this autumn bearing the title "A Woman Alone," and telling in a candid, straightforward and unimaginative manner the story of an orphan who worked her way through an academy, afterward supported herself for ten years and finally married and went west with her husband. The book is a significant one, for the reason that it punctures the complaisant theory of many courageous women that a woman can get on as well alone as with the assistance of a man. In fact, were one to extract the essence of this confession it would solve itself into the inquiry: "Is there for woman to marry any man who wishes to marry her to fight her battle?"

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THE FARM

Useful Hints for the Tiller of the Soil

POTASH FOR WHEAT.

There is an impression among the farmers generally that a fertilizer should be especially rich in potash. One cause of this is no doubt from the marked effect that wood ashes has on most soils, writes Mr. A. J. Legg.

A liberal application of wood ashes shows an improvement in crop production on almost any soil. This is usually attributed to the potash contained in the ashes.

An analysis of the ashes usually shows from four to five times as much lime as potash in the ashes, since wood ashes usually contain from five to eight per cent. of potash, 35 to 40 per cent. lime and about two per cent. of phosphoric acid.

The marked effect that wood ashes has on almost all plants of the leguminous family seems to indicate that the lime in the ashes has more influence in making the ashes valuable as a fertilizer than the potash does.

Last year our fertilizer dealer put in a bag of fertilizer containing ten per cent. phosphoric acid and six per cent. of potash at the same price as the goods I was buying, which was a fourteen per cent. available phosphoric acid goods on condition that I would use it on wheat and compare them, side by side.

I put the bag of fertilizer which contained the potash in my grain drill, and when it ran out I continued with the superphosphate containing fourteen per cent. available phosphoric acid without changing the quantity per acre.

There was no perceptible difference in the growth of the wheat during the growing season. The wheat ripened by June 25th. There was no difference in the time of ripening. I could see little or any difference between the wheat with and that without the potash.

I showed the wheat to several farmers and all agreed that if there was any difference between the two plots that it was in favor of the wheat where the fourteen per cent. phosphoric acid without potash was applied.

I have not threshed and cannot give exact results, but it is a plain case that the \$3.00 per ton which I would have had to pay for the potash would have been a clear loss so far as results on the wheat crop were concerned.

Both kinds of fertilizer were used so that both plots extended over a dark loamy soil with some sand at one end and a rather stiff yellowish clay soil at the other end.

It is usually considered that a loamy soil is not as well supplied with potash as a clay soil, yet the potash applied did not show any improvement over the other fertilizer in the loamy soil.

NOTES OF THE SHEEP FOLD.

Ensilage is not considered good for sheep and if it is fed at all it should be fed very sparingly and at intervals of two or three days.

Turnips, carrots and sugar beets make fine feed for sheep and no matter how small the flock is every farmer should raise some roots for the winter feeding.

Sheep do not drink much water, but what little there is drunk must be absolutely clean.

Some people assert that sheep do not drink water at all, but it may be because they do not have a chance to get clean water and must subsist on the dew on the grass.

NOTES OF THE DAIRY.

The busy bacteria gets busy in the milk almost at the moment it is drawn from the cow.

To squelch the bacteria and prevent them from souring the milk it must be cooled immediately after milking.

Bacteria do not thrive in the cold but in heat only. If you keep your milk below 40 degrees the bacteria will have small chance.

The dairy cannot be managed just right without the use of a thermometer, and it must be a good one, no 25 cent affair.

Green fodder at the tail end of the summer is relished by cows as ice cream is relished by the school children.

for the few shillings weekly, which, with a pension, maintained herself and a widowed mother. They were in like case, for his old mother depended on him alone for the maintenance of their modest home.

Minnie's mother was ailing. In a few months the tie would probably be broken. Another ten shillings a week would mean that his own mother might find a devoted daughter.

The thought, and, the belief, that on this red-letter day the chief would surely be more approachable, urged his sluggish mind to decision. When presently the morning's correspondence had been distributed, and the manager had returned from his tour of the departments, he ventured to follow him to his own

moonstruck, staring vision before him; then his hand rose slowly to finger the texture of the garment. The discovery of a letter-case in the breast-pocket sent him stumbling towards a lamp. Slowly he withdrew his hand and gazed on the find, with consternation writ large on his face.

It was a neat russet leather affair, carrying the initials of the owner—H. O. T. The gilt letters danced curiously in his vision as he glared wide-eyed. At the enormity of his offence his mouth came slowly agape. The next instant he had started back in his tracks at a run.

Breathless and perspiring, he reached the hotel, to find that the manager had left in his car but a couple of minutes earlier, without, apparently, having discovered the mistake; and, because he did not wish to court the chaffing of his fellows, he slipped away again without giving an explanation. In the street he stayed undecided as to whether he should follow the car, but the fact that the journey meant a walk of six miles, and the fear that the old lady would be worrying at his protracted absence, finally turned him homewards.

But Jimmy had said his last word.

He reached the office on the stroke next morning, to find the manager waiting for him. Mr. Tims usually arrived at 9.30. This morning he had turned up before the clerks. He had been making inquiries. Jimmy, with the coat over his arm, met his steely eye immediately on entering, and slowly advanced towards him, with a sheepish look on his face and a stammering apology on his lips.

"Come into my room, Mudge," commanded the manager.

It was quite evident that he was controlling himself with some effort.

"Well, sir?" he remarked, with a sour smile, when the door had banged. "Perhaps you'll be good enough to explain."

Jimmy placed the coat carefully over a chair. He had no doubt of what to expect. Apologies would be but wasted breath. He believed that his shrift would be very short, and a sudden sense of recklessness urged in him to stiffen his back.

"Hang H. O. T.!" he said defiantly—but strictly to himself. He wasn't going to toady to abeast like him!

Over another chair his own covert had been slung. He walked leisurely across the room and took it up. When he turned the manager had his coat in his hand, and was feeling somewhat feverishly in the breast-pocket.

"Identical, aren't they?" he said, with a grin. "The mistake was quite excusable."

Mr. Tims glared at him in amazement. This was a new Mudge. The beggar was actually leering. His hand came slowly out of the pocket with the letter-case in it. Jimmy noted it, and continued to grin.

"The gloves are in the other pocket," he said.

Mr. Tims opened the case, closed it again quickly; and slipped it in the pocket of the coat he was wearing. For a time he stood eyeing his man, as if he intended summary assault; then, apparently, thinking better of it, he moved to his desk. When at last he spoke, his tone was quite homely.

"I've been reconsidering your request, Mudge," he said. "We'll see if better use can't be made of your services. From this week you

JIMMY'S ROSE

Jimmy Mudge had got a new coat, and, at the surprising request, the office to a man whom he had known since the oldest days against them the shabby blue Melton, now for ever discredited, had always been associated with old Jimmy's outdoor appearance. The sight of him in his smartly-cut covert-of the fashionable greeny-brown shade—came as a staggering shock.

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th no more of home than is rep-
resented by a hall bedroom, in pre-
ference to the casual, contiguous
man. They think in their youth
that they are merely relinquishing
that particular and not very inter-
esting man. But the truth is they
may be resigning home, protection,
children, and all that gives to wo-
man her ultimate significance.

The woman who wrote the book
under discussion was not confined
to a narrow and selfish career dur-
ing the years of her spinsterhood.
She was engaged as secretary for
a benevolent organization which
brought her into contact with hun-
dreds of other women and won for
her the respect and confidence of
others. She tried little makeshifts
at hospitality, and she contrived
to win a reputation for good cheer
and heartiness. But within all was
"dead men's bones." She was con-
sumed with wistfulness, with loneli-
ness, and with a corroding secret
melancholy. She felt herself to be
out of the scheme of things, and
she finally became desperate for
lack of companionship.

Her conclusion appears to be
that it is better for the girls in
pleasant, sociable villages to stay
where they are and to accept such
as the rural gods provide in
ay of masculine devotion. She
would go so far as to ad-
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Melton, now for ever discredited, had
always been associated with old
Jimmy's outdoor appearance. The
sight of him in his smartly-cut
coat—of the fashionable greeny-
brown shade—came as a staggering
shock.

"Where was the fire, Jimmy?"
"Been dabblin' on the market, Mr.
Mudge?" "Was it the long odds
on the three o'clock, old man?"
The good-humored banter assailed
him from all sides like a bombard-
ment.

Jimmy had not the gift of re-
partee. He was accounted slow.
Put him on some routine job, such
as ledger work, and he would do
it accurately; but for rush work,
Jimmy, in the succinct phrasing of
Mr. H. O. Tims, the astute man-
ager, was "N. G." "It was impos-
sible to ginger the beggar up." For
that reason, Jimmy, at thirty-
three, was earning a modest
twenty-five shillings weekly, and,
apparently, was thankful to hold
his billet.

He was not only slow, he was
undersized and altogether insignifi-
cant. Until the startling appear-
ance of the covert he had always
looked shabby. His face was sal-
low, his cheek-bones prominent,
and, from much stooping over the
desk, his right shoulder distinctly
fell off below the level of the other.
For the rest, he was quiet and un-
assuming, and a pattern of punctu-
ality. On the ground of time-
keeping, Jimmy never gave the
slightest opportunity for complaint.

His fellows had found a nick-
name for Jimmy. They alluded to
him as "The Rabbit."

"Not quite the correct length,
James," observed Briggs, who prided
himself on knowing. "You don't
mind me telling you?"

"It'll be long enough before he
gets another," remarked Dabbs.

Jimmy's slow-working mind
caught the joke when the others had
stopped laughing, and he grinned
appreciatively. Charlie was a
smart chap. He wished he could
think of witty bits like he did. The
beggar ought to have been on the
boards. He was down on the pro-
gramme of the entertainment they
were holding that night to sing
some comics. The presence of the
bosses wouldn't make the slightest
difference to Charlie. He would
have 'em holding their sides. If
only he had the nerve of Dabbs!

From these musings his mind
switched naturally to the man of
the evening, in whose honor the
beano had been arranged by the
workpeople—the gentleman invari-
ably alluded to as "H.O.T." the
general manager. Mr. H. O. Tims
could that day boast twenty-five
years' service with the firm, and
staff and workpeople were
on the occasion by a little
on.

Idea struck Jimmy sud-
to-day offered an un-
ity for making a re-
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the thought, and, the belief that
on this red-letter day the chief
would surely be more approachable,
urged his sluggish mind to decision.
When presently the morning's cor-
respondence had been distributed,
and the manager had returned
from his tour of the departments,
he ventured to follow him to his own
room.

Mr. Tims shot a keen glance at
him as he entered, and continued
to jot notes on the open letter be-
fore him. He knew what the white
face, the twitching hands, the con-
strained manner portended as well
as if the request had been already
urged.

"Well?" he shot out.

"I've come up to ask if you could
see your way to grant me an ad-
vance, sir." Jimmy managed to get
out, wondering all the time at the
strange sound of his own voice.
"It's three years—"

"No!" snapped Mr. T., without
any break in his writing.

"I've been thinking seriously of
getting married, sir," resumed
Jimmy, after a few seconds of elo-
quent silence. "If you could—"

"Think some more, and you
won't!" rapped out Mr. T.

"We've been waiting for five
years," bleated poor Jimmy.

"Can't help your troubles!"
snapped Mr. T. "I said 'No.' What
you get is all you're worth, and I
suggest to you that you'd better
look out for another job. You're
in the way, and can't see it. There's
nothing higher for you in the office,
and you wouldn't be worth a goose-
berry on the road. The juniors be-
low you are all keen to get on, and
your job's a stepping-stone. I
don't want to give you notice, and
you can refer any firm to me. The
sooner you do it the better for both
of us."

Jimmy walked slowly from the
room.

Not until he was well on the way
home had Jimmy any suspicion of
his blunder. His head was full of
the doings of the night. As he had
left the hotel he had heard a fore-
man remark, with a laugh, that their
little beano had been a thorough
success. He supposed it had been.

Charlie Dabbs had been in great
form. His comics had proved quite
to the taste of his audience. The
adulatory speeches had been punc-
tuated with much cheering. H.O.T.
had been properly modest, and
afterwards genially reminiscent.
He had not failed to point the
moral.

The manager's popularity, if en-
thusiasm counted for anything, ad-
mitted of no doubt.

Somehow, the sugared compli-
ments and the cheering had left him
cold. At the toasting he had risen
with the others, but his glass had
been set down untouched. In his
mind lingered the picture of a
frowning face, the memory of a
snarling injunction—"Get out!"

For that reason, and because he
had a longish walk and the old lady
would perhaps be anxious, he had
slipped out quietly during the last
song.

No suspicion of his mistake en-
tered into his mind until he was but
a couple of streets away from his
home, and then the knowledge
came like a thunderbolt to transfix
him on the pavement. Chancing to
thrust his hand into the pocket of
his overcoat, he had happened on a
pair of kid gloves. He did not
telling that the gloves were
his. He had never owned a
kid gloves in his life.

the moments he stood as if

his man, as if he intended sum-
mary assaut; then he apparently
thinking better of it, he turned to his
desk. When at last he spoke, his
tone was quite hoarse.

"I've been reconsidering your
request, Mudge," he said. "We'll
see if better use can't be made of
your services. From this week you
get thirty-five shillings."

The coat dropped from Jimmy's
hands the grin vanished from his
face, to be succeeded by a spasm
of amazement; then he burst out
laughing.

Mr. Tims shot round and brought
his hand down in a tight grip on
his shoulder. It really seemed as
if he meant to shake him, but he
restrained himself.

"You know how to keep your face
shut!" he rapped out.

Jimmy became suddenly serious.
He ventured to disengage himself
with some show of resentment.

"I think I can be trusted," he
said.

"Very well!" snapped Mr. Tims.
"We quite understand each other."

Jimmy laughed, and turned to go.

"This means that the little girl
will soon be Mrs. M., sir," he con-
fided. "I don't know how to thank
you."

Mr. Tims regarded him with a
queer look—half contempt, half
wonder—on his fleshy face.

"Umph!" he snorted.

And Jimmy went out.
The future Mrs. M. stared when
he imparted the glorious news some
hours later.

"Seems they do value you, after
all, Jim," she observed.

"Only proves once again what a
show of sturdy independence will do,
Min," declared Jimmy, buttoning
up the covert with a lordly air.

"They're giving nothing away.
You've got to ask for it, and let 'em
see you mean to get it."

"Never thought it was in you,"
said Minnie proudly, as she pressed
his arm.

"Oh, you've got to let 'em know
you ain't exactly a worm!" observed
James.

Not until several hours later did
the astounding thought occur to
him. It came suddenly, just after
he had got into bed, to render him
inert. While the alarm clock tick-
ed away five minutes he lay think-
ing hard. Then gradually a grin
overspread his features.

"I wonder just what was in those
letters Jimmy!" he muttered drow-
sily.—London Answers.

NATIONAL GREETINGS.

How Other Nations Say "How-do-
You Do?"

"How is your stomach? Have
you eaten your rice?" That's
Chinese.

"Be under the guard of God."
That's the Ottoman's.

"How do you carry yourself?"
That's French.

"May thy shadow never grow
less." That's Persian.

"Thank God, how are you?"
That's Arabian.

"How do you find yourself?"
That's German.

"How do you perspire?" That's
Egyptian.

"How do you live on?" That's
Russian.

"Go with God, senor," That's
Spanish.

"How do you stand?" That's
Italian.

"How do you fare?" That's
Dutch.

Avoid society if you would make
a study of mankind.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
OCTOBER 15.

Lesson III.—The return from captivity, Ezra 1. 1-11; 2. 64-70.

Golden Text, Mic. 7. 18.

Verse 1-4.—The decree of the great king. This was important to the Jews, not only because it gave them opportunity to return to their own land, but because it provided for the restoration of the sacred vessels which Nebuchadnezzar had carried away from the temple to Babylon. The first three verses of the chapter are practically the same as the closing verses of 2 Chronicles. This fact, together with the similarity in character of that book and both Ezra and Nehemiah, besides a close similarity in style, diction, and historical treatment, has given rise to a strong belief that all three books emanated from the hands of the same compiler.

1. Cyrus—The following facts are to be kept in mind about this king: (1) He was born about B. C. 590, and by rightful succession became king of Elam thirty-one years later; (2) Though a Persian by descent, he became the king of Persia by conquest, B. C. 545; (3) The first year of Cyrus, therefore, must refer to the date of his conquest of Babylonia and consequent relations with the Jews. This was the twenty-first year of his reign over the Elamites, and the tenth over Persia. (4) He is called king of Persia, not because he was so by birth, but because Persia was the chief of his conquests. (5) His kingdom included nearly all of Western Asia—Elam, Media, Lydia, Persia, Babylonia.

The word of Jehovah—That is, the fixed divine purpose, as expressed in the prophecy of Jeremiah, to the effect that after seventy years the Jews should return. What is emphasized here is not so much the fulfillment of the prophecy as the accomplishment of the thing predicted. In the view of the writer, this purpose was actually accomplished in the first year of Cyrus.

Made a proclamation—Literally, "Caused a voice to pass" indicating that the decree went forth by heralds. He also put the decree in writing, an additional note inserted to show that it was no invention of the Jews, but could be found in official documents.

2. Thus saith Cyrus—The decree itself would be given in Persian, or Aramaic, and we have here the substance popularly reproduced for Jewish readers. All the kingdoms . . . hath Jehovah . . . given me—Therefore it is right for him to give directions concerning a small section. How Cyrus became familiar with the God of heaven can only be conjectured. Josephus states that the king was made cognizant of the will of Jehovah respecting the Jews through the prophecies of Isaiah (45. 1-4; 44. 28). Though a pious king, it is not likely he knew and worshiped the true God, as formerly was believed and taught. However, it is natural that Cyrus should ascribe his victories, not to his own prowess, but to the divine favor and

vessels of all sorts is 2,499. Probably none but the more important details are given.

They of, the captivity were brought up—No details of the long journey of three or four months are given.

64. The whole assembly—Chapter two given the register of those who returned. It includes "the men of the people of Israel," the priests, the Levites, singers, porters, servants of the temple, and "children of the servants of Solomon." In all there were 42,360.

65. Singing men—A low class, mentioned here after the servants. They seem to have been employed on secular occasions.

68. Set it up—An expression for the restoration of the temple.

69. Daries—Worth about the same as an English guinea. The pounds of silver were worth about \$20 each.

70. Nethinim—They represented the lowest stratum of temple service.

Dwelt in their cities—This of course was the result of a slow process, and not a fact of a moment.

Young Folks

THE RUNAWAY DUCK.

In the center of the big city park is a beautiful little pond, and in the pond is an island, and on the island stands a curious little house.

There are no windows, but only two long rows of doors; one on the ground, the other reached, not by flights of stairs, but by boards sloping gently up to the second story and down almost to the water's edge.

Above this small house bend the long, graceful branches of willow-trees, of a lovely light green, and in front of it, on the beach of sand and gravel, the little waves are always laughing.

Those who live in this house wear nothing but snow-white clothing, with yellow stockings and shoes, for they are a great family of ducks which belong to the city.

One fine morning a baby duck came to the door of one of the upper rooms in the little house. He stood there a while, looking up and down the shore. It seemed too good a day to stay in, so the little duck waddled slowly down the sloping board walk, dipped his bill into the water to see if it was warm, and then started to swim away.

He had gone nearly to the end of the island, and was having a happy time, when out from behind a big bush swam an old drake, or grandfather duck, big and strong, and very cross.

The little duck was, of course, much frightened. He tried to turn round and swim back; but he just pounded the water with his feet and beat it with his small wings, without going ahead any.

The big duck swam right up to him and gave him a hard thump with his bill, which drove his head clear under water, so that he got his mouth full, and almost choked. The big duck followed him and kept rapping him with his bill. Not until he was almost back to the little house did the old drake leave him. He went away quacking crossly.

The Home

Notes of Particular Interest to Women Folks

DAINTY RECIPES.

Banana Salad.—Peel and cut bananas in two lengthwise, dip each half in mayonnaise dressing, then roll in nut meats chopped fine; arrange on crisp lettuce leaves and put a border of nut meats around.

Two pounds of beef or meat, simmer until tender, add salt and pepper. When done beat two eggs with three tablespoons of flour and two of water, add to soup, and let boil two minutes. Serve.

Probasco Pickles.—Twelve large cucumbers, peel and take out seeds. Three dozen small cucumbers, one-half dozen sweet mangoes, one-half dozen hot mangoes, four little red peppers, one quart onions, put all through the coarsest meat grinder, then add two handfuls of salt, one quart of cider vinegar, one pint of granulated sugar, boil all together for one-half hour, then seal.

Peach Griddle Cakes.—Peel about five large peaches thin. Halve them and then shave off in slices. Sprinkle with sugar. Beat two eggs into a foam and add a pint of milk. Add one-quarter cup of sugar, a sprinkle of salt and enough flour into which a teaspoonful of baking powder has been stirred to make the mixture into a pancake batter. Stir the peaches into the batter. Put the griddle on the range and put into it butter or dripping just as you do for frying pancakes. Pour enough in the griddle for a cake and fry brown. Use all the batter this way. Serve with butter and sugar or sugar and cream.

Waffles.—Three eggs, yolks and whites beaten separately. Two tablespoons melted butter. Beat yolks of eggs to a stiff froth, add melted butter, pinch of salt, one teaspoon of sugar, and one-half cup of sweet milk. Add flour sifted with three teaspoons baking-powder. Lastly add the whites of the eggs beaten stiff. If desired, one tablespoon of rum may be added.

Blueberry Muffins.—Two and one-half cups of flour well sifted, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, three-fourths cup of sugar, one cup of milk, two eggs beaten slightly, butter size of egg melted, large pinch of salt, one large cup of berries. Mix sugar, flour, baking powder, salt, add milk, then eggs, last add berries slightly floured. Bake twenty minutes in moderate oven.

Fried Chicken.—Cut up chicken, salt and flour each piece and drop into hot butter and lard, brown on both sides, then cover with water and let simmer about one hour. When done, take up chicken and make gravy with one tablespoon of flour or cornstarch mixed with cold water until a thin paste is made. If gravy is too thick add hot water. One tablespoon each of butter and lard will be sufficient. Chicken will be very tender and very appetizing if cooked this way, much more so than cooked in halves and fried until a hard crust is formed. This recipe is for spring chicken.

butter to a cream, add three yolks of eggs, one at a time, beating steadily. Stir this into hot chicken. Stir carefully until egg thickens. Be careful to not cook too rapidly; sauce should be smooth. Season with onion juice, few drops lemon juice, salt, half teaspoon paprika. Serve at once on toast.

GASOLINE.

For grease marks or dirty spots on wood-work, a little gasoline applied with a cloth will remove at once.

Before blacking a stove or range, rub off the top with a cloth wet with gasoline and it will remove all dirt and grease and make the blacking stay on longer.

To clean copper or aluminum cooking utensils soak a cloth in gasoline and rub on the outside of the vessel; this will remove all black or discoloration on the metal.

A can of gasoline in the kitchen for cleaning purposes will be found a great help if ordinary care is exercised against fire. To clean the gas stove, soak the jets in a little gasoline, and it will remove all dirt and do away with any odor from the gas range, or scrub the jets with a little brush dipped in gasoline.

Laces, gloves and silks can be cleaned very successfully by washing in plenty of clean gasoline; there should be enough to cover the article you are washing. Change the gasoline as often as it becomes dark looking; work quickly and hang in the sun to dry. Always remember when using gasoline to keep away from fire or flame of any kind.

MEAT RECIPES.

Spanish Steak.—Take a flank of steak. Cut off all the fat and fry it brown in plenty of butter, lift out and put in a baking pan. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and fry a sliced onion brown in the butter remaining in the frying pan. Spread onions over the steak and cover it with can of tomatoes, juice and all. Cover and bake an hour in a slow oven, basting frequently. Make gravy of drippings remaining in the pan and serve piping hot.

Fried Chicken.—Cut one or two small chickens in half and dredge with flour. Heat some lard until smoking hot, then lay in the chicken. After the first few minutes cook slowly, turning so it can brown on all sides. When done take up and place on a platter, pour off the lard excepting one tablespoon, place this over the fire and add a heaping tablespoon flour, stir until it is brown, add slowly one cup of mill butter, pepper and salt, and cook five minutes; pour over chicken and serve immediately.

Jellied Veal.—Buy a veal s for 20 cents, cover with cold water let come to a boil and skim carefully. Add one medium size onion, a bay leaf, small piece of red radish.

king was made cognizant of the will of Jehovah respecting the Jews through the prophecies of Isaiah (45: 1-4; 44: 28). Though a pious king, it is not likely he knew and worshipped the true God, as formerly was believed and taught. However, it is natural that Cyrus should ascribe his victories, not to his own prowess, but to the divine favor and help. At any rate, he is conscious of a divine direction in giving himself to the building of a house for Jehovah in Jerusalem.

3. His God be with him.—A common form of blessing, something like our "Good-by."

Let him go.—There is no coercion, the decree being purely permissive. None need return who do not wish to. The journey to Jerusalem is considered up (compare the Songs of Ascents, Psalms 120-134). The purpose of their return is simply to build the house of Jehovah. No far-reaching restoration of the Jews seems to be contemplated.

He is God.—Generally supposed to be a Jewish parenthesis. It can hardly be shown that Cyrus was a monotheist.

4. Let the men of his place help.—The meaning is, that a general requisition is made upon non-Israelite people in neighborhoods where survivors of the Jewish captivity are found sojourning. This half-voluntary assistance was to supplement the freewill-offering for the house of God; that is, the offerings of the Jews themselves, or of Cyrus, or of any Gentile who might desire to contribute.

5-11.—The execution of the decree.

5. The heads of the fathers' houses.—The social leaders, hereditary chiefs. They are here placed before the priests, or clergy, an indication that the theocracy was not yet the recognized order. The whole community of Jews is summed up under three heads. All responded whose spirit God had stirred to go up. The entire enterprise was under divine control, from the stirring up of the king's heart to the rousing of the domestic leaders and priests.

6. All . . . round about them.—Both their heathen and Jewish neighbors responded liberally, strengthening the hands of the emigrants with the three essentials of the journey, gold for ready money, goods to meet the necessities of the new homes, and beasts for transportation. All this was part of the stipulated freewill-offering. In addition there was much that was willingly offered.

7. The vessels.—When Nebuchadnezzar destroyed Jerusalem in B. C. 587, and carried away the people into captivity, he also bore off the precious treasures of the king's palace and the vessels of the temple. This was a repetition of his act a dozen years before, when he captured Jerusalem in the reign of Jehoiachin. These vessels were placed in the house of his gods, or god, Merodach being his favorite. Thus he hoped to carry good fortune to his own city.

8. Sheshbazzar.—Undoubtedly he is the same as the Zerrubabel mentioned in later chapters, this being his Persian or Babylonian name, just as Daniel and his comrades were given other names in captivity. He is called prince, being the head of the tribe of Judah, of the Davidic line, and therefore the chief layman.

11. Five thousand and four hundred.—The sum of the enumerated

The big duck swam right up to him and gave him a hard thump with his bill, which drove his head clear under water, so that he got his mouth full, and almost choked. The big duck followed him and kept rapping him with his bill. Not until he was almost back to the little house did the old drake leave him. He went away quacking crossly.

The little duck crawled out of the water and lay on his side on the warm sand, trying to get his breath and too tired to move or even stand.

Just then he saw something that filled him with terror. Out of one of the lower doors in the house a big gray rat was creeping. His tiny black eyes were shining like beads, and he was looking right at the little duck. Nearer and nearer the rat crept. The duck tried to get up on his feet.

He was so frightened that he cried, "Peep! peep!" as loud as he could.

It was a small, weak voice, and the only one to hear it was the old drake. He knew that it was a cry for help, and he began to paddle and flutter as fast as he could toward the shore, all the time crying, "Quack! quack!" in such a way that all the other ducks heard it and knew something was wrong. In the face of real danger he quickly turned protector.

The rat had stopped now, as if did not quite know what to do, and just as the drake reached the shore, the rat turned and started to crawl back under the house. He was just too late. One rap of the old drake's bill sent him over on his back. Before he could get up he had hit him another rap, and squealing loudly, he ran in under the duck-house, glad to get away. The rat family had no dinner that night, and the old father rat had to stay in bed for three days.

As for the little duck, he was happy enough to have his mother take him by the wing and drag him up the board and into the nest.—Youth's Companion.

* *

A CROP BULLETIN.

Five-year-old Ella had been enthusiastically engaged in garden work all the spring. She was especially interested in planting seed, and watched anxiously for sprouts to appear above the ground.

One day, while visiting a neighbor who possessed a six-months'-old baby, Ella was delighted to see two tiny front teeth displayed when the baby smiled.

"O, Mrs. May," the little girl cried, excitedly, "the baby's teeth have come up!"

* *

PADDY "IN THE INTERIM."

The habit of verbosity is a standard characteristic of human nature. We have all met people who are fond of using high-sounding speech. A gentleman said to his servant Pat: "I am going to town at 10 o'clock, and shall weed out the cucumber bed in the interim."

"Interim," thought Pat, "that's a quare name for a garden, anyhow."

"Is Mr. Smith at home?" asked a visitor who came shortly afterwards.

"Yes, sir; ye'll find him at work in his interim, there beyant," announced Pat.

* *

AFTER MATURE REFLECTION.

We would not care to be a steeple-jack or premier of Russia.

water until a thin paste is made. If gravy is too thick add hot water. One tablespoon each of butter and lard will be sufficient. Fry raisins. Chicken will be very tender and very appetizing if cooked this way, much more so than cooked in halves and fried until a hard crust is formed. This recipe is for spring chicken.

Lady Baltimore Cake.—One cup of butter, two cups of granulated sugar, one cup of milk, three and one-half cups of flour, three level teaspoons of baking powder, whites of six eggs. Cream the butter and sugar gradually. Sift flour and baking powder three times. Add the milk, and last add the eggs; also teaspoon of lemon extract and vanilla. If this is too large half makes a good sized cake. Frosting for Lady Baltimore cake: Three cups of granulated sugar, one cup boiling water, whites of three eggs, one cup of chopped raisins, one cup chopped nut meats, five figs cut or ground. Stir the sugar and water. Let boil till it will spin a thread. Pour over the whites of eggs. Beat stiff.

Little Turkeys.—Take pork tenderloins and cut lengthwise through the middle, being careful not to cut in half; fill with dressing you would use for turkey; sew or pin together with toothpicks; bake for twenty minutes in a pan in which there is enough water to cover the bottom when baked. Make a gravy of water left in pan. Nice to add strip of bacon over top.

Blitz Kuchen.—One cup butter, one cup sugar, three eggs, one and one-half cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, one-half cup milk. Spread dough thin in two square or oblong bread tins. Sprinkle with chopped nuts (pecans), sugar, and cinnamon. Bake in moderate oven.

Fried Chicken.—Take one young spring chicken. Cut it in pieces, salt it, have nice fresh lard well heated; flour every piece separate, then put into the boiling lard and cook to a nice crispy brown; drain off the fat for gravy except just a little, add one tablespoon of flour and one cup of sweet milk, add salt and pepper to taste. You will have a nice, brown, cream gravy. Biscuits to serve with the creamy gravy. One pint of flour, one teaspoon of baking powder, one tablespoon of nice sweet lard or butter and a pinch of salt, add just enough sweet milk to make a soft dough. Bake quickly and you will find them delicious.

Oyster Omelet.—A delicious way to utilize left over oysters: One-half cup of systers without liquor. Four eggs, two teaspoons flour, one-third cup of milk, four or five slices of bacon, pinch of salt. Make flour and milk into a smooth, boiled paste. Cut the bacon into tiny squares and fry brown in a skillet. Beat whites of eggs to a stiff froth, then add flour paste, oysters, and egg yolks. Beat slightly; turn into the skillet with the bacon, which should be sizzling hot; lift slightly with a knife as the omelet cooks; then fold over and serve piping hot.

Chicken a la King.—Two tablespoons butter, chop half a green pepper fine, fry pepper in butter, one cup mushrooms carefully peeled and broken into pieces, two tablespoons flour. Cook all until flour is smooth, but not brown. Two cups cream; simmer until sauce is thickened and flour thoroughly cooked. Add three cups cooked dried chicken. Put mixture over hot water. Beat one-quarter cup

and add a heaping tablespoon flour, stir until it is brown, add slowly one cup of milk, butter, pepper and salt. Cook five minutes; pour chicken and serve immediately.

Jellied Veal.—Buy a veal s for 20 cents, cover with cold water let come to a boil and skim carefully. Add one medium size onion, a bay leaf, small piece of red pepper, salt and six whole cloves. Boil slowly till meat falls off bones. Take out the meat, strain liquid and let it cool while the meat is picked into small pieces. Remove grease from the liquid, add to the meat, put into bowls to cool. Serve on lettuce leaves with mayonnaise dressing. Be sure to have plenty of liquid.

* *

NEW IDEAS.

Gingered Rice.—Instead of raisins or other flavoring in rice pudding, use a small quantity of preserved ginger, cut in small pieces with the syrup. About a tablespoonful to a quart of milk is sufficient to give a delightful new flavor.

Screens and Porch Fittings.—In the fall when putting away our porch furniture, for which we select a clear day, the rugs are thrown on the line, the furniture and window screens are placed near by, and everything is given a thorough cleaning with a hose. When quite dry the screens are lightly brushed with raw linseed oil to prevent rusting. This oil does not evaporate.

B.

School Hint.—The best way to reduce mending is to guard against it. You will find that one reason why children's clothes rip is because the seams are sewed with cotton thread which is brittle. Any dress which will be given hard wear should be made up entirely of silk. The sun and water rots cotton, but does not affect the silk.

Frost Hint.—To protect your flowers from early frost drive poles made from broom handles or other similar sticks into the ground at intervals and stretch a clothesline from one to the other. When evening comes throw pieces of cloth or paper over the line, and your flowers will be unharmed.

New Bags.—Make bags of some heavy material such as cretonne or denim, and place your hammocks in them. Use stout rings on the top to close it or even button one side over with a lap. Make similar ones for your summer parasols. Never make your pieces bags of anything except firm mosquito netting. You can see in and save time.

* *

HOW TO SLEEP.

Dr. Fischer, a physician practicing in Paris, has turned his attention to the matter of sleeping reform. After a series of experiments he has come to the conclusion that the orthodox way of sleeping is wrong and advocates a complete reversal of the existing order of things. You must have your head on a level with or lower than your feet. If pillows are to be used they must be under the feet instead of the head. The result, he claims, will be amazing, being a sure cure for insomnia as well as a preventive for the nightmare. To prevent any inconvenience by too sudden a change the pillows should be gradually reduced and finally placed under the feet.

When a man howls for justice he wants to be the judge of it.

Afraid to Eat?

Does the fear of indigestion spoil the enjoyment of your meals? It needn't. Just take

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

and you won't know you have a stomach. They will see to it that your food is properly digested. They are among the best of the NA-DRU-CO preparations, compounded by expert chemists and guaranteed by the largest wholesale druggists in Canada. 50c. a box. If your druggist has not stocked them yet, send us 50c. and we will mail you a box.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED, MONTREAL. 36

GRAIN IS BEING SMUGGLED

Alleged Extensive Operations Between Canada and Dakota Discovered.

A despatch from Minot, North Dakota, says: In the arrest at Norma, near here, of Walter Jackson, wheat buyer for the Atlantic Grain Company, and A. M. Magne, a farmer, by United States Customs Agent George W. Foulkes, Federal officers believe they have unearthed an extensive scheme of grain smuggling from Canada to the flour mills at Minneapolis. Confessions, it is understood, are in the possession of Mr. Foulkes.

It is alleged that the smugglers brought the grain across the border at night, disposing of it to American farmers, who in turn would take the grain to the elevators near the border. In smuggling barley there is a gain of about forty cents a bushel to the producer, that being the difference in price between the United States and Canada. It is alleged that the profits were divided among the producing farmers, the American farmer, and the grain buyer.

The Buying Price of Hogs

THE WILLIAM DAVIES COMPANY, LIMITED

IT is probable that the practice of sending out weekly the price which packers will pay for hogs the following week, has been the chief cause for the widespread impression that the price named is fixed through arrangement and understanding between the packers. In view of the recent attack made upon packers, a statement which will explain why a price is thus sent out, and the conditions associated with it, may serve a useful purpose.

For the most part the cattle and small stock (sheep, lambs and calves) which come to the Cattle Markets in Toronto are bargained for on arrival. If the market is favorable, the drovers make a profit. If the market is unfavorable, they suffer a loss. The price of cattle and small stock, therefore, is determined each market day by the ordinary competitive conditions prevailing upon public markets. The price which the drover pays in the country the next week is determined by his view of what he hopes to receive when the stock is offered for sale by him upon either of the markets in this city or in Montreal.

The hog situation is entirely different. After the manner of well recognized market conditions, there has been no public market in Ontario upon which hogs have been offered for sale. For thirty years 80 to 90 per cent. of the hogs on the Toronto Cattle Market have been delivered on the market for one buyer, and at a price agreed upon before the hogs were shipped. Five-sixths of the packing houses in Ontario have not only not bought hogs upon the Toronto Cattle Market, but they have not bought hogs upon any public market, because there have been no markets upon which hogs have been offered for sale. The Union Stock Yards Company at Toronto Junction are now endeavoring to establish a competitive open market upon which hogs will be offered for sale. Time only will determine the success or failure of this plan.

Therefore, there has been no open market for hogs; the price which the packer pays for his hogs has had to be determined by a different method, and under different circumstances than the open market conditions have established for cattle and small stock.

The pressure of these circumstances has developed the practice which causes each packing establishment to depend chiefly for its supply of hogs weekly upon drovers who ship regularly to it. To establish

THE ITALIAN FLAG FLIES

Tripoli Forts Taken, But the Garrison Entrenches Inland.

A despatch from Rome, says: After the shelling of Tripoli on Tuesday operations were resumed on Wednesday morning, but the Italian warships again directed the fire only against the outer forts. It was feared that if the inner forts were shelled damage would be done to the town. The shore batteries in Sultanie and in Hamidie forts were dismantled. Then the cruiser entered the harbor, and two officers with a detachment of marines disembarked and made their way to Hamidie fort. Upon reaching the place they found it evacuated, and carried away with them the sights of the guns, and the bodies of three Turkish artillerymen, which lay in the fort.

Up to the present, despite the bombardment, and despite the Italian excursion ashore, there is no sign of surrender on the part of the Turks. The bombardment will, therefore, continue until the town capitulates, or until all the Turkish troops have left Tripoli for the interior. Even if Tripoli capitulates there will be intervals of several days more before the arrival and disembarkation of the army of occupation. When the army has been landed the offer of mediation by Germany or some other power is expected to follow immediately.

Tripoli lighthouse having been destroyed by some of the first shots fired, Admiral Faravelli has given orders for its immediate reconstruction, as it is of the greatest utility to the Italian fleet.

BOYCOTT ITALIAN GOODS.

A despatch from Constantinople, says: The embargo on coal and petroleum has been raised. An anti-Italian boycott has commenced, and Custom-house porters on Thursday refused to discharge Italian goods from a British steamer. The Grand Vizier opposes the expulsion of Italians. The newspapers are pessimistic over the situation, declaring that it is hopeless to expect anything from the powers.

GRAVE FOOD DANGER.

Increase in Prices Causes Serious Misgivings in Germany.

A despatch from Berlin says: It is not without serious misgivings that the coming winter is being regarded. It was a splendid summer, but there was a drought throughout the country, and the price of food has risen so enormously that many persons see ruin staring them in the face. Economic experts regard this as Germany's greatest danger for months to come, and steps are already being taken to guard against the suffering that the enormous rise in prices will cause.

BRITAIN'S LATEST WARSHIP

Launch of the Battleship King George V. at Portsmouth.

The Sultan has ordered prayers in the mosques, invoking the aid and protection of the prophet against Italy.

MOSLEM APPEAL TO THE KING

A despatch from Constantinople says: At a meeting held on Friday in the Mosque of St. Sophia a telegram of protest against Italy's declaration of war on Turkey was formulated and sent to all the Parliaments of the world, peace and arbitration societies, universities, Socialist organizations and The Hague Peace Tribunal. The telegram says the occupation of Tripoli is unjustified, and that Italy is unworthy of a place among the great powers. It asks whether western civilization has considered the effect upon the eastern mind of Italy's brigandage.

The meeting also sent the following message to King George:—

"How can a power like England ruling between eighty millions and ninety millions of Moslems, regard with complaisant silence the declaration of war against the Ottoman nation and the blockade of Tripoli? Is such policy in harmony with the present and the future interests of England?"

ITALIAN MARINES LANDED.

A despatch from Tripoli, via Malta, says: Twelve hundred Italian sailors and marines have now been landed and there is great activity among the Italian forces at various points along the coast in preparation for the landing of troops. It is even reported that the natives are sympathetic in their attitude. The surrender of the garrison is imminent.

The Turkish soldiers are said to be in a demoralized state and although some of them are camped five miles from the city and are protected by small forts on the hills, they have not even attempted to molest the invaders.

King and best armored battleship, King George V., was launched successfully on Monday. The warship was christened by his Majesty's aunt, Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein. The King George V. has been on the stocks two weeks less than the average Dreadnought, having been laid down on January 16 last. The vessel has a displacement of 23,000 tons, and her principal dimensions are: Length, 555 feet; beam, 89; draft, 27½. The armament consists of ten 13.5-inch guns and twenty-four 4-inch guns. Engines of 31,000 horse-power are expected to develop a speed of twenty-one knots an hour.

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The pressure of these circumstances has developed the practice which causes each packing establishment to depend chiefly for its supply of hogs weekly upon drovers who ship regularly to it. To establish this regularity, the respective houses have found it necessary, at the end of each week, to advise drovers the price they would pay for hogs shipped to them the following week. This custom is followed in Denmark and Ireland, the weekly price, however, being sent to farmers in place of drovers.

In accordance with these conditions, the officers of this Company determine on Friday afternoon of each week the price they will name to drovers for shipment the following week. This advice covers a price free on cars at the shipping point, or delivered into the yards at our factory, or fed and watered hogs delivered on the Toronto Cattle Market. In reaching this determination we are governed by our reading of the domestic and exports markets, by cable advices covering Danish and Irish killings, and cable advices telling of the quantity of American products which have been landed at the various ports in Great Britain. We also have to interpret from these conditions, which are common to the trade, how the judgment of our competitors will be affected by them, and what conclusions they will likely reach as to the buying price they will name for the following week.

Having decided the price we will name, we communicate it to drovers by telephone or telegram, to points East as far as Montreal, West as far as Chatham, and North as far as hogs are raised in sufficient quantities to give weekly deliveries.

In all the foregoing we have neither conference, understanding nor arrangement, directly or indirectly, with any other packer, nor have we had any such connection at any time during the past twenty years.

If other packers offer a higher price, we learn of it through telegraph or telephone communications from drovers in various parts of the country, who advise they are unable to buy at the price we have named because drovers from competitive houses are paying a higher price. Each packer in the trade doubtless has similar advices when the circumstances warrant it.

When such advices reach us, we determine our conduct by a variety of considerations, and we will, as will other packers similarly placed, refuse to follow the lead set by others, or accept such lead as inevitable, as we may have a favorable or unfavorable view of the market.

The effect of the decision either way is reflected in the volume of deliveries. If we or others similarly placed refuse to advance, while other packers are active, there will be a shrinkage of from 10 to 50 per cent. from the normal receipts of hogs. If we follow the advance, we will secure our normal quantity, with possibly some surplus added.

It is alleged that the trade generally await information as to the buying price named by this Company before sending out their own advices. On reflection it will be recognized that this is not an unnatural course to follow. By reason of the extent of our operations, the price named by this Company is known in every part of the Province, and authoritatively establishes the minimum price which can be paid. For necessitous reasons no other house can buy at a lower price. Inasmuch, however, as the aggregate purchases by other packers represent 70 per cent. of the total deliveries of hogs in Ontario and Quebec, there is no reason why, after our price is known, a higher price should not be named by some or all of our competitors, if their reading of the market differs from ours. As a matter of fact, this is precisely what occurs, and probably there are as many weeks in the year when our price is exceeded and we must follow others, as when our price is accepted and others follow us.

We would welcome conditions which would establish the purchase of hogs upon public markets on an openly competitive basis. If packers could buy hogs after the same manner as cattle are now bought, they would always have the measure of their competitors, whereas under existing conditions we have to guess at their measurement. Moreover, when we desired to take hogs freely, we could do so, and when we desired to step aside from the market, we could do so. Under existing conditions no packer can afford to break with his regular shippers, and frequently has to take stock when he would prefer to leave it alone.

The tendency under the present method is for packers weekly to estimate how high a price they dare pay, rather than how low a price they will name, for it must be borne in mind that the aggregate capacity of the houses greatly exceeds the supply of hogs, and that practically the profit or loss of the operations of a packing house are determined by the volume of business secured. Therefore, when we are seeking to determine each Friday evening the buying price we will name for the following week, back of all else is the pressure which demands quantity of hogs, and the anxiety felt that if we do not name a price high enough to command quantity, we may find our supplies cut off.

The popular view of commercial sagacity would suggest that the remedy for such difficulties would be found in an understanding being reached by agreement between the packers. The significant fact is that the packers have refused to do so. Probably no business in Canada is more completely free from either the letter or the spirit of what is known as a Trust, than this much-abused packing business. The real relation of the packers to the hog industry has been an honorable one of high merit.

The William Davies Company, Limited
TORONTO.

ing taken to guard against the suffering that the enormous rise in prices will cause.

BRITAIN'S LATEST WARSHIP

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expected to develop a speed of twenty-one knots an hour.

Hamilton police have a clue to the express robbery in a sample of handwriting found in the building.

The Winnipeg Council has decided to drop negotiations for the purchase of the street railway and allied interests.

OUR SAVINGS AVERAGE \$82

Canadian People Have a Great Deal of Money Earning Interest.

A despatch from Toronto says: In spite of the evidences that money is being expended fairly freely in this country Bradstreet's, the commercial agency, has computed the average savings of the people, on a basis of population of eight million at \$82 each. Bradstreet's point out that at the end of August savings deposits in the various chartered banks of Canada totalled \$575,740,956, thus showing an increase since a year ago of about \$30,000,000. While the great bulk of the readily available savings of the people is to be found in the chartered banks, there were on August 30 deposits in other finan-

166. Of this amount \$14,677,872 was in the Government savings bank at the end of 1910, while \$43,586,357 was in the Postoffice Savings Bank and \$27,772,937 was in the loan companies and building societies. This brings the known total up to \$661,778,122, making an average of over \$82 per head of population, presuming the population to be eight million.

No doubt this average is estimated too low, as the figures other than those for the chartered banks are for the end of the year 1910, since when deposits in other institutions must have increased appreciably.



Mr. J. E. HOOPER, TORONTO

Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured Him of Itch

"I just want to say a good word for Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Four or five years ago I was in Port Arthur, and I had an attack of the itch. It certainly was an intolerable nuisance. The itching was principally at night before I went to bed. The thighs were especially affected.

"I went to two doctors about it, and tried more than one remedy. I was beginning to think the complaint was incurable, when I was telling my trouble to a barber, and he said that he would guarantee Cuticura Ointment. I took his advice, and sure enough, the itch vanished. I had probably been troubled with the itch for two or three months before I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and they completely cured me of that intolerable nuisance. After one warm bath with Cuticura Soap and use of the Cuticura Ointment I was never troubled with the itching again. Anything in this testimonial I would be prepared to swear to in a court of law." (Signed) J. E. Hooper, 263 Parliament Street, Toronto, Jan. 10, 1911.

His Skin Eruption Cured in Ten Days

"The Cuticura Remedies certainly did work finely, and I am thankful that there is such a remedy, and that I tried it. About three months ago a terrible itching commenced on my body. I could not understand it. It gradually grew worse and covered a large portion of my body. There was also a slight eruption of the skin, sort of a rash. I suffered greatly with the itching and at night time I had little sleep. I tried one or two remedies which did no good, and then I tried Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent. In about ten days I was completely cured." (Signed) T. Williams, 115 Pacific Ave., Winnipeg, Jan. 14, 1911.



Mr. T. WILLIAMS, WINNIPEG

You Can Try Cuticura Soap and Ointment Without Cost

For more than a generation, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have afforded the speediest, surest and most economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring skin and scalp eruptions, from infancy to age. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but in order that skin-sufferers may prove their efficacy without cost, the Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 58, Boston, U.S.A., will send post-free to any address, a liberal sample of each, with a 32-page book on skin health. Write for a set to-day, even though you have suffered long and hopelessly and have lost faith in everything, for, as Mr. Hooper's letter shows, even the first use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment may be sufficient to give instant relief when all else has failed.

national, railroad, state and federal. The late enlargement of a road consists of the certain dates. proper non-effective conditions filled-s of the The as inv which approach ner. T such w: to lend \$3,000 a at 7 p amount will no don't at the inv Now, matter ever, lo ner. F gage. I the am loaned most a character gage. It mu a morty quires its valu individ If he is has bo farm in more pl be enq he is a him int his far such an foreclo a very not be The s altogether result i loss and or impo point is makes h however a man i usual fr blooded gage ju arrears. easier o interest bability catch u comes t case in let him years. right in of your doubtful Next w points i vestment SUICID Finn S A de Ont, s Finn, e nish ne afterno Editor voiver, stomael utes. J. He had

BANKS AND BONDS

Q Bonds have the preference as safe and profitable investments.

Q Formerly Banks, Insurance Companies and other financial concerns invested their cash surpluses largely in Real Estate Mortgages, to-day they are purchasing the Bond issues of established and prosperous corporations considering that they offer the greatest security and best interest returns.

Q There is no reasonable argument to offset the fact that what is the best investment for the Bank surplus is the best investment for the individual investor.

Q Write to-day for our booklet on Bonds, and Bond issues we recommend.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

LIMITED
BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING
YONGE AND QUEEN STS.
TORONTO
R. M. WHITE - Manager
MONTREAL-QUEBEC-HALIFAX-LONDON(ENG.)

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

FARM MORTGAGES AS INVESTMENTS
HAVE SOME VERY WEAK FEATURES.

The Personal Element Which Investors Often overlook Makes the Payment of Interest Sometimes of Doubtful Certainty—The Danger of Having a Conscience.

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

Turning from generalities to the application of the principles of investment laid down in the earlier articles of this series to classes of securities we will take up in turn the chief points to be considered in connection with the various forms of "promise-to-pay" investments.

Readers will remember that investments are divided into two general classes—equities and promises to pay. Equities consist in shares and stocks of various companies. These are never repayable. Promises to pay, on the other hand, are securities which represent a sum of money borrowed by the person, municipality, state or company issuing them, and are repayable after a definite period of time. Under this head are bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc.

In this class, the most important in Canada are real estate mortgages, municipal, industrial company bonds and railroad equipment bonds, and provincial securities.

The best known, of course, are real estate mortgages. It is quite superfluous to enlarge here on the details of the form of a real estate mortgage. Its usual form consists of a promise to pay the amount of the loan at maturity together with a certain amount of interest on certain



BLACK KNIGHT STOVE POLISH

Has the "Black Knight" come to your home?

Let him show you the quick and easy way to shine the stoves.

"Black Knight" takes all the hard work and dirty work out of stove polishing.

It's a paste—so there is no watery mixture to be prepared.

Just a few rubs with cloth or brush brings a mirror-like shine that "you can see your face in". And the shine lasts!

Most dealers handle and recommend "Black Knight" Stove Polish. If your dealer cannot supply it, send for a big can—sent postpaid.

THE F. F. DALLEY CO. LIMITED,
Hamilton, Ont. 18

Makers of the famous "2 in 1" Shoe Polish.

OIL AND GAS STRUCK.

Promoters Think They Have Good Thing in Delaware Township.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Natural gas and petroleum have been struck by drillers, in Delaware township. For some time promoters have been experimenting south of the bridge over the Thames at the village of Delaware, ten miles southwest of this city. Recently both oil and gas were found, and on Monday the promoters received word that the quality of the petroleum is first-class. They are confident that there is a large basin in the neighborhood, and that Middlesex will provide a new oil field of importance.

ELEPHANT PULLS TOOTH.

Unusual Operation Witnessed by Visitors to Riverdale Zoo.

A despatch from Toronto says: The elephant at the Riverdale Zoo acts as his own dentist. A few days ago it pulled a tooth which had been bothering it, the operation being witnessed by a number of persons who were watching the animal at the time. It appeared to be in pain, and worked its trunk round in its mouth as though to dislodge something unpleasant. At last, after moving its trunk frantically, the animal drew something from its mouth. It cast the tooth thus extracted out of the enclosure. The molar was large, and had evidently broken off in the gum, as all the root did not come out. The crown was in a good state of preservation, but there were signs of decay lower down.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

Mr. David Copper, a leading business man of Welland, is dead.

Frank Dresser was accidentally shot dead while standing in his doorway at Richmond, Que.

The Portuguese Government admits that there is a Royalist incursion in the north.

The C.P.R. directors decided to build the new shops at Calgary.

Three young children of Alex. Lachance of Fereol, Quebec, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the family dwelling.

Hamilton's assessment returns show a population of 82,005, and property value of over fifty-two millions, large increases in both cases.

The Dominion Wreck Commissioner, Captain Demers, has suspended the certificate of Captain Phelix of the steamer Chieftain III. for two years in connection with the collision between his boat and the steamer Hero.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Winston Churchill predicts a time when the play of international economic forces will make war impossible.

GENERAL.

The Labor party has won in the elections in West Australia.

Fighting between Monarchists and Republicans is reported from Portugal.

The powers are bringing pressure on Turkey to confine war to Tripoli.

Ambassador Bryce made presentation of 700-year old stepping stone from Hingham, England, to Hingham, Mass.

CANADIAN GREYNA GREEN.

914 Marriages Performed in Windsor During Past Three Months.

A despatch from Windsor, Ont., says: Marriages, as usual, head the list in vital statistics of Windsor for the three months ending



THE STANDARD ARTICLE - SOLD EVERYWHERE

For making soap, softening water, removing paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains, and for many other purposes

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Sept. 30, according to the figures given out by City Clerk Lusted. During the quarter there were 914 nuptial knots tied within the city limits, and Windsor's reputation as a Gretna Green is sustained. In these marriages 97 per cent. of couples were non-resident, most of them living in the United States. Births during this period totalled 115, and deaths numbered 79.

GREAT FIRE IN ENGLAND.

Church and Three Factories Destroyed at Leicester.

A despatch from Leicester, Eng., says: St. George's Church and three large hosiery factories were destroyed by fire here on Thursday night. The loss is estimated at \$1,250,000. The fire is said to have been the most disastrous in the history of Leicester.

NA-DRU-C HEADACHE WAFER

relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less. Absolutely harmless. at all druggists.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA

The World's To

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business, insurance, company bonds, railroad equipment bonds, and provincial and Dominion bonds.

The best known, of course, are real estate mortgages. It is quite superfluous to enlarge here on the details of the form of a real estate mortgage. Its usual form consists of a promise to pay the amount of the loan at maturity together with a certain amount of interest on certain dates. It includes also a transfer of the property mortgaged, which, however, is non-effective, unless some detail of the conditions of the mortgage is not fulfilled—such, for instance, as the payment of the interest.

The question of real estate mortgages as investments, however, is a matter which relatively very few investors have approached in a full enlightened manner. The average man figures in some such way as this: "Will Smith wants me to lend him \$1,000. His farm is worth \$3,000 as it now stands and the interest at 7 per cent. comes to such a small amount that there is no danger that he will not be able to pay it. I certainly don't stand to lose anything," and makes the investment.

Now, probably his estimation of the matter is quite correct. He did not, however, look on the matter in a broad manner. First, as to the safety of a mortgage. Like everything else, it depends on the amount of margin between the sum loaned and the value of the property. Almost as important, it depends on the character of the person making the mortgage.

It must always be borne in mind that a mortgage to be of any real value requires that the property be kept up to its value by the work, as a rule, of the individual to whom the money is loaned. If he is a careful, progressive man, who has borrowed, perhaps, to improve his farm in a manner which will make it more productive, this question need not be enquired into further. If, however, he is a man whose carelessness has got him into financial difficulties, he may let his farm run down, in a few years, to such an extent that, even if one were to foreclose the mortgage, there would be a very small value, and even that might not be got in the event of a forced sale.

The safety of interest does not depend altogether on this point. A bad year may result in the farm being run at a net loss and the farmer may find it difficult, or impossible, to meet the interest. This point is where the rural "note shaver" makes his money. The average investor, however, is not eager to profit by forcing a man to the wall. Perhaps he is a personal friend. At all events it is a cold-blooded thing to do to foreclose a mortgage just because a year's interest is in arrears. And so, perhaps, you find it easier on your conscience to forego the interest until next year, when in all probability the mortgagee will be able to catch up his arrears. Perhaps the man comes to you personally and puts his case in a strong way, persuades you to let him drop his payments for several years. You probably will come out all right in the long run, but the certainty of your interest is in this way sometimes doubtful.

INVESTOR.

Next week Investor will deal with other points in connection with mortgage investments.

SUICIDE AT PORT ARTHUR.

Finn Shot Himself Dead in Newspaper Office.

A despatch from Port Arthur, Ont., says: Charles Johnson, a Finn, entered the office of the Finnish newspaper here on Thursday afternoon, and, in the presence of Editor Hehi, whipped out a revolver, sending the bullet into his stomach. He died in a few minutes. Johnson was 30 years of age. He had been drinking heavily.

mouth. It cast the tooth thus extracted out of the enclosure. The molar was large, and had evidently broken off in the gum, as all the root did not come out. The crown was in a good state of preservation, but there were signs of decay lower down.

The Aylmer Fair gate receipts were only \$7.50, owing to the storm.

Well, Well!

THIS IS A HOME DYE that ANYONE can use



I dyed ALL these DIFFERENT KINDS of Goods with the SAME Dye. I used **DYOLA** ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CLEAN and SIMPLE to Use. NO chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods one has to color. All colors from your Druggist or Dealer. FREE Color Card and STORY Booklet 10. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

The World's To
is
LIPTON'S T
OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

"THE BEST HOME PRESERVES"

These are made by rightly combining luscious fresh fruits with

Redpath

EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

The best results are then assured.

Ask your grocer for Redpath Extra Granulated Sugar. He knows then that you want the best.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal
Established in 1854 by John Redpath.

\$3,600

in Cash Prizes for Farmers

Your Photograph May Win a Prize

AMONG the prizes we are offering in our big Prize Contest is one of \$100.00 (Prize "C") for the farmer in each Province who furnishes us with a photograph showing the best of any particular kind of work done on his farm during 1911 with "CANADA" Cement. For this prize, work of every description is included.

Now just as soon as you finish that new silo, barn, feeding floor or dairy, that you've been thinking of building, why not photograph it and send the picture to us? The photograph doesn't necessarily have to be taken by a professional or an expert. In fact, your son's or your daughter's camera will do nicely. Or, failing this, you might use the kodak of your neighbor's son nearby. In any event, don't let the idea of having a photograph made deter you from entering the competition. Particularly as we have requested your local dealer to help in cases where it is not convenient for the farmer to procure a camera in the neighborhood. By this means you are placed on an equal footing with every other contestant. Get the circular, which gives you full particulars of the conditions and of the other three prizes. Every dealer who sells "CANADA" Cement will have on hand a supply of these circulars—and he'll give you one if you just ask for it. Or if you prefer, you can use the attached coupon—or a postcard will do—send it to us and you'll receive the complete details of the contest by return mail.

If you haven't received your copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," write for that, too. It's a finely illustrated book of 160 pages full of useful and practical information of the uses of concrete.

Write us to-night, and you'll receive the book and the circular promptly.

Do not delay—sit right down—take your pen or pencil, and fill out the coupon NOW.

Canada Cement Company, Limited,
National Bank Building, Montreal

Please send Contest Circular and book.

Name.....

Address.....

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion if in ordinary type. In black type the charge will be 75 per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS!

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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DESIGNS

Copyrights &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 635 F St., Washington, D. C.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery



FLOUR

rolls baked at
of bewickery.

KE, PIES,

ROLLS,

and one other things

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

As the season for deer hunting approaches the papers begin to record shooting accidents among the followers of this sport. It is a pity the law cannot discriminate between the cautious and the uncautious, and to the latter class issue licenses to hunt the deer armed with a club instead of a gun. Then there would be fewer accidents.

The London, Eng., "Sheffield Independent" hits it about right when, speaking editorially it says: "With the Conservatives in power at Ottawa there will be such a tightening of the grip around Canada's throat as will prevent her from breathing. Laurier's policy brought prosperity; his rivals will be sure to cause a revolution, ultimately meaning the free exchange of natural products."

It is being daily intimated through the party press that there will be a provincial election this fall, probably in November. Sir James Whitney is evidently of the opinion that, as R. L. Borden swept the country in September, he can duplicate the trick in Ontario in November. Sir James had better be careful, for you know only the "wise ones" predicted the downfall of the Laurier government, and the same fate may be meted out to the Ontario Government.

The people of Prince Edward County, prior to the elections, had it drilled into them that disastrous results in the apple market would follow the passing of Reciprocity, and in consequence the stampede resulted in the defeat of Dr. Morley Currie. The County of Norfolk one of the foremost apple counties in the Province, did not swallow the bait so easily and elected a reciprocity candidate by a majority of 400. In 1908 the Conservatives carried the same county by a majority of 400. A very funny situation, eh!

Now that the Conservative Government is in power at Ottawa, and Lennox and Addington has a member who sits on the same side of the House, will Napanee be able to get a grant towards dredging the Napanee River? The Napanee river needs dredging, and needs it badly, and no small amount which will only partially remedy the evil will be acceptable. Let Mr. Paul get busy and show what he is made of, by having this matter attended to as early as possible. The people in this section of Lennox would like to wake up some morning next spring and see one of the government dredges at work in the Napanee river.

Is R. L. Borden, the new Premier of Canada, a Liberal or a Conservative. Read the following and see if you can guess: Mr. C. F. Hamilton says of the new Premier: "Originally R. L. Borden was a Liberal. Is not Sir Frederick Borden his cousin? Was not R. L. Borden's very first political speech delivered in advocacy of the election of Dr. Borden. then an Opposition candidate somewhere back in the eighties? The thousands of Liberals who voted for R. L. Borden in 1911 were voting for one of their own in 1891 he forsook the Liberal party, a wide-drawn testing and colors flag marched over to the Conservative camp. On what issue? On reciprocity; on the unrestricted reciprocity which Sir John Macdonald fought and conquered. He has full right to term himself a Liberal-Conservative." Wonder how the old

PRESS COMMENTS.

London Advertiser.

The naval law for Australia is exactly the same as the naval law for Canada. We don't hear one party accusing the other of "separatist" designs. That is the cry used only by a certain Canadian school, and raised only against Canadian liberals.

Guelph Mercury.

The farmer who has to take the price offered, whether he opposed the trade agreement or not, will look with longing eyes at the quotations in Buffalo, where the same class of hogs as he is disposing of at \$6.35 per hundred is bringing from \$6.85 to \$7.10 per hundred.

Toronto Globe.

There is as much to do over the election of the Borden Cabinet as if it were going to rule Canada for a generation instead of the few years that will be necessary to convince Canadians that progressive Liberalism is better for a growing country than stand-pat Toryism.

Mitchell Recorder.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has the satisfaction of knowing that his own province stood by him, but seven of his colleagues in the Cabinet went down to defeat. The result must be considered a triumph for high protection, and therefore must be satisfactory to the combines and trusts.

Kingston Whig.

The Toronto Tories are protesting over the appointment of a converted liberal in the Borden cabinet. If they are logical, they will protest against R. L. Borden holding the position of conservative premier, for Mr. Borden is a converted liberal, having left the party in 1891 under Tupper influence.

Forest Free Press.

Heretofore, in Canada, it has simply been a fight between Grit and Tory parties, often without any distinct issue, but from this time the political battle will be for a great principle—the right of the people to govern for the people, and not for the bounty-fed classes. Sooner or later the people will win.

Stratford Beacon.

There is one consolation in the election of such men as Houghton Lennox, Bennett, Fowler, et al., that they being on the Government benches will be under some sort of restraint. In Opposition they were free to give vent to anything abusive and nasty that came into their ill-balanced heads—and they seldom restrained themselves.

Moncton Transcript.

There is no question that the Eucharistic Conference in Montreal, combined with the great pomp of the parade, followed by Father Vaughan's indiscreet speech, then the temere decree and its confirming legislation in the Province of Quebec, together with the Northwest school question, and the presence of a Papal Ablegate in the country, were all incidents used in the Protestant and English-speaking portions of the country to down Laurier.

Montreal Herald.

It has been the prophecy since 1900 that a solid Quebec would some day produce a solid Ontario. In what

BLAMING PROVIDENCE FOR MAN'S CRIME.

(Toronto Globe.)

The appalling catastrophes of Austin, Pa., in which more than two hundred people were suddenly destroyed by the bursting of a dam, has raised in some minds the old vexed problem that troubled Job and the Psalmist—the problem of Divine responsibility for human trouble.

We were told in the news despatches that "the annihilation of the town of Austin came in a beautiful autumn afternoon, with the leaves just beginning to turn to gold, and the sun shining happily on all." Commenting on this picture and its tragedy—"mothers with babes in their arms, little children playing in the streets, sweethearts, husbands and wives, scores upon scores cut down without a moment's warning and sent to ultimately graves"—The Kingston Standard says:—"It may be that this cruel act of Providence—for cruel it certainly is—can be explained away, or that we shall be told that it is for the best; that this should be; but, frankly, we cannot see it that way. Rather it looks to us like wholesale murder as cruel as it undeserved."

The quite obvious thing to say is that the problem of Providence, whether beneficent or cruel, is in no sort of way involved in this calamity at Austin. If murder it was, the responsibility is not God's but man's. Had man left that creek as God made it there never would have been a pond or a flood. Had man used ordinary intelligence and constructed that dam according to known engineering rules there would have been no break. Had man been warned by the first unmistakable signs of defect the breaks might have been repaired. The whole affair, from the faulty foundation of the dam to the final and forewarned disaster, was a piece of human disregard of Divine laws, known laws of earth and stone and cement and water which the merest novice in engineering ought to know, and knowing, to obey.

Not Austin alone with its defective milldam, but every other community is threatened with death and loss not because Providence is cruel or unheeding, but because officials neglect their duties, or workmen scamp their work, or health authorities are too indolent to master the science of preventing disease. The crime is man's not God's.

FUNERAL TORTURE.

Ways of the Wives When a Bororo Indian Dies.

On the death of a Bororo Indian the wife tears out handfuls of her hair and throws it on his corpse, says a writer in the July Wide World Magazine. At intervals during the first day after his death she shakes him, as though wishing to bring him back to life, and kisses his cold brow. Her efforts being in vain, she retires and the Baire approaches. He proclaims that the man has died for the sins he committed during his life. Then the relatives paint his body with "urucu," an ointment made out of the root of a wild tropical plant. Gorgeous feathers of the most varied hues are then strewn over him, and the corpse is wrapped up in a matting of straw. The moment before the burial the wives approach one after the other and cover his feet with the blood dropping from the wounds and washes they have inflicted on their backs and arms.

This ceremony is followed by another. Three Indians appear dressed in the clothes—if the few rags they wear can be called thus—of the dead man and begin singing and dancing. In the meantime the corpse is carried

FLOUR
baked at
of bewitchery.

KE, PIES,

ROLLS,

and one other thing
very invent, and taste
and all are appatizing, and

ARE YOU GET BEST BAKED
STUFF MADE.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Next door Robinson Co.

'Phone 96. Napaece.]

The Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates than any
Canada and the United States. It has
furnished four teachers for the largest
American Business Colleges and two for
teachers in Canadian colleges. Every
member of the Spring Class occupied good
positions. Over one hundred graduates
have good positions in the City of Belleville.
Write for our new Catalogue with
photographs of spring classes.

Address the
BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Limited,
Box B, Belleville, Ont. 50
F. E. O'FLYNN, B.A., Managing Director

Those Buried Treasures.

"My speech was rather lengthy, I am
afraid," said the young statesman,
"but I assure you that it contains
numerous gems of thought."

"Perhaps," replied Mr. Growcher,
"but I have never allowed myself to
take the slightest interest in these
stories of buried treasures."—Washington Star.

Tough Luck.

"Tough luck Jipson had."
"What happened?"
"In order to keep his cook he told
her she might have the use of his
touring car two afternoons a week."

"Well?"
"Yesterday she eloped with the
cook."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Taking Him Up.

A Policeman—You've been begging.
Now, you just accompany me. Organ
Grinder—With pleasure, sir. What
song would you like?—Pelo Mele.

An act of yours is not simply the
thing you do, but it is also the way you
do it.—Wendell Phillips.

Robert Light

DEALER IN—

MANUFACTURER OF—

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

Tanks, and all
kinds of Sash
Factory & Plan-
ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

In 1891 he forsook the Liberal
party, a "with-draws beating" and
colors flying marched over to the Con-
servative camp. On what issue? On
reciprocity; on the unrestricted reci-
procity which Sir John Macdonald
fought and conquered. He has full
right to term himself a Liberal-Con-
servative. Wonder how the old
hardshell Tories will like being led by
a "vert" either con or per?

Betrayed.

"Say, mamma, can Anna see in the
dark, like a cat?"

"Why, child, what makes you ask
such a question?"

"Oh, last night when Cousin Carl
was here I heard Anna say in the
dark room, 'You must really shave
oftener, Carl.'"—Exchange.

Better.

"Your wife never sings any more.
Did she lose her voice?"

"No; she found her senses."—Toledo
Blade.

"I was Crippled, could hardly walk and had to Crawl

down stairs at times on my hands
and knees. My doctor told me I
had an acute attack of inflammatory
rheumatism. I was in the hospital
for weeks, but was scarcely able to
walk when I left it. I read about

Dr. Miles' Nervine

bought a bottle and began to get
better from the start, and for the
past six months I have had scarcely
any pain and am able to walk as
well as ever." J.H. SANDERS,

P. O. box 5, Rockaway, N. J.

Few medicines are of any benefit
for rheumatism, but Mr. Sanders
tells plainly what Dr. Miles' Re-
storative Nervine did for it. One
ounce of salicylate of soda added to
one bottle of Nervine makes an ex-
cellent remedy for rheumatism,
which is now known to be a nerv-
ous disease and therefore subject to
the influence of a medicine that acts
through the nerves, as does

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Sufferers from rheumatism seldom
fail to find relief in the use of
Dr. Miles' Nervine, with salicylate
of soda.

Sold under a guarantee that assures
the return of the price of the first bottle
if it fails to benefit. At all Druggists.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

in the Protestant and English-speak-
ing portions of the country to down
Laurier.

Montreal Herald.

It has been the prophecy since 1900
that a solid Quebec would some day
produce a solid Ontario. In what
happened the other day there was some-
thing of this. La Presse published in
English a copy of some verses that
were given wide circulation in Onta-
rio, where, for one reason and an-
other, sentiment below the surface was
ripe for a friendly reception. The Ne-
Temere decree on the subject of mar-
riage had something to do with pro-
ducing this state of mind. Certain
episodes of the Eucharistic Congress
had more to do with it. And the
fiercely aggressive campaign waged by
Mr. Bourassa only intensified the feel-
ing against Quebec, against Rome,
against the French premier who was
held up as a willing instrument of
papal intrigues. The reflected in-
fluence of Mr. Bourassa decided fifteen
seats in Ontario against Laurier as
well as that many in Quebec. Of
course, this episode of the election was
spasmodic. It is apt to recur at in-
tervals, but it is not a permanent con-
dition. We shall work back to normal
in both provinces. And by the look
of things it will not take long to do so

The Little Boy.

The little boy sat under a shade
tree with his back against its trunk
and tenderly rubbed his inflamed eye.
"When I'm rich," said the little
boy, "I'll buy something nice for
mother."

He was a fairly good little boy and
he didn't forget the conventionalities.
"But first," said the little boy, "I'll
build a big jail a mile high and I'll
hire a thousand policemen and I'll have
a cell full of rats, and then I'll put
that red headed little gink of a Bobby
Moses in it for blackin' my eye!"

For in the normal mind of youth
revenge is sweeter than love.

True to Life.

Manager—The critics say that in
the play, "A Wronged Wife," you
do not exhibit enough emotion when
your husband leaves you, never to
return.

Popular Actress—Oh, I don't, don't
I? Well, I've had two or three hus-
bands leave me, never to return, and
I guess I know as much about how
to act under those circumstances as
anybody.

Not Holding His Own.

When at college a fellow student
always managed to be away on Sun-
day. At last his companions dis-
covered that he went courting, and,
wishing to have a bit of fun, they
sent him the following telegram:

"Hope you are holding your own,"
He wired back direct:
"Cannot get rid of the old folks or
I should be."

Counting Up.

"Think of the golden moments you
have wasted playing bridge!" said
the serious friend.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Flimgilt re-
gretfully, "besides a lot of silver coin
and paper currency."

It May Not Be Necessary.

"What's the reason Grisby doesn't
apply for a divorce?"

"Why, his wife has taken to mono-
polying, and he thinks he might as
well wait."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

and cover his feet with the blood drop-
ping from the wounds and gashes they
have inflicted on their backs and arms.

This ceremony is followed by an-
other. Three Indians appear dressed
in the clothes—if the few rags they
wear can be called thus—of the dead
man and begin singing and dancing.
In the meantime the corpse is carried
to the "Bahyto," a huge mound in the
center of the colony, and should the
dancing and singing Indians become
tired before it is reached three others
take their places. The body lies on the
mound three days. Then the Baire
goes to the mound and, sending him-
self at the foot of the dead man, is
supposed to receive his soul in keeping.

THE BRAIN IN SLEEP.

Changes in the Volume of Blood Cir-
culation When We Dream.

Dreams are due to an increase of
sensation and circulation over that
which exists in profound sleep. Obser-
vations made upon patients with cran-
ial defects show that when we are
dreaming the brain is greater in vol-
ume than in deep sleep and less than
when we are awake. Thus this inter-
mediate volume of blood would indi-
cate that dreams are an intermediate
stage between unconsciousness and
wakefulness, and their incomplete and
irregular intelligence would indicate
the same thing. This increased cir-
culation is usually due to sensory stim-
ulation affecting the vasomotor center
and causing a return of blood to the
head, with resultant increased con-
sciousness.

Contrary to popular belief, dreams in
themselves do not contribute to light
or broken sleep in which they are
present. Such a condition is due to
the ever present stimuli, which accord-
ing to their strength or the degree of
irritability of the cells, maintain even
in sleep a varying degree of conscious-
ness of which the dreams are merely
a manifestation. Therefore the fatig-
uing effect often also attributed to
dreams is not due to them, but to the
lighter degree of sleep and less com-
plete cell restoration which they ac-
company and which are due to some
irritation.—Atlantic.

A Painful Mistake.

Bitter experience is a wonderful
teacher. No doubt the young lady of
whom London Ideas tells had often
been told that she ought to wear
glasses, but had neglected or refused
to do so.

There was a most determined look
in her eye, however, as she marched
into the optician's shop.

"I want a pair of glasses immedi-
ately," she said, "good, strong ones. I
won't be without them for another
day!"

"Good, strong ones?"

"Yes, please. I was out in the coun-
try yesterday, and I made a very
painful blunder, which I have no wish
to repeat."

"Indeed! Mistook an entire stranger
for an old friend, perhaps?"

"No, nothing of the sort. I mistook
a bumblebee for a blackberry."

Lady Bountiful.

Lady St. Helier is one of the busi-
est women in London. She is a fairy
godmother to poor children, and works
in their behalf the whole year round.
For a long time she lived in Shore-
ditch that she might be in direct touch
with the poorest poor. Lady St. Helier
has very pronounced ideas on the
matter of feminine attire, and no pa-
tience with extravagance. She once
said: "All English women have too
many clothes; in fact, too much of
everything, and the consequence is
their garments are old-fashioned and
unwearable long before they are worn
out. French women have fewer gowns,
just what they want, and wear them

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Children Cry for Fletcher's

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Sassafras -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
St. Catherine's -
Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Waterbury's -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac Simile Signature of
Dr. H. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

**At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS**

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. H. H. Fletcher

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FIGHTING FISH.

In the Rage of Battle They Turn From Dull to Brilliant Colors.

In the gardens of Singapore it is the custom to stock the ponds with all manner of queer fishes, many of them of the fighting variety so dear to the heart of the orientals. This species of fish is so combative that it is only necessary to place two of them near each other, like fighting cocks, and perhaps to irritate them a little to bring on a lively conflict.

They at once charge each other with fins erect, at the same time changing color in their excitement from the dull-est of gray greens to brilliant reds and blues. Indeed, confinement in close quarters is not needed to arouse their combative propensities.

Place two glass jars close together, with one of these fighting fish in each and they will at once swim round and endeavor to charge each other through the interposed glass.

Even a single fish seeing himself reflected in a mirror will dart at his own image and, irritated all the more by his failure to reach his supposed enemy, will assume the most brilliant hues. Seeing his reflected antagonist do the same, he will redouble his efforts to reach him.—Exchange.

Photographs For Lawsuits.

One call for services a professional photographer dislikes above all others and that is to get an order for a picture that is to be used as evidence in a lawsuit. The photographers who are most in demand for this purpose are the busiest ones, those who make a specialty of taking pictures of news events for the papers and magazines. When any one wants photographic evidence he is likely to remember the name of some firm of professionals that he has seen often in print and asks them to do the job.

"We wouldn't mind that sort of work so much if taking the picture was all that there was to it," said one of these picture men. "We get \$3 or \$5 for the picture. Later we get a subpoena, and we have to send to court the man that took it, to swear that he recognizes his work, that he took the picture, that he never was arrested and a lot of other fool stuff that uses up a day's time. Therefore we never touch such a job knowingly."—New York Sun.

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THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion

Since the tissues receive their tone from the nerve centres, lustrous eyes, a clear complexion and symmetrical figure can only be preserved by maintaining full nerve vigor. When the mirror warns, "ASAYA-NEURALL" is required. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, quickens the appetite, aids digestion, and restores the sparkling radiance of full nerve vitality. \$1.50 per bottle. Local agent.

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DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at York and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed class.

Wanted Now.

For Napanee and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock

Good Pay Weekly.

Outfit Free.

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600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.

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Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

THIRTY YEARS

Our Seven Colours have been established during the past 30 years. The largest traders in Canada. Owing to our connection all over

Helpful Hints on Hair Health.

Scalp and Hair Troubles Generally Caused by Carelessness.

Dandruff is a contagious disease caused by microbes which also produces baldness. Never use a comb or brush belonging to someone else. No matter how cleanly the owner may be, these articles may be infected with microbes, which will infect your scalp. It is far easier to catch hair microbes than it is to get rid of them, and a single stroke of an infected comb or brush may well lead to baldness. Never try on anybody else's hat. Many a hatband is a resting place for microbes.

If you happen to be troubled with dandruff, itching scalp, falling hair or baldness, we have a remedy which we believe will completely relieve these troubles. We are so sure of this that we offer it to you with the understanding that it will cost you nothing for the trial if it does not produce the results we claim. This remedy is called Rexall '93' Hair Tonic. We honestly believe it to be the most scientific remedy for scalp and hair troubles, and we know of nothing else that equals it for effectiveness, because of the results it has produced in thousands of cases.

Rexall '93' Hair Tonic is devised to banish dandruff, restore natural color when its loss has been brought about by disease, and make the hair naturally silky, soft and glossy. It does this because it stimulates the hair follicles, destroys the germ mat-

OLD SAMOAN MATS.

Precious Heirlooms That Are Treasured by the Natives.

Among the curious customs of the Samoans is that of making heirlooms of mats. By some simple process of reasoning the mat has come to be identified with the family, as the hearthstone is traditionally sacred among the Saxon race.

The Samoan mats are really fine specimens of art. The people esteem them much more highly than any article of European manufacture, and the older they are the more they are regarded. Some of them have names known all over the Samoan group. The oldest is called Moe-e Ful-Ful, or "The man that slept among the creepers." It got this title by reason of the fact that it had been hidden away for years among the creeping convolvulus that grows wild along the seashore. It is known to be 200 years old, as the names of its owners during that period can be traced.

The possession of one of these old mats gives the owner great power—in fact, it is a title deed to rank and property, from the Samoan standpoint, says Harper's Weekly. It is no matter if the mats are tattered and worn out. Their antiquity is their value, and for some of the most cherished of them large sums of money would be refused.

A Bitter Controversy.

The Shakespeare-Bacon controversy

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Rehall '93' Hair Tonic is devised to banish dandruff, restore natural color when its loss has been brought about by disease, and make the hair naturally silky, soft and glossy. It does this because it stimulates the hair follicles, destroys the germ matter, and brings about a free, healthy circulation of blood, which nourishes the hair roots, causing them to tighten and grow new hair. We want everybody who has any trouble with hair or scalp to know that we think that **Rehall '93' Hair Tonic** is the best hair tonic and restorative in existence, and no one should scoff at or doubt this statement until they have put our claims to a fair test, with the understanding that they pay us nothing for the remedy if it does not give full and complete satisfaction in every particular. Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain **Rehall Remedies** in Napanee only at our store—The **Rehall Store**. T. B. Wallace, Napanee.

He Didn't See the Killing.

Little Jack's father was the teacher of the Sunday school class of which Jack was a new member. He had been told that as this was his first Sunday he would not be asked any questions, but he must pay close attention just the same.

So on his way home his father asked him who it was that killed Goliath.

"I don't know; I was sitting on the back seat and couldn't see," was the ready answer.

Reduced Rate.

Beggar—Please, mister, a dime for a poor blind man. Old Gentleman—But you are only blind in one eye. Beggar—All right, make it a nickel then.—Exchange.

The price of true success is patient toil. Never give up until you have tried every means to attain your end.

Harper's Weekly. It is no matter if the mats are tattered and worn out. Their antiquity is their value, and for some of the most cherished of them large sums of money would be refused.

A Bitter Controversy.

The Shakespeare-Bacon controversy formed the subject of debate at a well known theatrical school not long ago. On both sides the orators were would be actresses, and pro and con the discussion was feminine and furious. It seemed at first that the ardent partisanship of the fair opponents would preclude the possibility of harmonious conclusion. But the last speaker, in the nervousness of her first public speech, suggested common ground.

"Ladies," she said, speaking rapidly, "I think there has been much misapprehension as to the real truth of the Baconian theory. I stand ready to show that the great plays we know so well were written not by Shakespeare or by Bacon, but by Bacon and Shakespeare in collusion!"

Amid laughter and applause the debate was declared a tie.—New York Tribune.

Hired Crowns.

To economical minds there must be a certain waste implied in the making of a new crown for every queen. Yet this has been the rule. Queen Alexandra and Queen Victoria both had crowns made for them, and it was Queen Adelaide who was the first to rebel against a hired crown. "I will not wear a hired crown," she said to the minister who was discussing the matter with her. "Do you think it right I should?" "Madam, the late king (George IV.) wore one." "Well, I will not. I do not like it. I have jewels enough to make one for myself." "In that case," interposed the king, "they will have to pay for the setting." "No, no," replied Adelaide. "I will pay for it all myself." And this was the course adopted.—London Chronicle.

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Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE

Eastern Standard Time. No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.									
Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 49	No. 4	No. 6				
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.				
Lve Bannockburn	0	5	10	1:40	4:00				
Deseronto	5	5:05	10:05	1:45	4:05				
Strathcona	14	5:15	10:15	1:55	4:15				
Arr Tweed	20	5:25	10:25	2:05	4:25				
Lve Tweed	0	6:00	11:00	2:30	4:50				
Deseronto	23	6:10	11:10	2:40	5:00				
Strathcona	27	6:15	11:15	2:45	5:05				
Camden East	33	6:20	11:20	2:50	5:10				
Yarker	37	6:25	11:25	2:55	5:15				
Galbraith	40	6:30	11:30	3:00	5:20				
Moscow	44	6:35	11:35	3:05	5:25				
Springer	46	6:40	11:40	3:10	5:30				
Mudlake Bridge	48	6:45	11:45	3:15	5:35				
Moscow	51	6:50	11:50	3:20	5:40				
Galbraith	53	6:55	11:55	3:25	5:45				
Yarker	55	7:00	12:00	3:30	5:50				
Camden East	59	7:05	12:05	3:35	5:55				
Thomson's Mills	61	7:10	12:10	3:40	6:00				
Newburgh	62	7:15	12:15	3:45	6:05				
Strathcona	62	7:20	12:20	3:50	6:10				
Napanee	69	7:25	12:25	3:55	6:15				
Deseronto	78	7:30	12:30	4:00	6:20				

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.									
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5				
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.				
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:00	3:00	6:00				
Napanee	8	7:10	12:10	3:10	6:10				
Strathcona	16	7:20	12:20	3:20	6:20				
Newburgh	17	7:25	12:25	3:25	6:25				
Thomson's Mills	18	7:30	12:30	3:30	6:30				
Camden East	19	7:35	12:35	3:35	6:35				
Yarker	23	7:45	12:45	3:45	6:45				
Galbraith	28	7:50	12:50	3:50	6:50				
Moscow	37	8:00	1:00	4:00	7:00				
Mudlake Bridge	38	8:05	1:05	4:05	7:05				
Enterprise	32	8:15	1:15	4:15	7:15				
Wilson	30	8:25	1:25	4:25	7:25				
Tamworth	38	8:35	1:35	4:35	7:35				
Erinville	41	8:40	1:40	4:40	7:40				
Maribank	45	8:45	1:45	4:45	7:45				
Larbins	51	8:50	1:50	4:50	7:50				
Stocco	58	9:00	1:55	5:00	8:00				
Arr Tweed	68	9:10	2:05	5:10	8:10				
Lve Tweed	0	9:15	2:10	5:15	8:15				
Bridgewater	64	9:20	2:15	5:20	8:20				
Queensboro	70	9:25	2:20	5:25	8:25				
Allans	73	9:30	2:25	5:30	8:30				
Arr Bannockburn	78	9:35	2:30	5:35	8:35				

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.									
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 5					
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.					
Lve Kingston	0	8:00	12:00	3:00					
G. T. R. Junction	8	8:10	12:10	3:10					
Glendale	10	8:20	12:20	3:20					
Morvale	14	8:30	12:30	3:30					
Harroswinth	19	8:40	12:40	3:40					
Sydenham	23	8:50	12:50	3:50					
Harroswinth	28	9:00	1:00	4:00					
Frontenac	33	9:10	1:10	4:10					
Yarker	36	9:15	1:15	4:15					
Camden East	39	9:20	1:20	4:20					
Thomson's Mills	41	9:25	1:25	4:25					
Newburgh	43	9:30	1:30	4:30					
Strathcona	44	9:35	1:35	4:35					
Napanee	49	9:40	1:40	4:40					
Napanee, West End	49	9:45	1:45	4:45					
Deseronto	49	9:50	1:50	4:50					


Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.									
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5					
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.					
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:00	3:00					
Napanee	8	7:10	12:10	3:10					
Strathcona	16	7:20	12:20	3:20					
Newburgh	17	7:25	12:25	3:25					
Thomson's Mills	18	7:30	12:30	3:30					
Camden East	19	7:35	12:35	3:35					
Yarker	23	7:45	12:45	3:45					
Galbraith	28	7:50	12:50	3:50					
Frontenac	33	8:00	1:00	4:00					
Harroswinth	37	8:10	1:10	4:10					
Sydenham	38	8:15	1:15	4:15					
Harroswinth	39	8:20	1:20	4:20					
Morvale	45	8:30	1:30	4:30					
G. T. R. Junction	49	8:40	1:40	4:40					
Kingston	49	8:50	1:50	4:50					

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.					PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.				
TRAINS		STEAMERS			STEAMERS		TRAINS		
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton		Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee	
2:15 a.m.	2:35 a.m.				6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
7:10 "	8:10 "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	
10:30 "	10:50 "	1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.				12:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m.	
11:50 a.m.	12:10 p.m.						3:45 p.m.	4:05 p.m.	
1:25 p.m.	1:45 "	5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.				6:10 "	6:30 "	
4:30 "	4:50 "				4 p.m.	5 p.m.	7:40 "	8:00 "	
6:50 "	7:10 "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.				11:40 a.m.	1:03 a.m.	
8:15 "	8:35 "						7:00 "	7:20 "	
							7:05 "	7:35 "	

Daily. All other trains run daily. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN President. **H. B. SHERWOOD** Superintendent. **MILES MCKEOWN** Despatcher.



BRITISH ADMIRAL SAYS

ROYAL NAVAL CLUB, Portsmouth, England

To the **Zam-Buk Co.**

Dear Sirs,—I have found **Zam-Buk** most reliable for healing cuts and abrasions; while for the relief of skin irritation it is invaluable.

(Signed) **RODNEY M. LLOYD**, Admiral.

Zam-Buk Cures Bad Burns.

Stoker Kingsnorth, of H.M.S. "Cochrane," says:—"I slipped and fell with my arm on an exhaust steam pipe, which fairly frizzled the skin. At once the ship's surgeon dressed my arm, but the burns took the wrong way, owing to a lot of dirt from the pipe setting up blood-poison. A large scab appeared, and from underneath the festering flesh, matter oozed out. I was in fearful pain and didn't know how to get ease.

"For weeks I remained under treatment, but the ordinary ointments proved no good. Indeed, I got worse. I therefore obtained a supply of **Zam-Buk** and almost as soon as this was applied I got ease. From the very first application, healing commenced; and a few boxes of **Zam-Buk** healed my wound completely."

Zam-Buk cures eczema, ulcers, abscesses, ringworm, bad leg, varicose ulcers, piles, cold sores, chapped hands, babies' sores, etc. All stores at 50c., or post free from **Zam-Buk Co., Toronto**, for price. Send 1c. stamp for trial box.

USE ZAM-BUK

Follow the example of renowned cooks and use

Cleveland's SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

Made from a Superior grade of pure Grape Cream of Tartar.
Always Uniform—Always Dependable

Makes Light, Flaky

PURITY
STRENGTH
PERFECTION

Biscuits, Cake and Pastry

WEIGHED THE ELEPHANT.

A Problem Which a Hindu Prince Was Able to Solve.

There is a story often told in India of Shajee, a Hindu prince, who on a certain occasion showed himself almost as clever as Archimedes.

A high official had made a vow that he would distribute to the poor the weight of his own elephant in silver money. But the great difficulty that at first presented itself was the mode of ascertaining what this weight really was. All the learned and clever men of the court seemed to have endeavored in vain to construct a machine of sufficient power to weigh the elephant.

At length Shajee came forward and suggested a plan which was simple and yet ingenious in the highest degree. He caused the unwieldy animal to be conducted along a stage specially made for the purpose by the water-side into a flat bottomed boat. Then, having marked on the boat the height to which the water reached after the elephant had weighed it down, the latter was taken out and stones substituted in sufficient quantity to hold the boat to the same line. The stones were then taken to the scales, and thus, to the amazement of the court, was ascertained the true weight of the elephant.—Exchange.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Try the flour that holds
the confidence of
thousands of
home-cooks

THE present huge demand for PURITY FLOUR shows the confidence in which it is held by thousands of home-cooks.

Those who have used PURITY FLOUR have come to believe in it. They look on PURITY as a friend. They feel they can trust it implicitly.

Legal Advice.

"Sir," said a barber to a lawyer who happened to be passing his shop, "will you tell me if this is a good half sovereign?"

The lawyer, pronouncing the coin to be quite genuine, coolly deposited it in his pocket, adding with great gravity, "If you'll send you boy round to my office I'll return the three shillings and fourpence change." — London Ideas.

The Usual Fate.

The unconscious stranger lay on the sidewalk breathing heavily and groaning. Two teeth were missing, his eyes were marked and his nose was bleeding.

"Who can he be?" said the crowd again and again.

"I guess he was some peacemaker," suggested the ambulance surgeon, surveying the wreckage.

No Romance.

Mr. Farwest—I met my old school-mate Lakeside to-day for the first time in an age, and I thought from the way he acted when I mentioned you that you and he must have had some romance or other before we met.

Mrs. Farwest—No romance about it, We were married for a few years, that's all.

Simple Remedies For Fever.

The hot pack, the cold pack and cold bath for reduction of temperature should be used only under the advice and direction of the physician. In mild cases of fever, however, sponging the body with cold or tepid water or alcohol and water will prove grateful and often reduce the fever.

BOUNCING BABY'S ECZEMA CURED

By Morrissey's No. 4.
Prescription 47 Years Old.

Pictou, N. S., July 8, 1910.

"When my baby was only two-weeks old I noticed a slight rash on his body, and the little fellow would cry and fret night and day. I was greatly worried about him, and tried everything to relieve him, but without any success. The rash kept getting worse and worse until his little face and body was a mass of scabs. When he was about six months old I was advised to try Father Morrissey's No. 4 Eczema medicine, which I did. In about two months time the scabs had disappeared, and the child is now healthy and strong. I most thankfully recommend it to anyone suffering from Eczema."

Mrs. F. Gratton.

The above prescription is not a "Cure-All" or so-called patent medicine. Dr. Morrissey prescribed it for 44 years, and it cured thousands after other doctors failed.

Price, 50c. per box at your dealers, or Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Limited, Montreal.

BUILT ON FAITH.

Remarkable Financing of a Railroad
In Arabia.

The most remarkable railroad in the world now is in course of construction in that part of Turkey in Asia broadly known as Arabia. The railway is unusual in many ways, but chiefly because it is built on the faith of the Mahometans all over the world.

This narrow gauge railway starts from the town of Damascus, and has the holy town of Mecca as its objective point. It will thus cover a distance of 1,750 kilometers. By far the greater portion of the line has been constructed, and the road is now regularly operated on the 1,500 kilometers intervening between Damascus and Medina.

The financing of this enterprise has been unparalleled in the annals of railroad building. The avowed intent of the construction was to afford primarily a convenient way of traveling to the 225,000 pilgrims who, it is computed, come every year from all corners of the Mahometan world, and at a cost of \$250 a head, to worship at the Kabala. It was estimated that the cost of the road would

THE SHIP CAPTAIN

His Life Pays the Penalty if His
Vessel Be Wrecked.

SAD TRAGEDIES OF THE SEA.

Brave and Skillful Mariners Who Went
to Death With Heroic Calmness
When Disaster Overwhelmed the
Craft Committed to Their Care.

For this is the law without excuse
For all of the lords of the sea—
That each must hold his ship from harm,
Whatever the odds may be.

There are many tragedies of the sea that the world knows very little about, or, knowing, very soon forgets. These are the tragedies of the men whose lives have been spent in the hard and exacting service which the sea demands, whose long years of toll and zeal and skill have brought the high responsibilities of command and whose careers have been cut short by the fault of an hour—yea, even by the error of a minute.

The old rubric that those who never make mistakes have had few opportunities for making them does not apply here. There is never a voyage that does not have its possibility of error, and in many of them arise the sudden emergencies which bring the acid test of presence of mind, cool judgment, expert seamanship and skill. Let these qualities fail the master mariner in his time of need, and, no matter what might have been the stress of body or brain, or of both, his professional career is at an end, if the lapse involves disaster to his ship.

There is that veteran mariner Captain Frederick Watkins. He it was who commanded the City of Paris when the old human liner came staggering to port with the Atlantic waves swashing about her hold and surging against her bulkheads, the result of a fog shrouded impact with an iceberg. The liner was thronged with passengers. The unforeseen danger came near to sending her and her thousand souls to the bottom, but the energy, resourcefulness and skill of her commander brought her safe to port—a deed to be long remembered.

It was remembered up to a few years ago, when a slight miscalculation on the part of Captain Watkins sent his vessel upon the Manacle rocks, on the Cornish coast. Now you may search all of the obscure places of the earth and you may not locate him.

There was the Prinzessin Victoria Luise of the Hamburg-American line, which drove hard upon the coral beach at Port Royal, in the island of Jamaica. The vessel was thronged with tourists, making a jaunt to the West Indies. Fortunately the sea was calm, and there was no difficulty in getting passengers ashore. When the last had been safely landed the captain went to his stateroom and put a bullet through his brain.

The pitiable part of it all was that he had no need to. It was not the brain he shattered that was at fault, but the Kingston earthquake, which had destroyed the lighthouse.

Captain Griffith of the Mohagan stood on the bridge of his fast sinking ship until the waters engulfed him. Deloncle of the French liner Bourgoigne, sunk in mid-Atlantic by a collision with the British steamship Cromartyshire, was last seen on the bridge, with hand on whistle cord, as his vessel took the long dive. Von Goessel of the Elbe went down with his ship, standing with folded arms upon the bridge as the vessel slowly

PHE present huge demand for PURITY FLOUR shows the confidence in which it is held by thousands of home-cooks.

Those who have used PURITY FLOUR have come to believe in it. They look on PURITY as a friend. They feel they can trust it implicitly, because each and every lot of PURITY FLOUR has always been uniform—always up to the high standard of quality that has made it famous.

Wouldn't you, too, like to use a flour you could always rely on? Wouldn't you like to feel certain that your bread, cakes, and pies were going to turn out exactly right? That's just how you'll feel when you become a user of PURITY FLOUR—the confidence-creating flour.

PURITY FLOUR gives high-class results, because it consists exclusively of the high-grade portions of the best Western hard wheat.

On account of the extra strength of PURITY FLOUR please remember, when making pastry, to add more shortening than an ordinary flour requires.

PURITY FLOUR

"More bread and better bread"

Make your next flour order spell P-U-R-I-T-Y F-L-O-U-R. It costs slightly more, but it's worth the difference. Add PURITY FLOUR to grocery list right now.

Sold by J. G. Oliver, Grocer, Napanee.
E. J. JUDGE, Camden East.



And when making bread add more water, and PURITY FLOUR will expand into more loaves than the same weight of ordinary flour can produce, thus making "more bread and better bread."

The Napanee Express

Job Department

EXECUTES HIGH-CLASS
PRINTING

Commercial Printing

of all kinds

Telephone
134

A Representative will
call for your Orders and
Instructions.

been unparalleled in the annals of railroad building. The avowed object of the construction was to afford primarily a convenient way of traveling to the 225,000 pilgrims who, it is computed, come every year from all corners of the Mahometan world, and at a cost of \$250 a head, to worship at the Kabala. It was estimated that a \$50 round trip rate would be sufficient to insure the financial stability of the undertaking. Money was provided for the construction of the road by appeals made to the religious feelings of the 250,000,000 Mahometans scattered in widely-separated regions of the globe, and their voluntary contributions to this pious undertaking was besought. So successfully did this scheme work that \$14,000,000 was soon collected, and for a time about \$12,000,000 was contributed annually by the faithful. This operation involved no responsibilities whatever to the promoters, headed by Abdul Hamid, the former Sultan of Turkey, inasmuch as all these funds were bestowed in the form of donations. Thus the road had no shareholders and no bonded indebtedness, its capital being spontaneously wiped off.

The religious character of the undertaking is well evinced by the fact that each train carries a mosque wagon, wherein pilgrims are enabled to perform their devotions in the course of the journey to the sacred cities. Externally, the praying carriage is distinguished from the others only by means of a diminutive minaret 6.5 feet high. The interior is fitted out, according to current religious customs, with carpets on the floor and suitably framed Koranic verses in letters of gold on the walls.

The Iffland Ring.

Friedrich Haase, the German actor, who died recently, was the proud possessor of the Iffland ring, which by the will of that famous actor was to be "worn by the most worthy." When August Wilhelm Iffland died the ring, made of iron and thickly set with diamonds, was given to Ludwig Devrient, from whom it descended to Emil Decient. The next "most worthy" was Theodor Doring, after whose death it came into the possession of Friedrich Haase. At various times since his retirement from the stage Haase has named Mitterwurzer, Mathowski and Josef Kainz as worthy of the Iffland ring, but they all left the "stage of life" before Haase, who after consultation with his friends concluded to name Albert Bassermann as the ring heir, and he now wears it.

His Unromantic Legs!

Future generations will be told the cold, unromantic truth concerning Richard Wagner when they gaze upon the Matzen statue soon to be erected in Edgewater park. It has been decided that the figure will not be seated. Wagner will be standing erect on his pedestal, and the sculptor was forced on this account to reveal the fact that the great Wagner was the possessor of short legs and a very large head.

"I'm going to be truthful," said Sculptor Matzen. The Matzen Wagner will wear a rather long fur cloak. This serves in a measure to soften the blow.

Sandy and his master drove up to the small station as the train approached. "Here's yer train, sir," said Sandy. "That is not my train," replied the master, who had his own ideas about correct speech. "But it's the train I am going by." But it happened to be a special train and didn't stop at the station, whereupon Sandy exclaimed, "We're baith wrang, for it's neither your train nor the one ye're gaun by, but it's the one that's gane by you."

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

Jeonice of the French liner *Sour gogne*, sunk in mid-Atlantic by a collision with the British steamship *Cromartyshire*, was last seen on the bridge, with hand on whistle cord, as his vessel took the long dive. Von Goessel of the *Elbe* went down with his ship, standing with folded arms upon the bridge as the vessel slowly sank.

One of the saddest tragedies of the sea was the wreck of the British steamship *Wairarapa*, which went ashore on Great Barrier island while on a voyage from Sydney to New Zealand. As the vessel neared the entrance to the harbor of Auckland a thick fog shut in. Captain McIntosh, who commanded her, had been many years in the service of the line and was reputed to be very careful and capable, but while the steamer was groping her way through the mist it was noted that he was exceedingly nervous and depressed.

When night came the fog was so thick that the lookouts could not see half a ship's length ahead. A few minutes past midnight there was a sudden crash, which laid the steamship almost on her beam ends, disabling all of the boats on the careered side. Captain McIntosh was on the bridge at the time. A great wound which had been torn in the vessel's side showed the extent of the disaster. As soon as he realized that his ship must become a total loss the captain strode to the end of the bridge and, exclaiming "This is the last watch!" plunged overboard to his death.—Walter Scott Meriwether in *Munsey's Magazine*.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

Belleriver, Que.—"Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I would not be alive. For five months I had painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the uterus. I suffered like a martyr and thought often of death. I consulted two doctors who could do nothing for me. I went to a hospital, and the best doctors said I must submit to an operation, because I had a tumor. I went back home much discouraged. One of my cousins advised me to take your Compound, as it had cured her. I did so and soon commenced to feel better, and my appetite came back with the first bottle. Now I feel no pain and am cured. Your remedy is deserving of praise."—Mrs. EMMA CHATEL, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec.



Another Operation Avoided.

Poughkeepsie, N.Y.—I run a sewing machine in a large factory and got all run down. I had to give up work for I could not stand the pains in my back. The doctor said I needed an operation for womb trouble but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did more for me than the doctors did. I have gained five pounds. I hope that everyone who is suffering from female trouble, nervousness and backache will take the Compound. I owe my thanks to Mrs. Pinkham. She is the working girl's friend for health, and women who suffer should write to her and take her advice.—MISS TILLIE PLENZIG, 3 Jay St., Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases.

Ram
Ram
Ewe-
Ewe,
SHEE

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Ewe-
Ewe,

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ODESSA FAIR.

What promised to be one of the best of the fall fairs this year was spoiled by rain. Most of the exhibits were in place and a large number of people gathered when a cold rain, followed by snow and sleet drove the crowd home almost as soon as they came. The bad weather also had some effect on the exhibits and some of the classes were not well filled. Following is the prize list:

DRAUGHT HORSES.

Stallion—VanLoven Bros.
Span Horses—S. G. Hogle, F. Gates.
2-year-old Colt—Ross Paul, S. G. Hogle.
1-year-old Colt—Ross Paul, S. G. Hogle.
Foal of 1911—Ross Paul.
Brood Mare—Ross Paul.

GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES.

Stallion, and three of his get—Ed. Haggerman.
Span Horses—C. D. Brown, C. Loyst.
2-year-old Colt—J. W. Walker, G. W. Lucas.
1-year-old Colt—Ed. Haggerman, Clarence Sharp.

Foal of 1911—Ross Paul, Harry Snider.
Brood Mare—Ross Paul, D. L. Boice.

CARRIAGE HORSES.

Span Carriage Horses—D. W. Lucas, D. L. Boice.
Single Carriage Horse—VanLoven Bros., Clarence Sharp.
2-year-old Colt—Harvey Snider, F. Gates.

1-year-old Colt—D. L. Boice, F. Gates.
Foal of 1911—J. Files.
Brood Mare and foal—J. Files, E. Kaylor.

ROADSTER, TROTTER OR PACING.

Roadster Stallion, and three of his get—H. C. Kaylor.
Span Roadster Horses—A. Hegadorn, J. T. Empey.
Single Roadster Horse—E. Kaylor, H. Clarke.
3-year-old Colt—Clarence Sharp, Harry Snider.
2-year-old Colt—A. Hegadorn, E. Kaylor.

CATTLE AYRSHIRES.

Yearling Bull—C. W. Neville.
Milch Cow—
2-year-old Heifer—M. W. Neville.
Yearling Heifer—C. W. Neville.

CATTLE HOLSTEIN.

Bull, 2 years and over—C. W. Brown, W. E. Storms.
Cow—
2-year-old Heifer—G. W. Lucas.
Yearling Heifer—G. W. Lucas.
Heifer Calf, under 1 year—
Bull Calf, under 1 year—W. E. Storms, C. D. Brown.

GRADE CATTLE.

Milch Cow—C. Montgomery.
2-year-old Heifer—
Heifer Calf, under 1 year—J. W. Walker, C. Montgomery.

SWINE.

Boar, Yorkshire or Tamworth—C. W. Neville, S. G. Hogle.
Boar, Berkshire or Hampshire—S. G. Hogle, C. W. Neville.
Brood sow, Yorkshire or Tamworth—S. G. Hogle, C. W. Neville.
Brood sow, Berkshire or Hampshire—S. G. Hogle, J. W. Walker.
Boar pig, 1911, Yorkshire or Tamworth, 3 months or over—S. G. Hogle.
Sow, 1911, Yorkshire or Tamworth, 3 months or over—J. F. Dawson.

SHEEP, COTSWOLDS AND LEICESTERS.

Ram—C. W. Neville, M. Neville.
Ram of 1911—
Ewe—
Ewe of 1911—

SHEEP, SOUTHDOWN AND MERINO.

Ram—W. Dawson.
Ram of 1911—W. Dawson.
Ewe—
Ewe of 1911—

SHEEP, SHROPSHIRE AND DORSET HORNED.

Ram—J. F. Dawson, S. G. Hogle.
Ram of 1911—S. G. Hogle, J. F. Dawson.
Ewe—J. F. Dawson, S. G. Hogle.
Ewe of 1911—

SHEEP, OXFORD DOWNS AND HAMPSHIRE DOWNS.

Ram—C. W. Neville, M. Neville.

TORTURED BY BILIOUSNESS

AND TERRIBLE SICK HEADACHES

Both Completely Cured by "Fruit-a-tives"

DRESDEN, Ont. July 17th, 1910.

"I was a dreadful sufferer for many years from Sick Headaches and Biliousness, or Torpid Liver. I tried many remedies and physicians, but nothing seemed to do me any good. I finally used "Fruit-a-tives" and after the first box, I was so much better that I continued using these fruit tablets and they have entirely cured me.

"I certainly can recommend "Fruit-a-tives" to anyone who suffers from Headaches, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble." Mrs. ISAAC VANSICKLE. Thousands of people have had the same experience as Mrs. Vansickle. They have tried doctors and taken all sorts of medicine, only to find that "Fruit-a-tives" is the one and only remedy that actually cures these troubles.

"Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of fruit juices, and is the greatest Liver Cure ever discovered. It acts directly on Liver, Kidneys and Skin—sweetens the stomach and purifies the blood.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

GENERAL MANUFACTURES.

Wool shawl—G. H. Remion, Mrs. Wright.
Knit bedspread—R. W. Aylsworth, P. E. R. Miller.
Crochet bedspread—Mrs. Wright, R. W. Aylsworth.
Pieced bedspread—P. E. R. Miller, R. Miller, R. W. Aylsworth.
Pair mitts—P. E. R. Miller, R. W. Aylsworth.
Pair socks—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
Coverlet, homemade—J. E. Maybe, J. T. Empey.
Quilt—R. W. Aylsworth, F. Mills.
Floor mat—Mrs. Wright.

LADIES WORK, ETC.

Sofa pillow, embroidered in silk—L. Hartman, Jas. Lewis.
Sofa pillow, embroidered in cotton—Mrs. Wright, R. W. Aylsworth.
Sofa pillow, Battenburg—R. W. Aylsworth, L. Hartman.
Sofa pillow, any other kind—B. Yeomans, L. Hartman.
Centre piece, embroidery—L. Hartman, J. Lewis.
Centre piece, lace—R. W. Aylsworth, L. Hartman.
Centre piece—R. W. Aylsworth, Mrs. Wright.
Collection of doilies—R. W. Aylsworth, L. Hartman.
Toilet mats—Mrs. Waight, R. W. Aylsworth.
Table mats—Mrs. Wright, R. W. Aylsworth.
Tea Cosey—L. Hartman, R. W. Aylsworth.
Sideboard cover—P. E. R. Miller, Mrs. Wright.
Pillow shams—P. Yeomans, R. W. Aylsworth.
Tray or carving cloth—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
Tatting—R. W. Aylsworth, P. E. R. Miller.
Outline work—R. W. Aylsworth, Mrs. Wright.
Berlin wool work—L. Hartman, Mrs. Wright.
Crochet slippers' wool—P. E. R. Miller.
Crochet lace, wool—C. Loyst, R. W. Aylsworth.
Crochet lace, cotton—L. Hartman, R. W. Aylsworth.
Knitted lace—L. Hartman, R. W. Aylsworth.
Waist decorations—P. E. R. Miller, Mrs. Wright.
Collection 3 collars, fancy—R. W. Aylsworth, Mrs. Wright.
Fancy handkerchief—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
Roman embroidery—P. E. R. Miller, L.

THE TRUTH ABOUT THOSE CONTRACTS.

Ottawa, Oct. 6th.—The facts about the awarding of the contract for the Quebec terminals of the National Transcontinental railway and the Grand Trunk Pacific, concerning which the conservative press is making such an ado, are as follows:

Some four years ago the National Transcontinental commission and the officials of the Grand Trunk Pacific were approached by the representatives of the city of Quebec in regard to the terminals in that city. Various sites were suggested and carefully inspected. Finally they dwindled down to two, one on the waterfront near the Chateau Frontenac and including the Champlain market, and the other on the St. Charles river, about three miles to the eastward. In the first place there was a depth of water of fifty-five feet where the largest vessels could come right up to the wharf and deliver their passengers and their freight alongside; in the other the greatest depth of water is fifteen feet and an enormous amount of dredging would have to be done.

Thus the advantage being in favor of the Champlain market site, and it being approved of by the Grand Trunk Pacific, which will have to administer the terminals, and will have so pay interest on their cost, the city of Quebec was asked what it was prepared to do. It offered to sell the Champlain market for a sum of \$100,000 upon condition that the Trunk Pacific and the Transcontinental Commission expended \$2,000,000 in terminals and car shops, etc.

The plans were prepared and submitted for approval to the Grand Trunk Pacific last year, long before there was any indication of a general election. The G. T. P. approved the plans and specifications were prepared in accordance therewith. These were approved by both the N. T. R. commission and the G. T. R. in May last and a call for tenders was issued on July 29th last. The tenders were opened on August 31st and referred to the chief engineer for examination and report. Six tenders were received for the whole work, four for the structural steel, one for the plumbing, three for the painting and glazing and one for electrical work.

The chief engineer reported to the board of September 9th, 1911, that he recommended the acceptance of Joseph Gosselin, the lowest tenderer, for the sum of \$745,015. This was twelve days before the election.

On September 11th, the tenders were transmitted to the law clerk for the preparation of the contract and the law clerk returned the contract in quadri-duplicate with Joseph Gosselin to the secretary on September 23rd.

A report was made to the governor-in-council advising the acceptance of the Gosselin tender on the 23rd and an order-in-council awarding the contract was passed on September 27th.

It is claimed by the commissioners that the whole transaction was absolutely above board. It was inaugurated long before there was any indication of an election or a change of government and it was carried through in the ordinary business way.

No action whatever has been taken in regard to the St. John harbor contracts.

Are Kidneys Fit to Eat.

We think not. It is the kidneys that abstract uric acid and other soluble impurities from the blood. The kidneys are often diseased, the tubes becoming inflamed and full of pus so

SOLD THE WORLD OVER.



THE DEATH DICE.

History of an Odd Gift of the Emperor of Germany.

There is shown in the Hohenzollern museum a gift of the emperor of Germany, the "death dice," with which one of his ancestors decided a difficult case in the seventeenth century. Their history is an interesting one.

A young girl had been murdered. Suspicion fell upon two soldiers, Ralph and Alfred, who were suitors for her hand. Both the accused men denied their guilt, and even torture failed to extract a confession from either of them. Then Elector Frederick William decided to cut the knot by means of the dice box. The two soldiers should throw for their lives and the loser should be executed as the murderer. The event was celebrated with great pomp and solemnity.

Ralph had the first chance and threw sixes, the highest possible number. The dice box was then given to Alfred. He fell on his knees and prayed aloud: "Almighty God, thou knowest I am innocent. Protect me, I beseech thee!"

Then he arose to his feet and threw the dice with such force that one of them broke. The whole one showed six, the broken one also gave six on the larger portion, and the fragment split off showed one. This was a total of thirteen, one beyond Ralph's throw. The audience held its breath in amazement.

"God has spoken," cried the prince. Ralph, appalled by what he regarded as a sign from heaven, confessed guilt and was sentenced to death.

Throughout the dark ages an accused person had a piece of red-hot iron some in his hand or to walk in footed over plowshares. The hand or foot was inspected three times by the defendant and he was pronounced otherwise, guilty or innocent.

Aristotle at any noon night up to the feet of a man.

In 1600, saved only 1

SHEEP, SHROPSHIRE AND DORSET HORNED.

Ram—J. F. Dawson, S. G. Hogle.
Ram of 1911—S. G. Hogle, J. F. Dawson.
Ewe—J. F. Dawson, S. G. Hogle.
Ewe of 1911— " " "

SHEEP, OXFORD DOWNS AND HAMPSHIRE DOWNS.

Ram—C. W. Neville, M. Neville.
Ram, 1911— " " "
Ewe— " " "
Ewe, 1911— " " "

POULTRY.

Pair Orpingtons—Geo. Somers.
Pair Plymouth Rocks—D. L. Boice, Marvin Irish.
Pair Leghorns—Marvin Irish, D. L. Boice.
Pair Cochins—D. L. Boice.
Pair Rhode Island Reds—Marvin Irish.
Pair ducks—Geo. Somers, D. L. Boice.
Pair geese—D. L. Boice, Ed Hagerman.
Collection 3 hens and 1 rooster, not shown in above—Geo. Somers, D. L. Boice.
Pair Minorcas—Marvin Irish, Geo. Somers.
Pair Wyandottes—Geo. Somers, D. L. Boice.

GRAIN.

Bushel spring wheat—J. W. Walker, D. L. Boice.
Bushel fall wheat—P. E. R. Miller, J. W. Walker.
Bushel rye—D. S. Boice, Ed Hagerman.
Bushel barley—J. T. Empey.
Bushel peas—J. W. Walker, P. E. R. Miller.
Bushel oats, white—C. W. Neville, A. Hegadorn.
Bushel oats, black—P. E. R. Miller.
Bushel buckwheat—J. C. Johnson, P. E. R. Miller.
Half bushel clover seed, 1910—Ed. Hegadorn, R. W. Aylsworth.
Bushel Timothy seed, 1911—D. L. Boice, P. E. R. Miller.
Peck beans—Fenton Reid, J. T. Empey.
Rick corn even 1 doz. ears—D. L. Boice, P. E. R. Miller.
1 doz. evergreen corn—Clarence Sharp, W. M. Clark.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Cheese, not less than 10 pounds—D. L. Boice, J. T. Empey.
5 pounds Honey, comb—L. Hartman.
Exhibit Honey, extracted—L. Hartman, J. C. Johnson.
Quart, or over, Maple Syrup—J. C. Johnson, D. L. Boice.
5 lbs. Maple Sugar—J. W. Walker, P. E. R. Miller.
Half dozen Hen's Eggs, by weight—W. M. Clark, A. Hegadorn.
Butter, not less than 3 lb roll—J. C. Johnson, J. T. Empey.
Loaf Bread—W. M. Clark, A. M. Fraser.

VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND ROOTS.

Half bushel Potatoes—W. M. Clark, P. E. Mills.
Half bushel Turnips—Stan Reid, Clarence Sharp.
Half bushel Carrots—L. Hartman.
Half bushel Table Beets—L. Hartman, P. E. Kaylor.
Half bushel Onions— " "
2 heads Cabbage—A. M. Fraser, P. E. R. Miller.
Plate of 5 Northern Spy—C. W. Neville, M. Neville.
Plate of 5 Talman Sweet—C. D. Brown, D. L. Boice.
Plate of 6 Pears—Ed Hagerman.
Dozen Red Peppers—J. C. Johnson.
Variety Tomatoes—J. C. Johnson, D. L. Boice.
Three heads Celery—L. Hartman, E. M. Clark.
Collection of Fruit—C. W. Neville, J. C. Johnson.
Plate of 5 Russet Apples—E. Kaylor, P. E. R. Miller.
Plate of 5 Snow Apples—J. C. Johnson, P. E. R. Miller.
Plate of 5 Bell Flower Apples—J. C. Johnson, G. H. Lucas.
Plate of 5 St. Lawrence Apples—P. E. R. Miller.
Squash—D. L. Boice.
Citrons—A. M. Fraser, D. L. Boice.
Pumpkin—D. L. Boice, W. M. Clark.

WAGONS, CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.

Lumber Wagon—B. J. Oswald.
Top buggy—B. J. Oswald, A. M. Fraser.
Family Carriage— " "
Cutting— " "
Single carriage harness—B. J. Oswald.
Single carriage harness, hand made—B. J. Oswald, D. L. Boice.
Double carriage harness, hand made—B. J. Oswald.

CROUNTS, COATONS—L. Hartman, R W Aylsworth.

Knitted lace—L. Hartman, R W Aylsworth.
Waist decorations—P. E. R. Miller, Mrs Wright.
Collection 3 collars, fancy—R W Aylsworth, Mrs Wright.
Fancy handkerchief—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
Roman embroidery—P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
Teneriffe or Brazilian point—L. Hartman, J. E. Maybe.
Display house plants—J. C. Johnson.
Bouquet flowers—J. C. Johnson, J. E. Maybe.
Five o'clock table cover—Mrs Wright, R W Aylsworth.
Hand painted table cover—P. E. R. Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Painting in water colors—P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
Fascination crochet—Mrs Wright, R W Aylsworth.
Crochet tidy—L. Hartman, R W Aylsworth.
Painting on china—Mrs Wright, P. E. R. Miller.
Painting in oil—Mrs Wright, L. Hartman.
Collection three pictures—P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
Hairpin work—L. Hartman, Mrs Wright.
Pierced brass work—Jas Lewis, L. Hartman.
Burnt wood work—Jas Lewis, A. M. Fraser.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

BOYLE & SON, Napanee—One gallon Morey Paint, and one can Lacqueret Varnish stain, for pair dressed chickens—D. L. Boice.
W F NICKLE, M. P. P., Kingston—\$3.00 for pair dressed fowl—D. L. Boice.
ABERNETHY'S SHOE STORE, Kingston—\$2.00 in value, pair geese—D. L. Boice.
F W COATES, Jeweller, Kingston—\$2.00 in value, for pair of pullets—Marvin Irish.
W G CLARK, Merchant, Odessa—A lap rug, value \$3.00 for dressed goose—D. L. Boice.
TEMPLETON & SON, Napanee—The Napanee Beaver, for one year, for dressed chicken—D. L. Boice.
R BENNETT, Merchant, Odessa—\$2.00 for 3 lb roll butter—J. C. Johnson.
F W SMITH & BRO, Jeweller, Napanee—\$2.00 in value for 3 lb roll butter—P. E. R. Miller.
W H MILLING, Merchant, Napanee—50 lbs Royal Household Flour, for two oaves of bread, made from Royal Household flour—A. Hegadorn.
A S KIMMERLY, Merchant, Napanee—50 lbs Five Roses flour, for best two loaves home-made bread, made from Five Roses flour—A. M. Fraser.
F CHINNECK, Jeweller, Napanee—\$1.50 in value, for the best two loaves bread—W. M. Clark.
E J POLLARD, Napanee—The Express for one year for the best 2 lb roll of butter—J. W. Walker.
The Express for one year for the best loaf bread—J. C. Johnson.
TEMPLETON & SON, Napanee—The Napanee Beaver for one year, for the best half bushel of potatoes—J. T. Empey.
MADILL BROS, Merchants, Napanee—An umbrella for best collection of ladies' tancy work—L. Hartman.

No Reason for Doubt.

A Statement of Facts Backed by a Strong Guarantee.

We guarantee complete relief to all sufferers from constipation, or, in every case where we fail, we will supply the medicine free.

Reall Orderlies are a gentle, effective, dependable, and safe bowel regulator, strengthener, and tonic. They aim to re-establish nature's functions in a quiet, easy way. They do not cause inconvenience, griping, or nausea. They are so pleasant to take and work so easily that they may be taken by one any at any time. They thoroughly tone up the whole system to healthy activity.

Reall Orderlies are unsurpassable and ideal for the use of children, old folks, and delicate persons. We cannot too highly recommend them to all sufferers from any form of constipation and its attendant evils. Three sizes, 10c., 25c. and 50c. Remember, you can obtain Reall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Reall Store. T. B. Wallace, Napanee.

In regard to the St. John harbor contracts.

Are Kidneys Fit to Eat.

We think not. It is the kidneys that abstract uric acid and other soluble impurities from the blood. The kidneys are often diseased, the tubes becoming inflamed and full of pus so that they fail to do their work and cause weakness and pain in the back and rheumatism, diabetes, puffiness under the eyes, follow. In such cases Merrill's System Tonic will be found invaluable. It contains such to soothe the inflammation and purifies the blood from the accumulated poisons. Old people and children need System Tonic to prevent too frequent urination, and to take away the burning sensation. All druggists sell Merrill's System Tonic. Price 50c. 6 boxes for \$2.50 or by mail, postpaid, from the Merrill Medical Co., Merrill Building, Toronto.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

In our... saved only... with which he...

\$100 Rewa.

The readers of this paper will learn that there is at least one stage at which science has been able to cure the only positive cure for the medical fraternity. Catarrh of the constitutional disease, requires a course of treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure internally, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building the constitution and aiding nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for testimonials. Address F. J. CHENY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McKee, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. James Rinkler, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers heal up; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear; the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical and mental systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. You feel yourself a man and know marriage cannot be a failure. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT THREATENED WITH PARALYSIS



BEFORE TREATMENT



AFTER TREATMENT

Peter E. Summers relates his experience: "I was troubled with Nervous Debility for many years. I lay it to indiscretion and excesses in youth. I became very despondent and didn't care whether I worked or not. I imagined everybody who looked at me guessed my secret. Imaginative dreams at night weakened me—my back ached, had pains in the back of my head, hands and feet were cold, tired in the morning, poor appetite, fingers were shaky, eyes blurred, hair loose, memory poor, etc. Numbness in the fingers set in and the doctor told me he feared paralysis. I took all kinds of medicines and tried many first-class physicians, wore an electric belt for three months, but received little benefit. I was induced to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kennedy, though I had lost all faith in doctors. Like a drowning man I commenced the New Method Treatment and it saved my life. The improvement was like magic—I could feel the vigor going through the nerves. I was cured mentally and physically. I have sent them many patients and continue to do so."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

We treat and cure VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES and all Diseases peculiar to Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.

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NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: **DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.**

Write for our private address.

CLOSE QUARTERS;

OR, THE HOUSE IN THE
RUE BARBETTE

CHAPTER III.—(Cont'd)

Brett stopped the driver some little distance short of the house itself, as he did not wish to attract the attention of a knot of curious sightseers in the street. He asked Winter to precede him and make known the fact that he was coming, so that there would be no delay at the door. This the detective readily agreed to, and Brett rapidly took in the main external features of the house which had become the scene of such a remarkable tragedy.

It was a palatial structure, built on the sombre lines of the Early Victorian period. Miss Talbot's brief description of the measures taken to protect its occupants from interference was fully borne out by its aspect. There was no access to the basement; the main entrance was situated at the side; all the ground-floor and first-story windows facing into the street were fitted with immovable wooden venetians. Presumably those on the Park side were similarly secured, whilst the back wall abutted on to that of another mansion, equally large and strongly built, tenanted by a well-known peer.

Truly, it required a genius almost unrivalled in the annals of crime to murder four people and steal diamonds worth millions in such a place whilst guarded by twelve London policemen and under the special protection of the Home Office.

The appearance of Winter at the door caused the gaping idlers in the street to endeavor to draw nearer to the mysterious portals. Thereupon three policemen on duty outside hustled the mob back, and Brett took advantage of the confusion thus created to slip to the doorway almost unperceived. One of the police constables turned round to make a grab at him, but a signal from the confere inside prevented this, and Brett quickly found himself within a spacious entrance hall with the door closed and bolted behind him.

Winter was talking to two uniformed inspectors, to whom he had explained the barrister's mission and credentials.

"We have here, Mr. Brett," he said, "Inspector Walters, who was on duty until 10 o'clock on Monday night, and Inspector Sharpe, who relieved him. They will both tell exactly what took place."

"Thank you," said the barrister. "I will expedite matters if my men will first accompany me to the scene of the crime. I am unable to understand what happened here. I presume the police guard assumed the

first guard," he said, "then made without device since."

the day. The workmen brought their lunch with them, so that they came in and out once a day only."

"Were did this confidential servant sleep?" said Brett.

"I believe he used to lie curled up on the rug outside his Excellency's door."

"And the other servants?"

"They all slept in the basement."

"What were they, Turks or Christians?"

"Well, sir," said the inspector with a smile, "two of them were Turks in costume, whilst three were Christians in appearance. That is the best I can say for the Christians, as they were Frenchmen, though certainly the cook was a first-rate chef. Of course, we all got our meals here whilst on duty."

"Did his Excellency and the other members of the mission eat food prepared in the ordinary way?"

"Oh, yes; they appreciated French dishes as keenly as anybody might do."

"It was in this room, then," continued Brett, "that the murders took place?"

"Yes; I suppose that must be so," said the inspector. "But my friend here," pointing to Inspector Sharpe, "can tell that part of the story better than I can."

They passed into the inner rooms, which were quite silent and deserted, and presented a strange appearance considering the character of the house and its locality. Although the ceilings were decorated with beautiful paintings and fringed with superbly emblazoned mouldings, although the walls were papered with material that cost as much per yard as good silk, each apartment was occupied with workmen's benches, and curious devices for cutting and polishing diamonds.

In the first room were two small safes, one of which was intended to receive the gems under treatment at the close of each day's work; the other held certain valuable materials required in the diamond cutter's operations. Three of the rooms were on the Park side, and it was here that the small colony of skilled artisans had been installed.

The other two rooms were not tenanted, nor had any communicating doors been broken through the walls in order to gain access to them.

The windows of the three apartments occupied by the workmen were not only guarded by strong iron bars, but possessed the additional security of external wire blinds, of exceedingly small mesh. Each window admitted plenty of light, and could be raised to allow a free circulation of air, but it was seemingly quite impossible for any active communication to take place with the outside. The three rooms looked out over a small enclosed lawn which was separated from the park by a brick wall surmounted by iron railings. All the fireplaces had been closed

lower part of the screen Brett's hand made a visible impression upon the iron wire. Using no more force than had been applied to other portions, the blow served to tear a section of the blind about eight inches across. Instantly the barrister ceased operations, and, producing a pocket-microscope, minutely examined the rent.

"I expected as much," he said, taking hold of the torn part of the screen and giving it a vigorous pull, with the result that a small piece, measuring about eight inches by six, came bodily out. "This has been cut away, as you will see, by some instrument which did not even bend the wire. It was subsequently replaced, whilst the fractured parts were sufficiently cemented by some composition to retain this section in its place, and practically defy observation."

There was nothing for it but force to reveal it thus early. No doubt in time the composition would have dried, or been washed away, and then this bit of the screen would have fallen out by the action of the wind and weather. Here, at any rate, is a hole in your defensive armor." He held out the piece de conviction to the discomfited Sharpe, who surveyed it in silence.

It was not part of Brett's business in life, however, to snatch plaudits from astounded policemen.

"This is a mere nothing," he continued. "Of course, there must have been some such means of getting the diamonds off the premises. Let us return to the ante-room and there you can tell me the exact history of events on Monday evening."

(To be continued.)

RAILWAYS IN AFRICA.

The Enterprise of the Germans on the West Coast.

The Deutsche Kolonialblatt, printed in Germany, publishes the information that the Central African Railway, starting from Dar-es-Salaam on the West Coast, has now reached the station of Tura and is now only eighty-three miles from Tabora, says the London Standard.

The company is said to be now laying down the line at the rate of sixteen miles a month, so that it would reach Tabora in the spring of next year, or nearly two years earlier than was expected when the scheme came before the Reichstag in 1904. At that time, it may be remembered the concession was approved as far as Morogoro, and the line first reached this place in October, 1909. It was then decided to prolong it for another 460 miles to Tabora.

The first part of the new section was difficult, and at the beginning of 1910 the work had only got as far as Kideten, a little more than eighty miles. From here onward, however, a vast tableland stretches almost to Lake Tanganyika, and the 330th mile is now under construction.

There is little doubt that when Tabora is reached the line will be further prolonged to Oujidi, on the lake, as soon as the Reichstag has approved the extension. Although the line has a certain commercial value, its principal object is political, and it must be looked at in conjunction with the great scheme of the late King of the Belgians for a transafrican line which he placed, before the Geographical Congress at Brussels in 1879. It lay down

LETTERS OF A SON IN THE MAKING TO HIS DAD.

—By REX McEVROY

[Mr. McEvoy will write for this paper a series of letters from the west. They will appear from time to time under the above heading, and will give a picture of the great Canadian west from the standpoint of a young Ontario man going out there to make his way. These letters should be full of interest for every Ontario father.]

No. 5.

Kamloops, Sept. 14th, 1911.

My Dear Dad,—

Although this letter is dated Kamloops we have just left that place and am getting further from it every minute. I am writing this in a corner of the observation car on the Imperial Limited, the name the C. P. R. gives the train that runs through from Montreal to Vancouver. The observation car has a drop platform behind where you can sit out on camp stools and watch the scenery without and glass or window frames to interfere with the view. You get the real mountain air, too, as the train slides past the silent peaks, and while going through one of the mile-long tunnels today I heard the splash of an underground stream, and felt the drip of the water. Just where I am sitting there is a writing desk, and close beside it is a book case with a couple of hundred books to choose from if you want to read. I notice that they are not used much. I didn't see anyone reading them, the scenery is too attractive for that. The magazines, however, which belong to the library, were much in demand.

Well, it has been a wonderful day for me. I was up early, for the train leaves Calgary at 3.15 a.m. right on the dot. That's one thing that has surprised me on this trip. While a local train in Ontario may be anywhere from half an hour to an hour late, these trains which make a run for nearly three thousand miles pull out of the station right on time. Of course, they must lose in winter when the snow drifts. Then a train may be excused for being a day behind time.

We ran out of Calgary in the dark, but it was daylight by the time we reached Exshaw, when you are right close up to the mountains. Here I noticed a number of long, dusty-looking buildings. They are part of one of the largest cement works in Canada. Then we went through what is called "The Gap," right into the heart of the mountains.

It was at Canmore that I first realized what mountains were. I simply cannot describe the feeling of awe that is experienced in looking on them for the first time. The other side of a level valley, perhaps some five miles away, they rose up, up, up, grey, silent, majestic in the grey light of early morning, with the mists still clinging about them. They seemed to lift themselves above and out of the world, and to be altogether apart from man and the little things that busy him. They were so remote, and there was no sign of living thing near them. And in between the solemn, grey peaks, miles beyond, a glimpse might be caught of another, higher peak,

Curec

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passage were two small

ments, such as are often used

London mansions for the pur-

poses of cloak-rooms: The doors

om these rooms opened into the

inner hall. A large dining-room

was situated on the left or Park

side, and on the right was a break-

fast, or morning-room. At the back

of the reception hall a handsome

staircase led from left to right to

the upper floors, whilst a doorway

beneath the staircase gave access

to the kitchens and basement of-

fices.

"Here," said the inspector,

pointing to the foot of the stair-

case, "two police-constables were

constantly stationed. Another

stood there," indicating the pas-

sage to the kitchen, "and a fourth

at the glass door. As the outer

basement entrance was not only se-

curely fastened by bolts and bars,

but actually bricked up inside, it

was absolutely impossible for any

person to enter or leave the house

save by the front door, nor could

any one go from the kitchen to the

upper part of the house without

passing under the observation of

all four constables. I arranged my

guards in military fashion, having

three men for each post, with one

hour on duty and two hours off, but

the same men were never on guard

together at definite hours, as they

were relieved at varying times. You

will understand that I considered

it a very responsible task to safe-

guard these premises, and thought

it best to render it impossible for

any section of the force under my

command to take part in a conspir-

acy, although such a thing was in

itself most improbable."

They then ascended the stair-

case and found themselves on the

first floor.

There were six spacious apart-

ments on this story, and all of them

had originally opened on to the

landing. The special precautions

taken to guard the diamonds of the

Turkish mission had altered all

that. Five doorways had been

bricked up, the result being that

admission to the whole set of rooms

could be obtained only through the

first door that faced the top of the

staircase.

This apartment was luxuriously

furnished, and Inspector Walters

explained that the Turkish Envoy

it was seemingly quite impossible for any active communication to take place with the outside. The three rooms looked put over a small enclosed lawn which was separated from the park by a brick wall surmounted by iron railings. All the fireplaces had been closed with bricks and mortar.

"You will see, sir," said the inspector, when he had called Brett's attention to these details, "that mysterious though the murders were they were as nothing compared with the disappearance of the diamonds. Every person who came downstairs was most carefully and methodically searched each time he passed the constable on duty at the bottom. It may be admitted that a few small stones could be so secreted as to escape observation, but some of these stones were so large that such a notion is not to be thought of, whilst the size of the great diamond which Mr. Talbot christened the 'Hen's Egg' rendered its transference past the searchers beneath absolutely impossible. There was no humbug about the search, you will understand, Mr. Brett. People had to take their boots off, open their mouths, and hand over their hats, coats, sticks, or umbrellas for inspection. Every part of their clothing was scrutinized, and the contents of their pockets, money, watches, keys, and the rest, thoroughly examined. These were our orders, and they were strictly obeyed, Mr. Talbot himself being the first to insist that the regulation should be carried out rigidly, so far as he was concerned. Why, one day a Cabinet Minister came here to see the diamonds. He was elderly and stout, and did not like at all having to take off his boots, I can assure you, as he nearly got apoplexy whilst lacing them up again."

During the inspector's running comments Brett had carefully scrutinized each of the windows. He at once came to the conclusion, by a simple analysis of the possibilities, that by no other means than through the barrier of iron wire had the diamonds passed out of the house; but the most thorough examination failed to reveal any loophole by which this achievement had been accomplished. He opened each of the windows, tested every iron bar, and saw that the fastenings of the external blind were undisturbed, whilst the fine wire mesh showed no irregularities in its pattern wherein any defect would at once be visible.

"We have done all that long since, sir," said the second police officer, smiling at the obviousness of an amateur's method of inspection, for it happened that he had never met the barrister before, though he had often heard of him.

"You have?" said Brett, with the slightest tinge of sarcasm in his voice. "Did you do this?" and he commenced to thump with a clenched fist upon every portion of the external screen that he could reach.

"No, we did not," said the policeman, "and I don't see that it is going to accomplish anything except hurt your hand."

"That may be so," murmured Brett; "but the diamonds went this way and none other."

He tested every portion of one window screen in this manner without effect. Then he approached the second window, and, beginning at the left-hand top corner, did the same thing. Suddenly an exclamation came from the three interested watchers. In the centre of the

approved the extension. Although the line has a certain commercial value, its principal object is political, and it must be looked at in conjunction with the great scheme of the late King of the Belgians for a transafrican line which he placed, before the Geographical Congress of Brussels in 1876. It lay dormant for many years, but has lately been taken up again seriously.

At present the Belgian-Congo Railway runs from Matadi to Leopoldville, and from there a steamer service goes up the Sankuru River 1,124 miles from the Atlantic coast to Lussambo. There remains a little more than 460 miles between Lussambo and Lake Tanganyika. A Belgian company, styled the Company of the Upper Congo and African Lakes, has already commenced operations by surveying for a line from Lukuga to the lake at Cabalo, and is applying for a new concession to join Cabalo and Mutombo, thus completing the Belgian-German chain of railway and steamer services across the continent.

It is calculated in Belgium that the line from Cabalo to Mutombo could be finished in 1914, which is about the date the German line should reach Oujidi. That this is no "wildcat" scheme is proved by a recent announcement in the Kolnische Zeitung that the capital of the above named company was to be raised from £2,000,000 to £3,000,000, in order to bring the terminus at Tanganyika opposite the German one. It is more than probable that in the negotiations now proceeding at Berlin this, transafrican railway project of Germany will be taken into consideration.

AN ICELAND FARMHOUSE.

The Apartments Are Peculiarly Fitted Up.

The guest room contained a narrow bed, a big round table, and an organ. Our host produced the usual box of snuff, and with it a box of good cigars.

The host and hostess then showed us all over the house. It is a turf structure, and is typical of the older farm-house, with narrow, dark, windowless corridors, winding in labyrinthine maze from room to room. One passageway leads to a large open mound, where a fire is made to smoke meat and fish, and incidentally the whole house and everything in it. Another passage leads to another kitchen with a modern stove. The walls are all of turf, as is the roof, with just enough driftwood in the roof to make a framework to hold it in place. Very steep stairs lead up to the badstofa, or sleeping apartment. The badstofa frequently forms the sitting and common work room of the family, especially in winter, as well as the sleeping room of the entire household.

Bunks built into the wall extend around the room and are often filled with seaweed or feathers, over which is thrown a fold or two of wadmal and a thick coverlet of eiderdown. The floors are sometimes covered with boards, but more often consist of damp earth. From the ceiling are suspended numerous articles of domestic economy, while large chests containing clothing and valuables are scattered throughout the house.

There are degrees of pride. Even the man with red hair hates to get bald.

seemed to lift themselves above and out of the world, and to be altogether apart from man and the little things that busy him. They were solitary, remote, and there was no sign of living thing near them. And in between the solemn, grey peaks, miles beyond, a glimpse might be caught of another, higher peak, snow-covered, gilded with the bright, fresh sunlight of early morning. They were grand. I just hung onto the railing at the back of the observation car and gazed, and gazed, and gazed.

All the time I was drinking in the wonder of the mountains I was thinking that I had never before realized what a mountain was. Pictures give you no idea at all any more than a portrait of a person can speak to you. And I was thinking, too, what a pity it was that all my folks could not be with me to see and appreciate this wonderful bit of our Canada. Perhaps one of the things that makes the mountains impressive is that they help you to understand the vast scale of creation. These tremendous monuments of rock have been tossed about at some time as the plaything of some tremendous power. Their very mass and weight compels thought of the incomprehensible violence which has of old torn them from their place and reared them up on end. At one place where we came along to-day, right at the foot of Mount Macdonald, the rock rises sheer up from the track a mile in the air—as far as from our place to the school-house set up on end.

I was out on the back of the train till we got to Field, when I went in to the dining car for dinner. The mountains all the way were unutterably grand. In places they were a series of peaks, with snow gleaming like crowns or necklaces about them, in other places they were in broken piles. In one place, for instance, there is what looks just like a castle cut out of the rock, with doorways, turrets, and all. It is on a tremendous scale, some eight miles long. After passing that you run out along the side of the mountain with a valley below you and a river running through it. You see bridges and tracks some distance below the track your train is on, and running parallel. Then you run slap bang into a tunnel and run along for a mile in the dark. When you come out you find that you have turned right round with the track you were on before above you. Then into another tunnel, and you find that you have turned again, the track looping round in the solid rock. This whole giant "S," some seven miles long, cost \$1,500,000. Seventy-five car loads of dynamite costing \$250,000 were used in blasting the tunnels. The wonders that the engineers have accomplished in putting the railroad through is next to the wonder of the mountains themselves. After you have been running in the maze of hills for a whole day, you wonder that anybody ever found their way through, let alone build a railroad.

When the tunnels are left behind, you come out along the Kicking Horse River. The track runs along a narrow ledge cut in the side of the mountain with the river far below, hundreds of feet. Gradually the track gets lower and lower, till it is running close beside the leaping, dashing, greenish-white water of the river. At Glacier I got my first fine view of one of the glaciers that feed these mountain rivers. It was sweltering hot where we were at the station, but up on the side of the mountain lay a great expanse of snow that glistened in the sun. You and mother should come through here and see this country, but if you do, be sure you bring a dictionary with you, or you will run out of adjectives before you have been in the mountains very long.

In the evening, after passing Sicamous Junction, where the line branches off to the Okanagan Valley—the peach and grape belt of the province—we ran along

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Eight Years of Bad Eczema on Hands



Miss Mary A. Bentley
93 University St.,
Montreal

Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment

Miss Mary A. Bentley, 93 University St., Montreal, writes, in a recent letter: "Some nine years ago I noticed small pimples breaking out on the back of my hands. They became very irritating, and gradually became worse, so that I could not sleep at night. I consulted a physician who treated me a long time, but it got worse, and I could not put my hands in water. I was treated at the hospital, and it was just the same. I was told that it was a very bad case of eczema."

"Well, I just kept on using everything that I could for nearly eight years until I was advised to try Cuticura Ointment. I did so, and I found after a few applications the burning sensations were disappearing. I could sleep well, and did not have any itching during the night. I began after a while to use Cuticura Soap. I stuck to the Cuticura treatment, and thought if I could use other remedies for over seven years with no result, and after only having a few applications and finding ease from Cuticura Ointment, it deserved a fair trial with a severe and stubborn case. I used the Cuticura Ointment and Soap for nearly six months, and I am glad to say that I have hands as clear as anyone. It is my wish that you publish this letter to all the world, and if anyone doubts it, let them write me."

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal sample of each with 32-p. book, send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 5P, Boston, U. S. A.

beside Shushwap Lake, and the sunset lights and reflections in the still calm water were very peaceful, and contrasted with the rugged beauty of the mountains. The lights were lit when we ran into Kamloops, and the town was outlined with bright dots where the street lights stood in the darkness under the shadowy mountains.

Good-bye now, Dad. I have quite a piece to go yet, but I'm not tired of travelling, as I expected to be, as there's always something to see.

Your loving son,

JIM.

ENGLISH RAILWAYS PROSPER.

Net Earnings in 1910 Were 5 Per Cent. More Than Previous Year.

The paid up capital invested in the railways of the United Kingdom amounted in 1910 to £1,318,515,000, having increased by slightly more than four millions sterling on the figures for 1909. The net earnings out of which dividends were paid amounted to £47,356,000, an increase of £2,222,000, or 4.9 per cent., on the year before.

This was the net result of an increase in both receipts and expenditures, says Engineering. The traffic receipts, the highest on record, showed an increase of three and a half millions sterling, the amount being 114.2 million pounds, of which £52,759,000 came from passenger traffic and the remaining sixty-one and a half million from goods.

The number of passengers carried, exclusive of season ticket holders, was 1,308,790,000. There was a large increase in the proportion of third class passengers, chiefly due perhaps to the action of the Great Western Railway in doing away with its second class service on long

RAIN MAKING EXPERIMENTS.

The Use of Rockets on an Estate in Southern India.

Experiments made to ascertain whether the discharge of explosives during cloudy weather produces rainfall are described in a letter from James Stanes, says the London Daily Mail.

"Some years ago," he says, "an experiment was tried in the Oud-dapah district of southern India with considerable success. I am part owner of an estate in the Seramully Hills, which is situated in a particularly dry zone. For several seasons poor coffee crops withered away from lack of rain during July and August.

"When I was visiting the estate in July, 1905, I noticed that heavy clouds gathered every afternoon and I thought that if we had been in a position to fire explosive rockets from the highest peak of the hills, about 4,600 feet, a shower of rain might have been produced.

"I therefore arranged to have a supply of rockets kept on the estate and fired off every afternoon at the rate of one rocket every five minutes, but only when the condition of the atmosphere was such that heavy rain threatened on all sides.

"Whether rain has fallen in response to these explosives, or not the fact remains that ever since we first tried the experiment we have been fortunate enough to catch sufficient moisture to enable the crops to survive the drought."

Firing into the clouds with the object of causing rain was practiced for several years in southern Germany, Switzerland and France, but seems to have been abandoned some time ago. The idea was to protect the vineyard and other cultivations from damage by hailstorms, it being thought that by the discharge of large guns rain would fall and that the danger from hailstorms would be averted.

A JAPANESE SLEEPING CAR.

This night we had our first experience in a Japanese sleeping car, says a writer in the Railway Gazette. The track is narrow gauge and the standard sleeping cars have six seats running lengthwise, each seating two passengers, with a centre aisle. The upper berth is the regular Pullman style and a section will accommodate two passengers. The night was during the extreme heat of midsummer, the car was crowded, and in addition to the regular curtains each berth was provided with a mosquito bar, which added to the general discomfort. Passengers were taken on and let down at all stops, so there was constant procession through the aisle all night. Part of the car was reserved for local accommodation, and those who sat up smoked incessantly, so that long before morning the atmosphere became intolerable.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads kill many times more houseflies than any other known article.

Mrs. White (sympathetically) — "So your husband is in trouble again, Maud?" Mrs. Black (cheerily) — "No, mum; he's out o' trouble just now. The scoundrel's in jail."

NA-DRU-CO Headache Waters

stop the meanest, nastiest, most persistent headaches in half an hour or less. We guarantee that they contain no opium, morphine or other poisonous drugs. 25c. a box at your druggist's, or by mail from

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

Montreal.

H. H. NIGHTINGALE

STOCK BROKER
Member Standard Stock and Mining Exchange
LISTED STOCKS CARRIED ON MARGIN
Correspondence invited.
33 MELINDA ST., TORONTO

Silver Pine Healing Oil

Healed a Barb-Wire Cut

without leaving a scratch

MRS. KATE McCRAE, of Mowbray, Man., writes:

"Please send me a bottle of your Silver Pine Healing Oil. I had a cut last winter with barbed wire—I used half a bottle and it healed up and didn't leave a scratch. Now I have another cut that has got cut that I calculate to heal with what is left, but I would like to have you send me another bottle if I should happen to need it, for I think I could not get on without it."

For all kinds of wounds, bruises, burns and sores on animals or human beings, Silver Pine Healing Oil is a quick, safe and wonderful healer. Keep a bottle on hand for times of need. In 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 bottles, at your dealer's or from the International Stock Food Co., Limited, Toronto, Can.



FORCE OF HABIT.

The telephone girl was on her vacation and fishing. Some one in another boat called, "Hello!" Just then she got a bite. "Line's busy!" she answered.

Thousands of country people know the value of Hamlin's Wizard Oil, the best family medicine in case of accident or sudden illness. For the safety of your family buy a bottle now.

Mrs. Kinder (reflectively) — "I wonder why a man never pays his wife any compliments after they are married?" Kinder (briskly) — "He does better, my dear—he pays her bills."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c., 50c., \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Septic Tubes, 25c., \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

TAKING NO CHANCES.

Storekeeper—"I want a boy to be partly indoors and partly outdoors."

Boy—"What becomes of me when the door slams?"

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Dear Sirs,—While in the country last summer I was badly bitten by mosquitoes, so badly that I thought I would be disgraced for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your Liniment to allay the irritation, and did so. The effect was more than I expected, a few applications completely curing the irritation, and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes.
Yours truly,
W. A. V. R.

FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT.

ASK DAWSON, HE KNOWS.
If you want to sell a farm, consult me.

If you want to buy a farm, consult me.

I HAVE some of the best Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farms in Ontario, and prices right.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

SELF-SUPPORTING HOMES IN THE glorious fruit district of Southern British Columbia, for \$10 cash and \$10 monthly, without interest; annual profits \$500 to \$1,000 per acre; orchard, garden, poultry, scenery; hunting, fishing, boating; delightful warm climate; school, postoffice, store; big sawmill, daily train; close to markets; unlimited demand for products. Write quick for maps, photos, free information. West Kootenay Fruit Lands Company, Dept. W., Drawer 1087, Nelson, B. C.

B. C. FRUIT LAND, FOR SALE. 320 acres, fruit, Prairie land, having a dark sandy soil, with some gravel, and underlaid with a clay sub-soil. On part of this farm there are some surface stones, but most of the land can be plowed with a gang plow. Small frame house, log stable and never failing well. Farm is about half fenced with post and wire, 20 acres under cultivation, balance all good land. Price \$10,000. One-half cash, balance to suit at 8 per cent. Fred A. Russell, Cranbrook, B. C.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—A study of other Agency propositions convinces us that none can equal ours. You will always regret it if you don't apply for particulars to Travellers Dept., Albert St., Ottawa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY and FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SAWMILL MACHINERY. PORTABLE or heavy Lathes, Mills, Shingle Mills, Engines and Boilers, Mill Supplies. The E. Long Manufacturing Co., Ltd., West Street, Orillia, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED. A LINE FOR every home. Write us for our choice list of agents supplies. We have the greatest agency proposition in Canada today. No outlay necessary. Apply B. C. I. Co., 228 Albert St., Ottawa.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SPECIALISTS' ADVICE FREE. Consult us in regard to any disease. Lowest prices in drugs of all kinds. Trusses fitted by mail. Send measurement. Glasses fitted by eye. Write to-day for anything sold in first-class drug stores to Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

CHENILLE CURTAINS

and all kinds of house hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED AND CLEANED LIKE NEW.

Write to us about yours.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 153, Montreal

The Heart of the Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action



Canada Business College CHATHAM, ONT.

In a class by itself Among America's Schools of Business Training. 414 STUDENTS PLACED IN 1908 385 STUDENTS PLACED IN 1909

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The number of passengers carried, exclusive of season ticket holders, was 1,306,720,000. There was a large increase in the proportion of third class passengers, chiefly due perhaps to the action of the Great Western Railway in doing away with its second class service on long distance trains. This would not account, however, for the total increase of 44,000,000 in the number of third class passengers.

The freight receipts a train mile are the highest on record for 1910, being about 95 pence, compared with about 71 pence for ten years previously. This is an increase of 34 per cent. during a period in which the train mileage decreased 14 per cent., though the goods tonnage handled increased 21 per cent.

Mothers Value This Oil.—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary prompt action is in applying relief, always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, because experience has taught them that there is no better preparation to be had for the treatment of this ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

Mrs. Skinnum—"Why are you all hiding from Tommy?" Little Lizzie—"We are playing 'grown-ups,' and Tommy is the butcher come with his bill."

The cheapness of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator puts it within reach of all, and it can be got at any druggist's.

Don't cry—unless there's some one around with a tear mop.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"I vont to leaf five tousand dollars to each of my clerks dot haf been in my employ twenty years," said a Jewish merchant to the lawyer who was drafting his will. "Why, that's very liberal!" responded the solicitor. "Not at all! None of tem haf been mit me of von year, und it vill look good, von't it?"

It is Wise to Prevent Disorder.—Many causes lead to disorders of the stomach and few are free from them. At the first manifestations that the stomach and liver are not performing their functions, a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be tried, and it will be found that the digestive organs will speedily resume healthy action. Laxatives and sedatives are so blended in these pills that no other preparation could be so effective as they.

Mother—"Where are those oranges that were on the table?" Tommy—"With the tarts that were in the cupboard, I suppose."

Wilson's Fly Pads, the best of all fly killers, kill both the flies and the disease germs.

Consider the running expense of a fast young man.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

There are times when it is easier to find a four-leaved clover than the keyhole in a front door.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Mrs. White (sympathetically)—"So your husband is in trouble again, Maud?" Mrs. Black (cheerily)—"No, mum; he's out o' trouble just now. The scoundrel's in jail."

No man or woman should hobble painfully about because of corns when so certain a relief is at hand as Holloway's Corn Cure.

Many an honest dollar acquires a taint through association.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

AS USUAL.

"What's the matter here?" asked the caller, noticing the barren appearance of the house. "Sent your goods away to be stored?"

"No," replied the hostess. "Not at all. My daughter was married last week and she has merely taken away the things that she thought belonged to her."

The microscope in the hands of experts employed by the United States Government has revealed the fact that a house fly sometimes carries thousands of disease germs attached to its hairy body. The continuous use of Wilson's Fly Pads will prevent all danger of infection from that source by killing both the germs and the flies.

UNKIND ANSWER.

Mr. Wibbles—What fine dark hair you have, Miss Knox. My wife, who is younger than you are, has her hair quite gray.

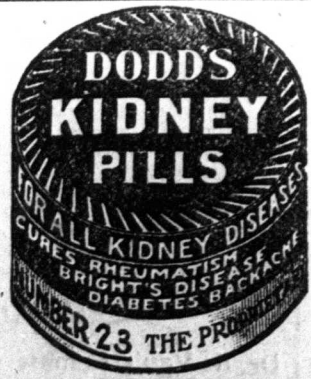
Miss Knox—Yes, and if I'd been your wife no doubt my hair would have been gray, too.

Always Serviceable.—Most pills lose their properties with age. Not so with Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. The pill mass is so compounded that their strength and effectiveness is preserved and the pills can be carried anywhere without fear of losing their potency. This is a quality that few pills possess. Some pills lose their power, but not so with Parmelee's. They will maintain their freshness and potency for a long time.

QUITE TRUE.

Don't hate the man who skins you, With more than passing vim; Somebody, somewhere, surely,

Is busy skinning him. And while we're on the subject, Consider this much, too: You're probably skinning someone, While someone else skins you.



more than I expected a few applications of the liniment during the irritation, and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes. Yours truly, W. A. V. R.

"If you marry Grace," exclaimed an irate father to his son, "I'll cut you off without a penny, and you won't have so much as a piece of pork to boil in the pot." "Well," said the young man, "Grace before meat," and he immediately went in search of a clergyman.

Nearly all infants are more or less subject to diarrhoea and such complaints while teething, and as this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

All great things grow noiselessly. Ill temper is the vice of the virtuous.

Doubt is the pride of knowledge. Religion is addition, not subtraction.

It is better not to live than not to love.

The Bible is a product of religion, not a cause of it. Friendship is the nearest thing we know to what religion is.

Meekness and lowliness cure unrest by making it impossible.

Touchiness is self-love inflamed; it is conceit with a hair trigger.

The work of religion is not to remove the burden but to adjust it.

Religion is not a stranger or added thing but the inspiration of the secular life.

It is the law of influence that we become like those whom we habitually admire.

Doubt is can't believe; unbelief is won't believe. Doubt is honesty; unbelief is obstinacy.

It is easier to criticise the best thing superbly than to do the smallest thing indifferently.

In rest there are always two elements—tranquility and energy, otherwise it is mere stagnation.

Wounded vanity and unsatisfied selfishness; these are the old, vulgar causes of man's unrest.

The people who influence you are the people who believe in you. Guilelessness is the secret of personal influence.

There is no other reason why we should live either to-morrow or after death except because we love and are beloved.

A man does not have the virtues of Christ because he knows where to read about them; π well try to feed upon a cook book.

The thing Christ wants is to make the best men; and the next thing is to make the best world; and he tries to make the best world by setting the best men loose upon the world to influence it.

It is not breadth that sneers at religion, but what one might call the narrowness of breadth—that breadth which denounces intolerance and which is too intolerant to tolerate intolerance.

Life is the finest of the fine arts. Many people never learn how to live; they grow up at random, carrying into mature life the merely animal methods and motives they had as little children.

Canada Business Legs

CHATHAM, ONT.
in a class by itself Among America's Schools of Business Training.
414 STUDENTS PLACED IN 1908
385 STUDENTS PLACED IN 1909
475 STUDENTS PLACED IN 1910
We publish the lists annually.
We pay full fare up to \$3.00 and bring long distance students for half fare.
Good board and room, \$3.00 per week.
If you cannot come to Chatham, we can train you by mail.
Here are some students placed recently:
Nate Wade, Cameron & Beap, Regina.
E. Burk, Nicholson & Bain, Regina.
H. Wood, Trust Co., Cheboygan, Mich.
Eight calls just received for Stenographers, Teachers, and Auditors, for openings worth from \$50 to \$1500, will give you some idea of the demands.
COLLEGE REOPENS FOR 35TH YEAR SEPTEMBER 5TH.
Catalogue 33 tells of work at Chatham.
Catalogue 34 tells of work by mail (Either Free.)
D. McLACHLAN & CO., C. B. College, Chatham, Ont.

The average man doesn't think he is having a good time unless he makes a fool of himself.

Stranger (after an examination)—"Well, doctor, what do you think?"
—"Have I the gout?" Great Physician—"Hem! Er—what is your income?"
—"One thousand a year."
—"No. You have a sore foot."



MAGISTRATE CURED OF PILES & ECZEMA

One of the latest prominent gentlemen to speak highly in Zam-Buk's favour is Mr. C. E. Sanford of Weston, King's Co., N.S. Mr. Sanford is a Justice of the Peace for the County, and a member of the Board of School Commissioners. He is also Deacon of the Baptist Church in Berwick. Indeed it would be difficult to find a man more widely known and more highly respected. Here is his opinion of Zam-Buk. He says—
"I never used anything that gave me such satisfaction as Zam-Buk. I had a patch of Eczema on my ankle which had been there for over 20 years. Sometimes also the disease would break out on my shoulders. I had applied various ointments and tried all sorts of things to obtain a cure, but in vain. Zam-Buk, unlike everything else I had tried, proved highly satisfactory and cured the ailment.
"I have also used Zam-Buk for itching piles, and it has cured them completely also. I take comfort in helping my brother men, and if the publication of my opinion of the healing value of Zam-Buk will lead other sufferers to try it, I should be glad. For the relief of suffering caused by Piles or Skin Diseases I know of nothing to equal Zam-Buk.
Zam-Buk cures ulcers, abscesses, blood-poison, ring-worm, festering or running sores, bad leg, varicose ulcers, salt rheum, prairie itch, cuts, burns, bruises, baby's sores, etc. Purely herbal, 50c box, druggists and stores. Refuse imitations.
Zam-Buk

WALKING TOUR IN ENGLAND

LOTS OF FUN AFOOT AT A COST OF \$119.92 A PIECE.

Comfort in a Cyclists' Fun—Food and Shelter for the Economical Tourist.

"It had been a job—a real job—to start madam for a tramp in England on \$120 apiece," says a writer in *Country Life* in America. "But that was all we had for steam-er fare and everything, so it was go on that or stay at home. Go we did. "Arrived at Liverpool we jogged down to Shrewsbury by the last train, and after a quarter of an hour on the darkening streets, stopped in front of a dingy, low browed bakeshop with a sign, 'Accommodations for cyclists,' perched up in the window.

"Here, suggested I tentatively, 'we stop.' "Not here," she wailed, 'not here!'

"But I was firm. There we spent the night in comfort and feather beds, there we ate a most excellent breakfast the next morning before we started on our ramble down wide and lovely Corvedale toward the mountains of Shropshire.

"Indeed the charm of England to the economical tourist is the possibility of obtaining food and shelter so inexpensive and so excellent. These bakeshops with their cyclist cards, the shilling dinners in all the market towns, better of course on market days, but always good, the temperance hotels—they sometimes sell liquor but are generally clean—the readiness of all the farmers to take any traveller in over night and feed him gorgeously, 'sleep him' quaintly under canopies and in bouncing beds, make economy

ONE LONG POEM OF PLEASURE

"Indeed, before the summer was over, madam learned to find her greatest joy in loitering up and down the streets of some quaint old town, weighing, considering, until at last the very best and the very cheapest lodging and supper had been obtained.

"Nowhere save in England can such striking diversity of scenery be discovered in so short a compass. We were six weeks from home and, of course, had but twenty-four days for tramping. As we carried everything on our backs we did only about eighteen miles a day, and yet we walked nearly the length of England. Starting at Shrewsbury, we came down through Shropshire to Herefordshire and spent one gusty rainy day at Hereford.

"The Dean himself, an author and the brother of an Earl, showed us the famous library in the absence of the verger, and was so impressed by discovering that madam, under her rough attire, possessed an ability to read mediaeval French and Latin that he invited us to lunch.

"From Hereford we crossed to Ross and started down the Wye Valley, going as far as Chenoweth, Gloucester, Bath and Wells and thence to the Wiltshire moorlands. Over the moorlands to Stonehenge and Amesbury we went. At Amesbury we were assured by landlord, storekeeper and carters that there

ceptional. The maps, cyclist maps, are fair, but the Cyclist Club is not worth joining. It gives rather expensive and always 'drink' hotels. "And the cost? We spent exactly \$119.92 apiece. Supper, bed and breakfast were generally either six or seven shillings for the two of us, three to three and six (six-pence) apiece. Dinner averaged from a shilling apiece to one and six. At the bakeshops we reduced it to two shillings and a penny, for I ordered a regular and madam a nine pence dinner, the only difference gives one five slices of meat, a nine pence dinner only three, and the two combined left room for a couple of orders of sweets at tuppence a help. The farmers charge rather more than in America, but the food is distinctly better.

SUN-ROASTED TO DEATH.

How Criminals are Punished in One Part of India.

Dr. Schweinfurth recently gave a thrilling account of the mode in which capital punishment is inflicted upon criminals by the Al-Quadjis, a small tributary offshoot of the great and powerful Dijour (India) people.

The malefactor condemned to die is bound to a post firmly driven into the ground in some open space where no trees afford a shade, and is there slowly roasted to death, not by any artificial means involving a waste of fuel, but by the natural heat of the sun's rays as they reach our earth in its equatorial regions. To protract his sufferings and to avert his too speedy end by sunstroke, the ingenious Al-Quadjis cover their erring compatriot's head with fresh green leaves, which effectually shield his brain from Phoebus's darts. No such protection is, however, accorded to his body, which gradually dries up, shrinks together, and ultimately becomes carbonized.

One chance of salvation is open to the roasting man while as yet he is not completely "done to death." If a cloud pass between the sun and his place of torment, he is at once cast loose from his post, and becomes an object of popular reverence, as a mighty magician on whose behalf the super-natural powers have deigned directly to intervene.

But clouds seldom interfere with the administration of justice on the day selected.

THE KUDOS OF KINGSHIP.

Some English School Children's Idea of the King's Life.

Some English elementary school-children, about ten years of age, were recently asked to write an essay on "George V., King of England." The observations on his Majesty's daily life were rather sensational. One little boy tells us that his Majesty spends the intervals between his meals walking up and down his garden path; that he makes his laws up out of his head, and that he has liver and bacon for breakfast!

"I think he has veal and ham and thick gravies, which is frimed with parsley, and is on a silver dish," says another youthful essayist. "After that he has apple-pie, strawberries and cream, and then forty winks before he goes to the theatre."

HOW ITALY LOST ABYSSINIA

AND EMPEROR MENELIK WON HIS INDEPENDENCE.

It Is Fifteen Years Ago Since the Disastrous Italian Defeat At Adowa.

Italy's last attempt at conquest in Africa was disastrous, and the final campaign in Abyssinia will long be remembered, for it involved, in the rout at Adowa, the worst defeat ever sustained by a European army in Africa.

To go back, an advance by Italians from Massowa had been resented by King John of Abyssinia, and in 1887 a force of over 500 was wiped out, except one man, who reached the coast, stripped and wounded. The Italians had fought until their ammunition was gone. A large reinforcement was despatched from Italy, and during the "wars of succession" following the death of John, took possession of Keren and the Asmara country. The Italian Government supported Menelik II., who had always befriended Italian explorers.

Menelik became Negus, or Emperor of Ethiopia, in 1889, under a treaty which virtually made Abyssinia an Italian protectorate. Menelik, however, had ideas of his own. By Italian intervention he obtained arms and ammunition from Belgium, and soon organized an army of 70,000 men, abundant war stores, and 20 cannon, as well as having the support of numerous feudal lords, who paid tribute to Menelik, and had troops of their own.

ITALIAN CLAIMS.

The Italian Government, in pursuance of its own aims, claimed possession of the Red Sea littoral from Cape Kasar to the strait of Bob-el-Mandeb. The Sultan of Obbia, on the Somali coast, and another Somali ruler were, by their own desire, under Italian protection, and by an arrangement with Britain the protectorate extended along the coast of Somaliland to the Juba river. Bridandage was repressed, commerce and tillage encouraged, and native troops organized, who were devoted to the Italian officers. In 1894, after a warfare with Dervishes, the western frontier of the Italian colony was extended 250 miles inland from Massowa.

MENELIK MOVES.

Menelik, meanwhile, was entreated by the feudal princes to act against the Italians, who had, they asserted, occupied Kassala in order thence to attack Abyssinia. Gen. Bartieri, an old Garibaldian, who commanded the Italian troops in Abyssinia, when informed in 1894 of the intrigues, sent out troops, who defeated the rebels in the field, and concentrated for the defence of Massowa, at the same time occupying Adowa. He had hundreds of spies, who kept him well informed of the Abyssinian movements. The marching and counter-marching among swamps, passes, and tangled thickets were very arduous.

At last Baratieri, in January, 1895, with 4,000 natives and 100 Italian officers and men, took up a position at Coatit and awaited Ras (or Prince) Mangascia, who had been told by Menelik to "go and drive

ed the utmost indignation by acting in defiance of Parliament.

In October of the same year Italy recognized the independence of Abyssinia.

WORLD'S COAL SUPPLY.

Great Britain's Will Last About 175 Years.

The dwindling visible coal supplies of the world are engaging the attention of the Governments of most countries where coal is found. Sir William Ramsay, the English scientist, startled the British Association some weeks ago by saying in his presidential address that the coal supply in the United Kingdom won't last another 175 years if the wasteful use of material is not promptly checked. And 175 years is only a span in a nation's life.

Now comes the German technical journal *Kohle und Erz* (Coal and Ore) which has made a general survey of the world's coal production and says that barring the United States and perhaps north China Germany is still the richest coal bearing country. America, with its huge production of nearly half a million tons a year, is, it says, rapidly approaching exhaustion, and the same may be said of the coal fields in the United Kingdom, where the production is also high and must end in the giving out of the supply in 150 or 200 years, at all events in the north of England, Northumberland and Durham. The other English sources may last half a century longer.

The first mines that will have to close down will be those of central France and Bohemia, which only have 100 years more to live. The north of France and the Saarbrücken basin in western Germany come next with a life of between 400 and 500 years. Still better situated are the Belgian and Westphalian coal regions and the fields in the Austrian and Russian parts of Upper Silesia, which may reckon on an uninterrupted output for the next 800 years.

Prussian Silesia is safe for another 1,000 years or more. Nature has made here vast deposits of pure carbon, with lodes of an average thickness of 40 feet. Some of them are 60 feet thick, so that coal consumers may take heart of grace.

JUST A LITTLE INDISPOSED.

Visitors Found Jim's Family Droopy and Languid.

An eloquent lesson in the philosophy of the wilderness, which recommends the traveller to "stick to the trail," comes from "The Log of the North Shore Club," a recent book by Mr. Kirland B. Alexander.

While the Indian guides portaged round the falls at Frenchman's Rapid, which is on one of the hundred rivers that take their source in lakes deep buried in the unknown wild, and flow down through rocky gorges and plunge over falls, and roll at last into Lake Superior, Mr. Alexander and a companion struck an intersecting trail that looked fresh. They were simultaneously seized with a desire to leave the portage trail and see where the new trail led to. It looked as if it might lead to a lake—the contour of the country indicated it.

It did lead to a lake, and to their

ness and started down the vale
Valley, going as far as Chesham,
to Gloucester, Bath and Wells
and through the Wiltshire moorlands.
Over the moorlands to Stonehenge
and Amesbury we went. At Ames-
bury we were assured by landlord,
storekeeper and carters that there
positively was not, never had been,
never could be a road on the west
side of the Avon—not Shakespeare's,
but as lovely—to Salisbury.
But we had read Richard Le Gallienne
and persisted, insisted, guessed
and tumbled into the most exquisite
morning walk.

"Now Hereford is as cattle country,
cramped with ruined monasteries
and old walled towns. The cattle
fly is a pest, but for some curious
reason will not venture under an
outspread umbrella. The whole
place is so unvisited that we were
never recognized as Americans,
and the farmers gave us the milk
we asked for, a thing unheard of
away from our own land. The
French peasants do, however, offer
wine free to any passing tramp.

"The whole landscape is large,
wide, with strange conical hills
leaping abruptly from the plains.
The Valley of the Wye is the most
beautiful thing in Great Britain.
Indeed few countries can equal it.
The steep hills offer magnificent
views and are clothed with trees as
in no other part of England. Every-
where the legend of Arthur follows
and poetizes the way. The natives
speak of him as of some contemporary
of

VICTORIA THE GOOD.

"Half way down the vale lies
Tintern Abbey, that most picture-
sque of ruins, smothered in its
vines. We rowed one whole morn-
ing on the river, going from some
ten miles above the abbey down to
the bend on which it bides. The
price of the boat and boatman was
but seven shillings, and we could
have had him for the day at the
same price.

"The moorlands are the wildest,
the most lonesome sight an unac-
customed eye can look upon.
Brown, bare, sparsely covered by
coarse grass, they hump themselves
endlessly up against the skyline.
Here and there a tiny river cuts
a green line through their monotony
and the scum of a valley is bunched
up into a village and a pack of
orchards.

"We stayed over night in one of
these hamlets, Chittern-St. Mary's-
in-the-Downs. It wasn't half as
big as its name, and the inn was
thatched. For the seven miles be-
fore we reached Stonehenge there
was not a drop to drink and the
keepers of that prehistoric shrine
had not even a soft beer to sell.
Salisbury lies amid meadows so
green, so velvet, that a new charm
is added to the perfect cathedral.
"The roads of England are good,
not so hard as on the Continent, not
so mushy as in New England or New
York. The climate is perfect for
walking.

IT IS ALWAYS COOL.

Indeed on a day that the London
papers proclaimed the hottest for
fifteen years and bragged of heat
prostrations we wore our sweaters
after supper. The food is super-
excellent in the cheaper inns and
lodgings. It is often possible to
find yourself, i. e., buy food and
have it cooked at the house where
you are stopping.

"The people are very cordial in
the remote towns, always wishing
the passage (and meaning) and
good night! We had but one day
of rain, though that is possibly ex-

and that he has liver and bacon for
breakfast!

"I think he has veal and ham and
thick gravy, which is frimed with
parsley, and is on a silver dish,"
says another youthful essayist.
"After that he has apple-pie, straw-
berries and cream, and then forty
winks before he goes to the
theater." But perhaps the best
piece of humor is furnished by the
laddie who tells us that the King
rides about in a golden carriage,
sleeps in a golden bed, wears a
crown on his head on Sundays, and
gets wages every day which come to
£6,000 every week.

It will be news to the Court that
"sometimes the King passes his
time away sitting on his throne
reading"; and it is edifying to learn
from another juvenile historian that
"he has some children who do not go
to Sunday-school, so he spends his
time singing hymns with them in the
afternoon."

STRANGE FRENCH RIVER.

The Seine Now So Low That Boats
Have Their Troubles.

Contrary to last year's freak,
when the Seine threatened to engulf
Paris, the famous river has now
gone down so low as to seem on
the point of drying up altogether.
Will it come to this? When one
looks at the plates recently affixed
on the walls and the ends of the
piers to mark the maximum level of
last year's flood, and compares it
with the present level of the water,
the difference is almost incredible.
The bed of the river can be clearly
seen, through the muddy water.
The boats move along with appar-
ent difficulty, their propellers
churning in the mud. Wooden
piles and bits of crumbled walls can
be seen that once formed part of
dams or preparatory works emerge
out of the water.

If the river should dry up in Paris
it would mean a new disaster, and
it is not altogether impossible.
There have scarcely been twelve
days of rain in the past six months,
and even the flood reservoirs of
last year must soon be exhausted.
However, the Marne still continues
to supply a slight contingent, and
the disaster will most likely be
averted.

SURPRISE VERDICT.

Mother Who Choked Her Son Was
Acquitted.

The acquittal at Teschen, Silesia,
of a mother who wilfully strangled
her son has caused much surprise.

For twenty years Johanna Kier-
dron, a carpenter's widow, aged 42,
had suffered martyrdom in her
domestic relationships. Her hus-
band, having been a notorious
drunkard, she had to sustain her
family of eight children out of her
poor earnings. All her children
gave her trouble, but George, a boy
of thirteen, drove her to despair.

Arrested for a burglary last sum-
mer, he was released on account of
his youth. He went straight to a
cellar in his home, and remained
there all day. His mother took
some food to him and found him
brooding over another burglary. In
despair, she strangled him with a
cord.

Although the mother admitted
that she had done it intentionally,
and although her mind was declared
to be normal, she was acquitted of
the murder.

of the Abyssinian movements. The
marching and counter-marching
among swamps, passes, and tangled
thickets were very arduous.

At last Baratieri, in January,
1895, with 4,000 natives and 100 Italian
officers and men, took up a position
at Coatit and awaited Ras (or
Prince) Mangascia, who had been
told by Menelik to "go and drive
out the Italians first," when he had
prayed to be made "King" of
Tigre. Mangascia had 12,000 men.

A VICTORY.

At sunrise on Jan. 13 the Italian
battery opened fire on the native
camp at the foot of the mountain,
who then occupied the lofty hills to
the north. Fighting was resumed
next day, and Mangascia sent a
priest asking for terms, which Bara-
tieri, informed that the Abyssinians
had suffered great losses and were
running out of ammunition, refused.
In the night the enemy fled, and
Baratieri disbanded his troops. In
September, 1895, Mangascia took
the field with a new army, and was
again defeated, and his territory
promptly annexed by Italy.

A DEFEAT.

In November Mangascia declared
his intention of recovering the lost
provinces. Orders sent to Major
Tosselli, who had 2,400 troops at
Makalla, to retire to Adigrat were
not received, and though his force
repulsed an attack of 8,000 men,
12,000 reinforcements for the enemy
came up next day, and in the at-
tempt at retreat the army was al-
most wiped out. Toselli shooting
himself. The prisoners taken were
not harmed, and the wounded were
cared for. After this defeat the
Italian Government decided to at-
tempt no further extension of ter-
ritorial influence in Africa. An im-
mense force of Abyssinians, under
Menelik himself, beleaguered Mak-
alla, which was defended by 1,500
natives under Italian officers, who
finally surrendered and were al-
lowed to go to Adigrat with arms.

PEACE EFFORTS FAILED.

There was an understanding that
the King of Italy was to treat for
peace and pay a sum of money as
ransom for the officers. Menelik,
with his 70,000 men, were to be
free to march on Adowa, while
Baratieri, who had 30,000 men, was
to abandon Adigrat. But the
peace negotiations failed because
Italy refused to abrogate the
clauses in the old treaty, by which
Menelik was to recognize an Italian
"protectorate" and to treat with
foreign powers only through the
medium of Italy.

BATTLE OF ADOWA.

Then those native princes who
had been friendly to Italy joined
Menelik, the conquered provinces
were roused to revolt, and Baratieri
found himself surrounded, his car-
avans seized and his troops un-
provisioned. In February, 1896, he
decided to retreat, but was induced
by a majority of his officers, most
of whom were new to Africa, to at-
tack the enemy.

On March 13 three columns ad-
vanced. One reached a wrong
point, and was utterly crushed. A
second, marching to the rescue, was
overwhelmed. A general rout fol-
lowed. Two generals and over 200
officers were killed or wounded, and
nearly 10,000 native troops slain.
Sixty cannon were captured.

The people of Italy resolved to
have no more sacrifice of men or
money in Africa, and the King was
forced to accept the resignation of
the Crispi Ministry, who had rous-

for as last into Lake Superior, at
Alexander and a companion struck
an intersecting trail that looked
fresh. They were simultaneously
seized with a desire to leave the
portage trail and see where the new
trail led to. It looked as if it might
lead to a lake—the contour of the
country indicated it.

It did lead to a lake, and to their
surprise they saw an Indian teepee
on the far side of it. They walked
round the lake,—still on the trail,—
and found an Indian patching a
birch-bark canoe in front of the tee-
pee. Mr. Alexander recognized him
as Jim Radigeau, or something
like that. Anyway, it was Jim.

Jim said he had his "woman"
and "kids" in the teepee. Mr.
Alexander and his friend went in to
call and take some pictures. There
squatted a squaw and four half or
three-quarter naked youngsters in
the teepee. Nobody seemed to be
enjoying the call. The visitors
stayed just long enough to ex-
change a few half-Chippewa com-
monplaces and observe that all the
members of Jim's family looked
droopy and languid. Mr. Alexan-
der tried to draw one little papoose
into conversation, but without suc-
cess. When they came out, he said:

"Jim, the wife and the kids don't
seem to be well."
Jim said, "Naw," and went right
on putting pitch on the canoe seams.
"Been sick long?" asked Mr.
Alexander's friend, sympathetical-
ly.

"Two, t'ree day—mebbe week or
two."

"What's the matter with them?"
Mr. Alexander asked. "Do you
know, Jim?"

"Not much—just leetle seek, I
guess. Smallpox, man at post, he
say."

THE REST HABIT.

Hard to Break, but It Can Be Done,
Says Amiable Mr. Glimmerton.

"For that don't feel like work
feelings, with which," said Mr.
Glimmerton, "I fancy we are all of
a more or less likely to be afflicted,
I would in some cases prescribe
rest, though in most cases no
doubt the proper prescription would
be exertion.

"The trouble with the rest cure is
that it is like taking opiates; the
more you take the more you want.
The rest habit is easy to acquire
and hard to break.

"The habit of exertion, on the
contrary, is one that commonly we
do no take to so kindly; it does
not, as it were, spontaneously per-
meate us as the rest habit does; it
may in fact require assiduous cul-
tivation, and it takes quite a man
to acquire this habit in a complete-
ly saturating and permanent form
so that he is proof against attacks
of the rest habit, which, if he has a
trace of it left in him, is sure to
develop on the slightest provocation.

"Exertion is the only real cure.
It may be hard to take at first, but
you'll come to like it. Persist and
you'll find it vastly strengthening
and then delightful, and then, while
in taking the rest cure you are all
the time paying money out, in tak-
ing this one you have money all the
time coming in.

"Try work, continuous, steady,
hard work. Once get the habit of
work embedded in your system and
you won't be troubled any more by
that tired feeling."

Some people are too good to be
interesting.

THE CONQUEST OF ALGIERS

THE FRENCH FOUGHT THERE FOR MANY YEARS.

Arabs Can Put Up a Terrible Struggle to Invasion, As Italy May Found Out.

The story of the conquest of Algeria by the French is worth recalling, in view of the Italian invasion of Tripoli, the neighboring state.

Away back in the days of Caesar, Algeria came under Roman rule, and enjoyed great prosperity until, about the middle of the fifth century, the Romans were driven from Africa by the Vandals. About two hundred years later the Saracens conquered the country, which became divided into a number of petty states, ruled over by barbaric chiefs. In 1505 there was a Spanish invasion, but in 1516, the Turkish pirate, Barbarossa, was invited by one of the native princes to lead a rebellion, which he did, and was proclaimed king, introducing a new system of piracy, for which Algeria was noted until 1830, the history, meanwhile, being red with blood, shed in encounters with Spain, France and England.

FRENCH EXPEDITION.

Finally, to avenge the various injuries to shipping and an insult offered the French Consul by the Dey, war on a large scale was decided upon, and in 1830 a French army of 37,000 infantry, 4,000 cavalry and much artillery was despatched. They defeated a native army of over 40,000 and advanced on Algiers, which surrendered after one day's bombardment. Most of the Turkish troops there were conveyed to Asia Minor. The conquerors, by destroying native mosques and seizing lands, set the Arabs against them, and for years there was warfare of the most cruel kind.

BRUTAL DEEDS.

In Nov., 1831, Gen. Savary was sent across with 16,000 additional men. One of his exploits was the massacre of a whole Arab tribe, including old men, women and children during night, on account of a robbery committed by some of them. He also treacherously murdered two Arab chiefs, whom he had enticed in his power by written promises of safety. In 1834, a treaty of peace was signed, Abd-el-Kader, the Arab leader, being made a provincial emir. But the French became jealous of his power, and in 1835 there was another great battle, in which the French were defeated. Not for two years was peace declared, and then boundary disputes led to resumed hostilities a year later.

AN IMMENSE ARMY

By 1841, France had nearly 100,000 soldiers in the field, many of the tribes had been intimidated while Abde-el-Kader had to take refuge in Morocco. There he raised a large force and returned, but was ultimately defeated, and returned to Morocco to arouse the natives there to revolt. In 1844, however, the French were victorious in both countries, and Abd-el-Kader was again a fugitive, taking refuge with a band of followers in the mountains, from which they would make sorties. In June 1845, a band of Arabs, pursued by Gen. Pellissier, took refuge in a cave. They refused

STORIES OF AFRICA.

Man-eating Lions—A Blood-thirsty Monster.

Dr. Dunbar-Brunton, a well-known big game hunter, who has spent some years in northeastern Rhodesia, has some interesting stories to tell of that country, where he lived as a district medical officer.

The lions which roam the country stretching southward from Lake Mweru have been man eaters from time immemorial. Within a recent period fifty-three men have been killed by them in one district. The natives cannot protect themselves, as they have no guns, and run additional risks owing to their carelessness.

It happens not seldom that two or three men sitting in the open telling the old folklore stories which they love so dearly will be pounced upon by a man-eating lion and killed before they can turn their heads. Many a man stooping over his tobacco plants has been seized and carried off by a lion which has made its way stealthily through the outskirts of the village.

It is no wonder that they hold to this superstition, for the ferocity of their chiefs has been beyond words to describe. The late Mwamba was a blood-thirsty monster. Determined to show his power over his tribe and to punish them for the immoralities of which they are too often guilty, he put them to torture and death for the least offence. Fifty men and women were spiked on stakes and as they did not die quickly were roasted in their last agonies by bonfires lighted close to them.

For flirting and light behavior women had their noses, ears and lips cut off and Dr. Dunbar-Brunton has seen many of these creatures. For speaking against a chief the punishment was mutilation of the tongue and ears. For stealing one hand was chopped off at the first offence and the other hand at a second offence. This penal code was in full operation as lately as ten years ago. The present Mwamba is a man of somewhat milder disposition.

THE AEROPLANE IN WAR.

France and Germany Make Satisfactory Reports.

Great satisfaction has been expressed in France at the success of the aeroplane in the recent military manoeuvres. Gen. Chomer, who directed the whole of the manoeuvres, declares that the aeroplane is "the most marvellous engine of war we have ever had." Gen. Bonneau said of one phase of the manoeuvres: "I learned from the four airmen I had at my disposal the position of the enemy's batteries in the most exact detail. Most of them were carefully hidden in a valley behind a wood, and no cavalry in the world could have found them. The aeroplanes discovered them in a few minutes."

Col. Bernard, a very well known artillery officer, says: "Two batteries and an aeroplane are five times more formidable than three batteries without an aeroplane."

Photographs of fortress defences have been taken by aerial observers with special cameras, and have revealed the most jealously guarded secrets of defence.

ADVICE GIVEN AT RANDOM

DANGEROUS HINTS REGARDING HEALTH.

Few Things Are Doing More Mischief to the Human Family.

Few things are doing more mischief to-day than the indiscriminate advice flung out to an impressionable public on the subject of health. Some man cures himself of indigestion by a liberal diet of, say pork pie and lobster salad, and immediately recommends sufferers from the same complaint to try the same remedy. Then people wonder why the undertaker looks so fat and prosperous, says an English writer.

Then there are the early rising specialists. If you want good health, to say nothing of great wealth, you must "go to bed early and get up early." This is one of the wildest delusions ever entertained by the public. It arose, of course, in the old days, when agriculture was the main business of the community, and when people had to get their work done by daylight owing to the fact that it is so tiresome to have to cut corn or make hay by the light of a tallow-dip.

Since the invention of gas, however, to say nothing of electric light, human beings have adapted themselves as usual to their altered environment. A good deal of the best work of the world is now done by artificial light, and the

EARLY RISING THEORY

has had a bad twist.

People who live near towns and cities and have their work in such places ought not to be guided by the maxims of their agricultural forefathers. Common observation will show anyone that the townsman who rises early is not doing his health any good, or his pocket either. The rich men are the men who get up late; the men who rise early are their clerks and counter-jumpers.

As a matter of fact, it is pretty generally conceded that early rising is in a good many cases very bad for the brain; and, after all, in these days of machinery, the brain is the worker's chief asset.

Then there are the old age specialists. Every time a man or woman attains an exceptional age people rush to ask how the trick is done. One man will say that it is done by keeping your bedroom window open all night in all weathers. And other poor, deluded people will follow that advice, and die a few days later of a faded lung. Another man will recommend having the windows closed, and those who follow his advice are as likely as not to perish for lack of cold air, which their systems seem to need.

THE OPEN WINDOW.

When I was a young man I was misled by one of the fresh-air fiends into sleeping with my window open in the winter, and I caught the only cold I ever had in my life. Now, when a man tells me that by sleeping with my windows shut at night I am absorbing carbonic acid and anthropotoxin to three places of decimals, I can only reply that whatever open windows may do for other people, they do not suit me.

TALE OF PLUCK AND D

EX-PRESIDENT OF MEXICO ROMANTIC CAREER.

Had Many Narrow Escapes Fighting the Government of the Day.

The career of Sir Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, forms a veritable romance of adventure and thrilling escapes from death. On the battlefield he nearly lost his life a score of times, while time after time his political enemies tried to kill him when revolution was the order of the day in the country which he lately governed.

Perhaps his narrowest escape from his enemies, however, was in 1875, after he had led a futile insurrection against the Government. At that time Diaz was running for the Presidency against Juarez. The people wanted Diaz, the politicians Juarez, and Diaz finally took the field with his supporters, determined to fight it out. He was defeated, driven from Mexico, and took refuge in New Orleans. He then communicated with his friends, and decided to return and continue the fight.

A PLUCKY SWIM.

With this end in view he took passage secretly on the City of Havana, under the name of "Dr. de la Boza." Unfortunately, when the vessel reached Tampico a large body of troops were taken on board. As it happened, the very man who had recently defeated Diaz and his men was among them. It is assumed that Diaz thought he was about to be captured. At all events, he slipped off his clothes, rushed from his state-room, and plunged overboard, beginning a plucky swim, through bad, sharky water, for some American vessels lying in the distance. A boat was lowered, and the unfortunate General was rescued and brought back to the steamer.

He was a striking figure, and as he stepped on the gangway some of the men thought they recognized Diaz and shouted his name. But luckily a woman who was a friend of the General's saw the situation and, seizing a sheet from the state-room, rushed down the gangway and threw the sheet over his head, so that he passed through the crowd and so reached his state-room.

MASON HELPS MASON.

Capture seemed almost certain. The soldiers who had seen Diaz come aboard had reported to the colonel, who promptly looked into the matter and found that the posed Diaz had come aboard "Dr. de la Boza." He at once turned to the captain and demanded the surrender of Diaz, who could not speak Spanish. Coney, the purser, was

Now, Mr. Coney, part he played episode, was at by the grateful Consul-General Francisco state-room Mason! Diaz fugitive self. on. onel's de. latter said the emperor

there to revolt. In 1844, however, the French were victorious in both countries, and Abd-el-Kader was again a fugitive, taking refuge with a band of followers in the mountains, from which they would make sorties. In June, 1845, a band of Arabs, pursued by Gen. Pellissier, took refuge in a cave. They refused to surrender, and the general had a fire lit in front of the cave and suffocated them all—500 men, women and children.

In 1847, the Arab chief surrendered, and was taken to France, but being allowed to remove to Damascus, rendered valuable aid to the Christians during the Turkish massacre in Syria in 1860.

MORE REBELLIONS.

In the meantime, there was almost constant warfare in the interior until 1856, when the authority of France was undisputed and peace reigned for a time. In 1859, a rebellion was squelched, but in 1864 there was a serious up-rising in the south. Year after year, three up-risings of a serious character, until, in 1871, a widespread insurrection broke out, stimulated by the weakened condition of France at home. Horrible massacres were perpetrated, and all seaports were blockaded from the land side. It was not until after the fall of the commune in Paris that troops enough could be spared to quell this revolt. From October of that year, when a civil government was established, the colony has continued in a more or less flourishing condition.

TRIPOLI'S PAST.

Tripoli's history has not been so red. After falling successively into the hands of the Phoenicians, Romans, Vandals and Greeks, Tripoli was finally conquered by the Arabs twelve centuries ago, and has remained a Moslem state ever since. In 1510, Ferdinand of Spain took it, and thirteen years later it was given to the Knights of St. John, who were expelled in 1553 by Turkish Corsairs. Tripolitan pirates soon became the terror and scourge of the Mediterranean, and half the States of Europe seem to have, at some time or other, sent fleets to bombard the capital. In 1835 the Turks took advantage of a civil war to re-assert authority, and since that time it has been governed by representatives of the Sultan. Tripoli, the capital, is a typical Moorish city.

SMART COUNSEL.

An eminent King's Counsel, in the course of a learned argument, rested his case entirely on one reported decision, which, he claimed to be of paramount importance.

But, when he had finished, his opponent, being asked by the judge what he had to say, replied:

"I will not trouble your lordship with any further argument. I only wish to say that my friend has forgotten to inform your lordship that the case on which he relies has been taken on appeal to the House of Lords and the decision absolutely reversed."

Upon that the eminent K. C. turned to his colleagues round about and whispered:

"Good heavens, what a liar that man must be! Why, there never was such a case."

ONE WAY.

Bates—I hear that Jones is making his home more attractive.

Yates—Yes, he has sold his piano.

artillery officer, says: "Two batteries and an aeroplane are five times more formidable than three batteries without an aeroplane."

Photographs of fortress defences have been taken by aerial observers with special cameras, and have revealed the most jealously guarded secrets of defence.

Working in conjunction with artillery, airmen by reporting the position of large bodies of troops to battery commanders have doubled the effective zone of fire of the guns. It was after a demonstration of this kind that the Commander-in-Chief of the First Army Corps said to the gunners: "This marks the greatest step forward in our artillery methods for many years."

The French budget provides for the expenditure of \$3,400,000 upon the aerial fleet, and 200 army aeroplanes will be in commission by the end of the year.

From Berlin, too, come satisfactory reports of the work of the German military aeroplanes, which were employed for the first time at the recent manoeuvres. In the council of war at the end of the operations the Kaiser pointed out that within thirty-five minutes after hostilities had opened at day-break Field Marshal von der Goltz was exactly informed regarding the strength, disposition and formation of the west wing of the invaders by two lieutenants who made a scouting flight in a biplane.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

December 12th Will be the Great Day.

The arrangements for the Delhi Durbar are now complete. The King and Queen are to arrive at Delhi on December 7. They will be met by the Viceroy, Governors and heads of provinces. Inside the fort walls the chief ruling princes will be presented.

Three processions will then be formed which will move to the great canvas city outside the city walls. The first procession will consist of the Governors, Lieutenant-Governors and Chief Commissioners of provinces. The second procession will be that of the King and Queen. The ruling Princes will form a third procession. On the afternoon of December 8 the King will lay the foundation stone of the King Edward Memorial, for which \$153,400 has been collected.

On Sunday, December 8, the King and Queen will make a public appearance at divine service in camp. On December 11, the King will present new colors to three British and two native regiments. December 12th will be the great day.

The King and Queen will then appear in the centre of the arena, where the royal proclamation will be read before 100,000 of their Asiatic subjects, after which the great feudatory Princes, rulers, satraps and bashaws will pay homage.

On December 13 a great fair will be held outside Delhi. December 14 will be the day of the review. On December 15 come the races and military tournament. On December 16, the final day, there will be a state progress through Delhi city, at which more than half the domesticated elephants in all India are expected to be in use.

The King will then leave for the shoot in Nepal. It is estimated that the huge canvas city erected for the Durbar will contain 250,000 persons.

in the winter, and I caught the only cold I ever had in my life. Now, when a man tells me that by sleeping with my windows shut at night I am absorbing carbonic acid and anthropotoxin to three places of decimals, I can only reply that whatever open windows may do for other people, they do not suit me, and that my system seems to thrive prodigiously on carbonic acid and anthro-what-ever-it-is.

One man, recently, on being asked how he came to live to be a hundred, replied that it was because he had never used tobacco in any form. I dare say a good many smokers who read that confession decided to become non-smokers—for the next hour or two, anyway. Whereas, when you come to think of it, most of the ladies are non-smokers, but there are not so many centenarians among them; unless, of course, they happen to have had the luck to lose the registers of their births. The ladies who really do live to a great age are mostly work-house inmates who are allowed by a humane Government to satisfy their everlasting craving for strong tobacco in an old clay pipe.

Some time ago one of the health specialists started a theory that going without hats made the hair grow, and all the bald-headed brigade turned out hatless to a man. I meet lots of them still in my part of the country, cycling and walking; and I can not help observing that after two or three years of the treatment they seem balder than ever.

They should have done what I was clever enough to do—chosen a father whose crop of hair was as good at seventy as it was at twenty. There is no other way.

ICE CENTURIES OLD.

Exposed to View as a Result of Intense Heat.

The phenomenal and continued heat of the past summer and the lack of snow and rain since June are having their effect on the highest mountains in Switzerland and parts of France and Italy.

Guides and Alpinists returning from these high altitudes report that ice centuries old, and probably never seen before by man, is now exposed to view, and being "penetrated" and melted by the burning sun for the first time in Alpine history. Small glaciers have disappeared, and large ones have shrunk. They have lost large portions of the "tails" touching the valleys, while huge boulders have replaced the perpetual ice.

This phenomenon is specially noticeable in the Alps of Savoy, Valais, and parts of the Bernese Oberland, while the level of the summit of Mont Blanc is lowered several yards. In the rock mountains, such as the Matterhorn and the Aiguilles of Mont Blanc, the melting of the old ice between the fissures and crevasses is causing dangerous avalanches of stones and boulders.

The rivers fed by glaciers are very high, but the others are at an unusually low level.

Old Lady—Did you apologize, Tommy, when you trod on that gentleman's foot? Tommy—Yes! and he gave me ten cents for being polite. Old Lady—Good heavens! What did you do then? Tommy—Why, I trod on the other foot, but it wouldn't work.

Francisco, state-room Mason! Diaz

fugiti self. onel's de. latter said. the supposed. liked he could p. door, so that Diaz. Coney mistransla. and told the colonel. place a sentry at the ship, but not at the door.

STRICTLY GUARDED.

The colonel, therefore, sta a sentry at the stern, with orders not to take his eyes from door of the state-room.

Coney now began to lay out his scheme, which was to pretend that Dr. Boza had again jumped overboard! Mr. Coney selected a stormy night, when it was blowing a howling gale of wind. The state-room of Diaz was well astern to the windward, and by watching the sentry the President's helper noticed that the man ran back to leeward every few moments when a big sea struck the ship.

A DARING PLAN.

Then, as the sentry went peeling to leeward, Coney suddenly opened the door of the state-room, and Diaz walked swiftly forward and safely reached Coney's store-rooms. Here he was at once put in a narrow clothes-press.

This accomplished, Coney next hunted up an American doctor, who was in the scheme, and told him to open up the room of the supposed doctor, toss over a life-preserver, and shout "Man over-board!"

CONEY'S BIG BRIDE.

Soon, however, the colonel was knocking loudly at the door, and, being asked to come in, excitedly explained that Diaz had escaped. At first he refused to believe the doctor's story of a man jumping overboard, and even after Coney had helped him to explore the vessel he retired somewhat sceptical—so much so, in fact, that a few days later he told Coney that he was convinced that he had Diaz hidden somewhere on board, and offered him \$50,000, if he would indicate the place. But Coney refused to be bribed.

Each night Coney took Diaz out of his wardrobe in order that he might exercise his cramped limbs, putting him in his own bed and locking him up in the wardrobe again early in the morning. Thus did Diaz elude the suspicious colonel, and he was still in the clothes-press when the vessel reached Vera Cruz. Here Coney communicated with General Enriquez, who, fortunately, happened to be one of Diaz's followers.

In response a lighter was sent to the steamer with a lot of men on her, with orders to receive some guns which had been shipped, and Diaz, with his face bearded with coal-dust and disguised as a laborer, was smuggled ashore.

Diaz was obliged to skulk through the forests from Vera Cruz until he had rallied his forces, which he did with such success that the next battle placed him as resident in the Mexican "White House."

Mrs. Flint (severely)—Do you ever drink intoxicants? Snob Smoaner (at the door)—Before my maddim, permit me to if dat is an invitation or merely

RUBBERS

ARE CHEAPER.

We handle only high grade Rubbers.

No pinched goods or third qualities.

The prices quoted below cannot be beaten in Canada.

Men's Heavy Gum Rubber Boots.....	\$3.00
Men's best quality rolled sole Rubbers, heavy or light weight.....	90c.
Men's 1st quality Plain Rubbers, to fit all shapes, every pair guaranteed.....	80c.
Men's Plain Rubbers, sizes 6, 7 and 8.....	50c.
Ladies' Rubbers, four shapes, new fresh goods...	50c.
Ladies' highest grade Rubbers with-leather inner heels.....	65c.
Children's Rubbers.....	25c. and 35c.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
HOUSES,
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

Coal Prices Advance Sept. 15th.

I wish to notify the public generally that the present prices of my Genuine Anthracite Coal are as follows:—

Stove or Egg, \$6.75 per ton
Nut \$7.00 per ton.

On September 15th the price will advance 25c per ton on all sizes. Order now. Deliveries made when wanted.

CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard : Foot of West Street. 1-11
Phone 104.

The New Perfection COAL OIL HEATER

Is just the thing
these chilly days.

Orderless

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\$4.50

VINEGAR

I am selling only the best quality of

**White Wine and
Cider Vinegar**

for pickling, at very much reduced prices. Give me a call for Vinegar.

Phone 130.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Kingston Business College

(Limited)
Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Best Grade Business School. The superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects. Graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

No smoked lamp chimneys when you burn "Pratt's Astral" coal oil. Bring your demijohns to Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

A real good attraction is coming to the Brisco opera house on Friday Oct. 27th, when "The Mummy and the Humming Bird" will be produced by an excellent company of performers.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Napanee was visited with the first snow fall of the season on Friday afternoon last. It commenced raining early in the afternoon and continued until four o'clock when the rain

UNDERWEAR

Our strong line, the line that draws more trade our way each succeeding year.

Not the cheap, but the best goods that are made, find favor with us, find favor with you.

**We carry an Extensive
Range and can give you
choice of many reliable
makes.**

We can supply your underwear needs better than most people. If you are not already a customer would be pleased to add you to our list.

We guarantee satisfaction.

Prices run from

25c to \$2.50 per Garment.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

The Best Yet

The new vacuum washing machine is certainly the best one that has ever been put on the market. Come in and let us show it to you. Sold, and guaranteed, by

M. S. MADOLE.

George Brown, the man charged with assaulting Mrs. Frank Patterson, formerly Miss Gladys Price, has been committed for trial at Minden, Man., on Oct. 24th. On the charge of attempted murder of Adams, the hotel-keeper, shot during the chase, he was also sent up for trial at the same time.

A. S. Kimmerly is selling immense quantities bran and shorts. Five Roses Flour \$2.65. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, 80c bottle, Dodd's Kidney Pills, 35c box. Try our 15c tea. Good black tea 25c. Package corn starch 5c. bulk starch 5c.

The people of Bath Circuit of the Methodist Church, who have just completed their new parsonage, are appreciating very much the donation

Music.

Miss Clara Bowen is prepared to receive pupils in piano and theory at her home, Dundas street.

Toothache.

Rezell toothache remedy will stop it, price 10 cents. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store.

Announcements.

Services in S. Mary Magdalene, Sunday, October 15th. 10.30 a.m., Holy Communion; 7.00 p.m., Evensong; 3.00 p.m., Children's Service in the church. Address at the morning service, "Sunday Schools." Address in the evening—Specially to parents.

W. E. KIDD, M. A.,

Vicar.

Excursion to Picton.

Don't forget the N. C. I. A. A. will run their third annual football excursion, per Str., Brockville to Picton on Saturday October 14th. This will likely be the last excursion of the season, so come and help the boys. Tickets, 50 cents, children 35c. Boat leaves the Reindeer dock at 8 a. m. sharp. 44-a.

Real Estate Deal.

We understand that Mr. Fred L. Hooper has purchased the Drug Store building he has occupied for the last ten years, known as "The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store." We congratulate Mr. Hooper—our fellow townsman—on having, what is considered, one of the best drug store properties in the Dominion. We wish him continued success.

Bargains in Pianos.

Do you want a first-class piano at a low price? You can save money by calling and examining our pianos before buying elsewhere. We handle the Karn, Morris and Wormwith Pianos and have different styles to choose from. Pianos from \$82.00 up. We also have some good second hand organs for sale, cheap.

C. A. WISEMAN, John St.,
Napanee.

Golf.

The regular weekly tournament of the Napanee Golf Club, was held on the local links on Wednesday afternoon. 3 Mr. Travers captured both the best gross and best net scores.

	Gross	H'd'p	Net
Travers.....	46	14	32
German.....	48	15	33
Reiffenstein.....	47	13	34
Leonard.....	53	17	36
Hon.....	58	22	36
Warner.....	53	15	33
Smith.....	53	13	41

Lennox and Addington Historical Society.

The regular meeting of the Historical Society will be held in Historical Hall, Library Building, on Friday evening, Oct. 27th, at 8 o'clock. Professor L. E. Horning, of the University of Toronto, will deliver a lecture on "England and Germany." Those who heard Dr. Horning's lecture on his last visit to Napanee, will be pleased to learn that he has again consented to come here. The meeting is open for the public, entrance free and everyone is welcome.

Free Lectures.

Two lectures will be given in the Town Hall, Napanee, Sunday, Oct. 15th, at 3 and 8 p. m. They are given under the auspices of the Laymen's Home Missionary Movement, which is totally undenominational and unsectarian. Mr. J. H. Perrin, the lecturer, is a brilliant speaker and a rare opportunity will be given for hearing many puzzling questions discussed from the business standpoint. The speaker is eminently successful in combatting the general unbelief of our day and holds his large audiences with rapt attention from start to finish. Extra chairs will be placed for seating. All are invited. No collections.

Curling Meeting.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of

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4:50

S. MADOLE,

Napane's Leading Hardware Store.

Phone, 13.

WALTHAM
Our stock is complete in all grades.

THE ELGIN
The master Watch for Railroad Men.

THE HOWARD
The finest time-pieces ever produced.

We are agents for them all. Come in and talk watch with us.

Smith's Jewelry Store

15 Cases of Granite
Just in from
Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look for us.

V. KOUBER, - **Napanee**

PRESSED HAY AND STRAW

WOOD OF ALL KINDS.

The Best in Groceries

Flour, Feed, Etc.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 101.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Napanee was visited with the first snow fall of the season on Friday afternoon last. It commenced raining early in the afternoon and continued until about four o'clock when the rain turned to snow. The first snow storm last year came along on October 28th.

We have just received a large shipment of hall, library and hanging lamps, from one of the largest manufacturers on the continent. They are beauties, and the prices will surprise you.

M. S. MADOLE.

Tell the ladies that we have accepted the agency for J. Palmer and Son's—Canada's leading torsorial artists—"Real hair goods." Latest styles in chignon, braids, puffs, pads, switches, nets, etc., made from real hair, strictly sanitary, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper. Note—Switches made to order from your own hair.

The Ladies' Guild of St. Mary Magdalene Church will give a social in the basement of the church on Thursday 19th. A good programme will be given including the presentation of trophies to the winning team of the base ball league. Everybody welcome. Come and show your interest in the boys. Light refreshments. Admission 15c.

M. B. Mills' sailing yacht, Dolphin, is some boat, not only as a pleasure craft, but also as a freight carrier. On Saturday last he brought into the harbor a cargo of 320 bags of apples from Hay Bay, not one of the bags being placed on deck. The Dolphin is only 41 feet long, with a 11 foot beam, drawing 4 1/2 feet of water. Capt. Mills has certainly got a boat to be proud of.

Jas. Gordon is acting as agent for Mr. Albert Close's new book that is taking so well in England and the United States, at present, "Babylon the Scarlet Woman." Mr. Close is an old Lennox boy, formerly of Chambers P. O., and whose letters from time to time in the "Beaver" were always read with interest. He is evidently making good in the Old Land. The books will be for sale on Tuesday at Mr. Gordon's usual stand west of the Palace on the show ground. 40-d

After the Battle Is Over

and the victory won we have time to figure out how it was done, but no amount of figuring can explain how it is that we can sell such good

WALLPAPER

at so low a price as we do. If you'll promise not to tell I'll whisper one or two reasons—the others I'll give to anyone who asks for them.

1st—We act as traveller for one of the largest wallpaper manufacturers in Canada and know about all the snags they have.

2nd—These we buy in such large quantities we are able to give you practically a wholesale rate.

We are just getting in the first of next season's stock.

Come in and look it over.

A. E. PAUL.

Paul's Bookstore.

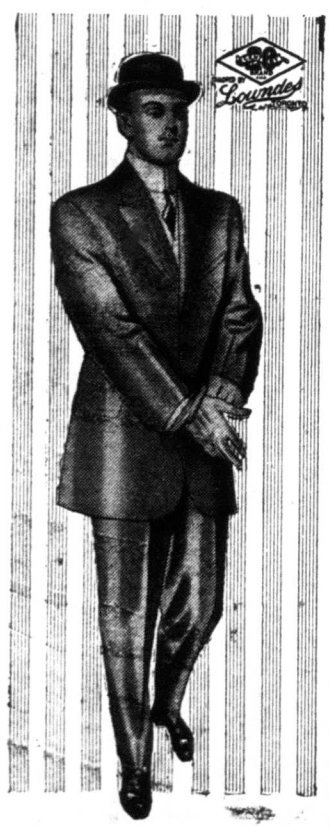
A. S. Gimmerly is selling immense quantities bran and shorts. Five Roses Flour \$2.65. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, 80c bottle, Dodd's Kidney Pills, 35c box. Try our 15c tea. Good black tea 25c. Package corn starch 5c. bulk starch 5c.

The people of Bath Circuit of the Methodist Church, who have just completed their new parsonage, are appreciating very much the donation of Mr. H. B. Bristol, of Picton. Mr Bristol's grandfather and family were among the early settlers of Bath neighborhood, and in memory of these and the association of former years, two imported seamless velvet rugs of fine quality were sent to adorn the floors of the new building. The rugs are alike in colors and of a late Oriental pattern. They are selected to perfectly fit the two divisions of the parsonage parlors, and with the hardwood floors and Georgia pine woodwork give a beautiful effect. The gift is an unsolicited one and affords much pleasure to the entire community.

Planos.

The place to select your piano is from VanLuvén Bros. stock at Paul's music store, Napanee. We have several makes, including the celebrated Gerhard Heintzman and Newcombe. You can see the different styles, hear the different tones, and take your choice. We trade for anything, we want twenty horses on deal and give very easy terms of payment. We also sell Organs sewing machines, separators, and the celebrated Fairbanks and Harris Gasoline engines. We have two large farms sale. Will be at Mr. Pauls store Saturdays.

VANLUVEN BROS.
Moscow and Yarker.



Here is a New One

Note the cut of the lapels on this coat—the fine shoulders and the drape of the skirt. This is a style you will find exclusively in 30th Century Brand. Bench-tailored by expert needleman. We are exclusive agents.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

portunity will be given for hearing many puzzling questions discussed from the business standpoint. The speaker is eminently successful in combatting the general unbelief of our day and holds his large audiences with rapt attention from start to finish. Extra chairs will be placed for seating. All are invited. No collections.

Curling Meeting.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the local curling fraternity was held at the Public Library, on Monday evening, Oct. 9th. The affairs of the Club were reported in a flourishing condition, and the prospects for increased membership and a good season's sport look exceedingly bright. The election of officers for the ensuing season resulted as follows:

President—Dr. R. C. Cartwright.
Vice-President—C. I. Maybee.
Treasurer—J. W. Robinson.
Secretary—R. G. H. Travers.
Executive Committee—J. S. Ham, J. L. Boyes, R. A. Leonard, W. C. Smith, H. Daly.
Ice Committee—W. C. Smith, J. S. Ham, H. Daly and C. I. Maybee.
Representatives to Eastern Ontario Curling League—J. S. Ham and R. G. H. Travers.
Representatives to Ontario Curling League—J. L. Boyes and R. G. H. Travers.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Squaw Man.

An event of more than passing interest is the appearance at the Opera House in Napanee of "The Squaw Man" on Tuesday night October 17th. "The Squaw Man" is a comedy drama by Edwin Milton Royle, which was the attraction at Wallack's Theatre, New York for two seasons. The story deals with life in the western states where, when a white man marries an Indian woman, he is called a "Squaw Man."

The scene of the first act is laid in England, and the others all take place in the "Far West" of this country. Mr. Westfield, in the numerous roles in which he has appeared, has shown himself pre-eminently fitted for roles of this manly sort, as that of the ranchman hero in this play is, and it was to be expected that he would score a big success. The plan opens at Jessop's Drug Store on Saturday morning. Prices, first eleven rows, \$1.00, 75c., 50c., and 25c.

Williams' Pink Pills, 35c, or 3 for \$1.00 at Wallace's Drug Store.

Died on the Road.

Mr. Shepherd Mullet, a prosperous Morven farmer died very suddenly at Napanee on Saturday last. Mr. Mullet was in his usual health and had come to Napanee for a load of steel shingles. He went to the Grand Trunk freight shed where the shingles were loaded on his wagon and started for home going down East Street. When opposite Mr. Pat. Gleason's residence he was seen to drop the lines, throw up his hands and fall off the load to the ground. When assistance arrived he was already dead. Drs. Ward, Leonard and Cowan were immediately summoned and pronounced it a case of heart failure. The remains were taken to Messrs. Ming & Hamblly's undertaking establishment and prepared for burial. The funeral took place from his late residence at Morven, on Monday afternoon. Deceased was one of Morven's most respected residents, and a church and Sunday school worker. He was sixty-one years of age and leaves a widow but no family.

Hotter Than Blazes is that marvelous family liniment and pain-killer, Merrill's Wizard Lightning. Cures sore lungs and throat, colic, cramps, gas on the stomach, earache, toothache, rheumatic and neuralgic pain and female monthly pain, almost instantly. Price 36c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

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One Dollar

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It will greatly
improve its ap-
pearance.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

St. Andrew's Church.

On Sunday evening another Song Service will be held. The pastor will give a short history of a few hymns.

Wire Goods.

Large corn poppers, wire Gravy and Soup, Strainers, wire Broilers, wire Potato Fryers, Egg Boilers, Egg Whips, Everything in wire. See them at

BOYLE & SON.

Important to Ladies.

Prof. Dorenwend, of Toronto, begs to announce that he will be at the Paisley House, on Friday, October 27th, with a complete display of the newest London, Paris and New York creations in hair goods. You are invited to call and inspect his goods.

Notice to Poultry Raisers.

Messrs. Robert Nevens & Son, who have bought dressed poultry here for the last two seasons, will be here again in November and will be prepared as usual to pay the highest price. For further particulars apply to

C. A. WISEMAN, John St., Napanee.

You Want Coal.

You will have to have it. I have the coal. I want the money. I have got to have it. Send me your order and you will get what you want and I will get what I want.

F. E. VANLUVEN.

Thank Offering.

The annual Thank Offering of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, will be held in the Sunday School room, on Friday, Oct. 27th, at 7.30 p. m. sharp. Rev. J. R. Conn, M. A., of Cannington, will deliver the address. There will also be a good musical programme and refreshments. Voluntary offering at the door. A cordial invitation is extended to all, both men and women.

In Buying a Monument.

Don't for one moment think that size or weight are the sole consideration. Perfection as to color, cutting and brilliancy determines the price more than anything else. Only monuments of the highest quality are admitted to our stock—and no where else can as great price savings be made. The Napanee Marble and Granite Works.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Prop.

NEWS ITEMS CONDENSED

Charles I. Hurst, colored, Chatham, found guilty of the manslaughter of Thomas Brown, and was sentenced to life imprisonment.

In a proclamation in The Canada Gazette all subjects of the King in Canada are commanded to observe strict neutrality in the war between Turkey and Italy.

Walter Gray, a yeoman of Elzevir township, Hastings county, had his skull crushed Monday evening by his team running away. There are no hopes for his recovery.

Mrs. Margaret Kent, wife of Bertam Kent, formerly of Wolfe Island, now of Latimer, died at her home on Friday morning. She was a daughter of Michael McCullough, of Napanee.

It is stated that the Duke of Connaught will reach Ottawa on Saturday afternoon next and will be given a public reception at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. It will be a half-holiday in Ottawa and a big time is anticipated.

A substitute for the Taft reciprocity treaty, which would be satisfactory to both the United States and Canada, is to be presented in an address being prepared by Governor Osborn, of Michigan, to be delivered soon.

It is understood that Lord Strathcona will retain his office as high commissioner for Canada for an undetermined period. It has been understood heretofore that the veteran statesman would probably retire with the accession of the Borden Government.

John Walter Dick, inland revenue department, Toronto, was touch-line judge at the Argonauts-Hamilton football game, on Saturday, had an argument with an unknown man and was knocked down and his skull fractured. He died Monday morning, without recovering consciousness.

The rather significant statement of Hon. Dr. J. O. Reame, made at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the North Essex Conservative Association that "You cannot fix a date too soon," is taken as a semi-official Government declaration that a Provincial election is not far off.

The Steamer Geronia, with new engine equipment made a run from Picton to Kingston at sixteen miles an hour. The council of Picton made the trip, the occasion of the presentation of a new set of flags to the new steamer. B. R. Hepburn, M. P., president and general manager, made the important announcement that a sister ship to the Geronia would be built.

No fewer than forty fairs this year had to be postponed on account of elections. This bunched a number of them at a season characterized by rains. As a result the ten thousand dollars voted for the first time this year to be used as insurance against bad weather came in very conveniently as a result of the drop in their gate receipts due to the wet weather.

The latest development of the fire that destroyed the Toronto bank and printing office building, Colborne, was brought forth on Monday. While the debris was cleaned from the ruined buildings, a skeleton of a full grown man was found. How the skeleton got there is a mystery, and it is thought the firebug was in some way caught in his own misdeeds. It is possible the real cause of the fire or death of the man will never be known.

The opening of the new Canadian Northern line from Toronto to Trenton on Monday was marred by an accident near Grafton, in which, however, no person was hurt. Owing to a "split switch" which possibly through carelessness was left half open, train No. 9 which left Trenton at six o'clock Monday evening, left the rails. The engine turned over on its side on the south side of the track. The tender was left standing on the track, and the baggage car went over on the north side of the track. The fireman was thrown out of the cab window and landed against the fence without hardly a bruise and the engineer

PERSONALS

Mr. T. B. Wallace was in Belleville Tuesday.

Mr. Clarence Warner spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Garrett and family returned to Vancouver this week after spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Davis, Centre Street.

Mr. George Emmons is home from Western Ontario for a few days.

Mr. M. S. Madole spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Mrs. J. Aylsworth and Mrs. Burrett and Mrs. Burrett left on Tuesday to spend the winter in Toronto.

Mrs. Alex Smith has returned home after spending several weeks with friends in Quebec and Montreal.

Miss M. Ross who has been visiting friends in town left for New York Tuesday.

Mrs. M. J. Bates returned home after spending several weeks with her husband, Rev. M. J. Bates, at 1000 Island Park.

Mrs. Thos. Cunningham, who has been visiting friends in Tamworth for two weeks, returned home Monday last.

A. B. Frizzell, Railway Mail Clerk, Toronto, is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Frizzell.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman is visiting friends in Gananoque.

Mr. Ed. Roy and family spent Sunday in Belleville.

Rev. W. E. Kidd attended a meeting of the Bay of Quinte Clerical Union at Trenton this week.

Mrs. Peter Abrams is visiting her daughter, Mrs. McConville, Watertown, N. Y.

Mrs. C. H. Bonnel and son, New York, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fraser.

Mr. Augustus Keech, of Bardolph, was in Napanee on Thursday and paid us a friendly visit. Although not very robust physically Mr. Keech always has a pleasant smile and a cheery good word for his friends, and is always a welcome visitor at our office.

Among those taking in the New York Excursion this week are: Mrs. F. E. VanLaven, Miss Ross, Miss Allingham, Mrs. A. Alexander, Mrs. B. Davy, Mrs. E. J. Pollard, Mrs. W. H. Boyle, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart, Mr. Fred Richardson, Miss Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Cliff, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Miller and son, Miss Bryers Messrs. M. P. Graham, H. E. Smith, and Dr. N. J. Sills.

DEATHS

PARKS—At Napanee, Harold Donald Parks, son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Parks, aged 5 months 5 days.

MULLET—At Napanee, on Saturday, October 7th, 1911, Shepherd Mullet, of Morven, aged 61 years.

Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills, 20c. at Wallace's Drug Store.



in tea may mean
to you flavor or
strength or fragrant
richness. Red Rose
Tea is blended with
such nicety that it is
the combination of all
three points of merit.
Will you try a package.



NEVER SOLD IN BULK
Your Grocer Will
Recommend It

DESERONTO.

We are having delightful fall weather at present, and the farmers are doing their ploughing and making preparations for winter.

Service in the church here on Sunday evening was conducted by Mr. McKendry, our pastor, Rev. Geo. Nickle, having gone to Toronto to attend the Ecumenical Conference which is being held in the Metropolitan church there at present.

Miss Mata Mellow has returned home after a month's visit with relatives at Toronto, Mt. Brydges, and other places.

Mr. Thos. Walmsley visited his sister, Mrs. Henry Gault, of Gosport, on Monday, who is seriously ill.

Mr. Arthur Rose, of Deseronto Road, visited Mr. Jas. Clark, Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. McCaul and children, of Toronto, are visiting at Mr. J. Mellow's.

Miss Gracie Post entertained her girl friends on Saturday afternoon, it being her birthday. An enjoyable afternoon was spent.

Kitchen Goods.

We just received a new line of Kitchen Carvers, knife and fork, ebony handle, good steel, per pair 50c. Every kitchen should have a pair.

BOYLE & SON.

COMING

PROF. DORENWEND,

of Toronto

—will be at the—

Paisley House, Napanee.

On Friday, October 27th,

with a stock of the newest

European and American



Buying a Monument.
Don't for one moment think that size or weight are the sole consideration. Perfection as to color, cutting and brilliancy determines the price more than anything else. Only monuments of the highest quality are admitted to our stock—and no where else can as great price savings be made. The Napanee Marble and Granite Works.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Prop.
Opposite Campbell House.

Obituary.

Mr. Sidney York, of Erinsville, died very suddenly on Tuesday morning, Oct. 3rd, at the early age of 22. He had been at the station bidding some friends good-bye, and after the train had gone, started to walk up the road with a young lady. They had gone but a short distance when he fell at her feet in an unconscious state. Help was summoned, but before medical aid arrived, his spirit had taken its flight.

"Sid" was a young man who was liked by all who knew him, he being a very kind-hearted and obliging neighbour. The whole community at large was shocked when they heard of his death, for, although he had been ailing for some weeks, still no one knew the end was so near. He leaves, besides his father, three sisters to mourn the loss of a loving brother. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Henry in the Methodist Church, Tamworth, on the following Thursday and all that was mortal was laid to rest in the family plot in the Methodist cemetery.

For the latest thing in ladies' hand bags, purses, ask for the "Julian Sale" make, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

ARE NOT TO BE ENVIED.

Inferiority of Japanese Women
Taught From Time Immemorial.

Travelers have noticed how difficult it is to gain entrance into a Japanese family. The female members are merely introduced to the guest and there the acquaintance ends. For this reason the Japanese woman has always remained a fascinating mystery. She may have ideas and tastes, but they are not to be shared with the world at large. The astute head of the family sees to this; he knows perfectly well that if the truth concerning the organization of his household were to be known, he would be considered a very inferior being, and his national vanity would suffer in consequence.

To begin with the inferiority of woman has been taught by philosophers and moralists from time immemorial.

"A woman should regard her husband as her lord, and serve him with all the reverence and all the adoration of which she is capable." So said Kaibara, the great teacher of the 17th century. He said a great deal more in this same strain, threatening women with celestial vengeance should they dare to disobey their lords and masters, or have any thoughts other than how they could best serve and please them. According to this great philosopher women should practice what he terms "a triple obedience": to her husband and his parents, first of all; a young girl should be completely subservient to her father, and a widow subservient to her son.

This inferiority of woman is founded on the principle of her moral, psychological and even physiological inferiority. "The five greatest maladies of the feminine mind," says Kaibara, "are indolence, ill-humor, love of gossip, jealousy and stupidity." Without a doubt seven or eight women out of every ten are afflicted with all these maladies hence their inferiority as regards men. "Confucianism makes of woman an eternal child, an incurable invalid. Buddhism treats her more severely still; not content with denying her reason, it holds her to be diabolical, more wicked even than weak.

person was hurt. Owing to a "split switch" which possibly through carelessness was left half open, train No. 9 which left Trenton at six o'clock Monday evening, left the rails. The engine turned over on its side on the south side of the track. The tender was left standing on the track, and the baggage car went over on the north side of the track. The fireman was thrown out of the cab window and landed against the fence without hardly a bruise and the engineer managed to hold his seat throughout.

BAY CENTRE.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard McCabe, of Napanee spent Sunday at Mr. Will McCabe's.

Mr. Willie Joyce and sister Ethel, of Adolphustown, spent Sunday at Mr. D. A. McCabe's.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Sills spent Sunday evening at Mr. Ashton McCabe's.

Mr. Clarence Moore and Miss Emma McCabe spent last Sunday at Yarker.

Duck hunting is the order of the day.

Mrs. Perry Brown spent Monday at Mrs. Fred Moore's.

A number from this vicinity attended Odessa Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McCabe's.

Mr. George McCabe spent a few days of last week in Napanee.

Mrs. John F. Parks had a Telephone put in at her residence on Tuesday last.

Miss Cora McCabe spent Wednesday at her cousins, Miss Bessie McCabe.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. McCabe, spent Sunday at his brother's, Mr. Ashton McCabe.

Miss Bella Moore and Miss Estella Perry called on Mrs. Jack Hambly on Tuesday evening last.

Mrs. James A. Moore is improving very slowly.

WALLACE'S CROSSING.

We are having some nice weather now after the snowstorm on Friday last.

Mr. Bradshaw, of Tamworth, has men loading lumber at Erinsville Station.

Potato digging is the order of the day.

Mr. Wm. Wagar is busily engaged drawing sand for the new school at Tamworth.

The Misses Pearl and Bernice Richardson, of Tamworth, called on Miss Jennie York, on Wednesday of this week.

Miss Tilly York and Mrs. Samuel Gonyou spent a few days in Odessa with her uncle, Mr. Thos. York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wagul returned to their home at Black River, N. Y., after spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Angus York.

Miss M. B. Carscallen, spent Wednesday evening with the Misses Jennie and Tilly York.

Miss Florence Neville left on Monday for an extended visit with friends in New York City.

Mr. Fred Parks was the guest of Miss Rachel York on Sunday evening.

Mrs. Richard Chalk left on Wednesday morning for the Kingston Hospital with her daughter, who will undergo an operation for her throat.

Mrs. Birkley is spending some time in Marlbank with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Burrows.

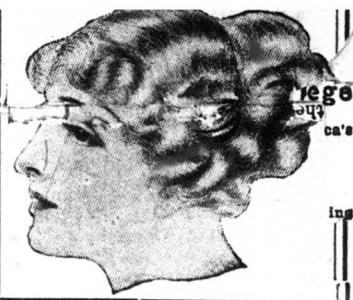
Mr. David Keech is spending a few weeks with his aunt, Mrs. W. McAdams.

Mr. Samuel Gonyou is sporting a new buggy. Watch out, girls!

When your throat tickles it's time to take Four T's and avoid a serious cold. Four red T's on the bottle. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

THE DOREN WEND CO. of Toronto
—will be at the—
Paisley House Napanee.
On Friday, October 27th,
with a stock of the newest
European and American
Fashions in Hair Goods



Switches, Transformations, Pompadours,
Waves-Fronts, Colls.

OUR TRANSFORMATION

for the lady who has thin hair cannot be equalled. All Our Goods are noted for their superior workmanship, exclusive styles, and fine quality of hair.

ANY STYLE WILL BE GLADLY DEMONSTRATED FREE.

OF INTEREST TO THE BALD MAN.

You are invited to call on us for a FREE Demonstration of our famous

"Dorenwend Sanitary Patent Toupee"



The only Sanitary and perfectly constructed toupee made. Indestructible, light in weight, strong, perfectly ventilated. Worn and endorsed by physicians and medical men. They are made in any style, shapes or shades.

Do not fail to call and see them

THE DOREN WEND CO. of Toronto, Ltd
The House of Quality Hair-Goods.
108-106 Yonge St. Toronto, Ont.

REMOVAL SALE!

Special Private Sale

to continue the clearance of our stock of

Watches, Rings, Jewellery,

and whatever else is left.

All must go to make room for a complete new stock in our new premises, next door to Wallace's Drug Store.

Prices are Slaughtered.

Call and see for yourself.

F. Chinneck's Jewelry Store

Open every evening until we move, the end of next week.